2020

Municipal Codebook of Ordinances

CITY OF STOCKPORT, IOWA Municipal Codebook of Ordinances

Adopted September 2nd, 2020

City of Stockport, Iowa

2020

Municipal Codebook Of Ordinances

CODEBOOK

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TITLE I GENERAL PROVISIONS

CHAPTER 1 GENERAL PROVISIONS

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- Permitting

1-1-6 Severability

1-1-1 DEFINITIONS

The following words and phrases whenever used in the Ordinances of the City, shall be construed as defined in this section unless, from the context, a different meaning is intended or unless different meaning is specifically defined and more particularly directed to the use of such words or phrases:

- "Building" means any man-made structure permanently affixed to the ground. •
- "City" means the City of Stockport, Iowa, or the area within the territorial limits of the City, and ٠ such territory outside of the City over which the City has jurisdiction or control by virtue of any constitutional or statutory provision;
- "Clerk" means Clerk-Treasurer. •
- "Computation of time" means the time within which an act is to be done. It shall be computed by ٠ excluding the first day and including the last day; and if the last day is Sunday or a legal holiday, that day shall be excluded;
- "Council" means the City Council of the City. All its members or all Council persons mean the • total number of Council persons provided by the City charter under the general laws of the state;
- "County" means the County of Van Buren Iowa;
- "Fiscal Year" means July 1 to June 30. ٠
- "Law" denotes applicable federal law, the Constitution and statutes of the State of Iowa, the • Ordinances of the City; and when appropriate, any and all rules and regulations which may be promulgated thereunder;
- "May" confers a power; •
- "Month" means a calendar month:
- "Must" states a requirement;

- "Oath" shall be construed to include an affirmative or declaration in all cases in which, by law, an affirmation may be substituted for an oath, and in such cases the words "affirm" and "affirmed" shall be equivalent to the words "swear" and "sworn";
- "Or" may be read "and" and "and" may be read "or" if the sense requires it;
- "Ordinance" means a law of the City; however, an administrative action, order or directive, may be in the form of a resolution;
- "Owner" applied to a building or land includes any part owner, joint owner, tenant in common, joint tenant or tenant by the entirety, or the whole or part of such building or land;
- "Person" means natural person, any other legal entity recognized by the State, or the manager, lessee, agent, servant, officer, or employee of any of them;
- "Personal property" includes money, goods, chattels, things in action and evidences of debt;
- "Preceding" and "following" mean next before and next after, respectively;
- "Property" includes real and personal property;
- "Real property" includes any interest in land;
- "Shall" imposes a duty;
- "Sidewalk" means that portion of a street between the curb line and the adjacent property line intended for the use of pedestrians;
- "State" means the State of Iowa;
- "Street" includes all streets, highways, avenues, lanes, alleys, courts, places, squares, curbs, or other public ways in this City which have been or may hereafter be dedicated and open to public use, or such other public property so designated in any law of this state;
- "Tenant" and "occupant" applied to a building or land, includes any person who occupies whole or a part of such building or land, whether alone or with others;
- "Title of Office". Use of the title of any officer, employee, board or commission means that officer, employee, department, board or commission of the City;

- "Writing" and "Written" include printed, typewritten, or electronically transmitted such as facsimile or electronic mail;
- "Year" means a calendar year;
- All words and phrases shall be construed and understood according to the common and approved usage of the language; but technical words and phrases and such other as may have acquired a peculiar and appropriate meaning in the law shall be construed and understood according to such peculiar and appropriate meaning;
- When an act is required by an Ordinance the same being such that it may be done as well by an agent as by the principal, such requirement shall be construed as to include all such acts performed by an authorized agent.

1-1-2 GRAMMATICAL INTERPRETATION

The following grammatical rules shall apply in the Ordinances of the City;

- 1. Gender. Any gender includes the other gender;
- 2. **Singular and Plural**. The singular number includes the plural and the plural includes the singular;
- 3. Tenses. Words used in the present tense include the past and the future tenses and vice versa;
- 4. Use of Words and Phrases. Words and phrases not specifically defined shall be construed according to the content and approved usage of the language.

1-1-3 PROHIBITED ACTS INCLUDE CAUSING, PERMITTING

Whenever in this Code any act or omission is made unlawful, it includes causing, allowing, permitting, aiding, abetting, suffering, or concealing the fact of such act or omission. A principal is responsible for the unauthorized acts or omissions committed by an agent or employee which have been authorized by the principal.

1-1-4 CONSTRUCTION

The provisions of this Code are to be construed with a view to affect its objects and to promote justice.

1-1-5 AMENDMENT

All Ordinances of the City Council passed thereafter shall be in the form of an addition or amendment to the *Stockport* Municipal Code of 2015 constituting this Municipal Code, and shall include proper references to chapter and section to maintain the orderly codification of the Ordinances.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.2)

1-1-6 SEVERABILITY

If any section, provision or part of the City Code or any subsequent ordinance is adjudged invalid or unconstitutional, such adjudication will not affect the validity of the City Code as a whole or any section provision, or part thereof not adjudged invalid or unconstitutional.

TITLE I GENERAL PROVISIONS

CHAPTER 2 RIGHT OF ENTRY

1-2-1 Right Of Entry

1-2-1 RIGHT OF ENTRY

Whenever necessary to make an inspection to enforce any Ordinance, or whenever there is reasonable cause to believe that there exists an Ordinance violation in any building or upon any premises within the jurisdiction of the City, any authorized official of the City, may, upon presentation of proper credentials, enter such building or premises at all reasonable times to inspect the same and to perform any duty imposed upon such official by Ordinance; provided that, except in emergency situations, such official shall first give the owner and/or occupant, if they can be located after reasonable effort, twenty-four hour written notice of the authorized official's intention to inspect. In the event the owner and/or occupant refuses entry, the official is empowered to seek assistance from any court of competent jurisdiction in obtaining such entry.

RIGHT OF ENTRY 1-2

TITLE I GENERAL PROVISIONS

CHAPTER 3 PENALTY

1-3-1 General Penalty

1-3-2 Civil Penalty - Municipal Infraction 1-3-3 Scheduled Fines

1-3-1 GENERAL PENALTY

The doing of any act prohibited or declared to be unlawful, an offense, or a misdemeanor by the City Code or any Ordinance or Code herein adopted by reference, or the omission or failure to perform any act or duty required by this City Code or any Ordinance or Code or any Ordinance or Code herein adopted by reference is, unless another penalty is specified, punishable in accordance with Iowa Code Section 903.1(1)(a).

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 903.1(1)(a))

1-3-2 CIVIL PENALTY - MUNICIPAL INFRACTION

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.22)

- 1. **Definitions**.
 - a. <u>Municipal Infraction</u>. Except those provisions specifically provided under state law as a felony, an aggravated misdemeanor, or a serious misdemeanor or a simple misdemeanor under Chapters 687 through 747 of the Iowa Code, the doing of any act prohibited or declared to be unlawful, an offense or a misdemeanor by the Code of Ordinances City of *Stockport* or any Ordinance or Code herein adopted by reference, or omission or failure to perform any act or duty required by the Code of Ordinances City of *Stockport*, or any Ordinance or Code herein adopted by reference, is a "municipal infraction" and is punishable by civil penalty as provided herein.
 - b. <u>Officer</u>. The term "officer" shall mean any employee or official authorized to enforce the Code of Ordinances of the City of *Stockport*.
 - c. <u>Repeat offense</u>. The term "repeat offense" shall mean a recurring violation of the same section of the Code of Ordinances.

2. Violations, Penalties, and Alternative Relief.

a. A municipal infraction is punishable by a civil penalty as provided in the following schedule, unless a specific schedule of civil penalties is provided for specific offenses elsewhere in this Code.

Schedule of Civil Penalties

First offense--Not more than seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750.00).

Second Offense--Not more than eight hundred seventy-five dollars (\$875.00).

All other repeat offenses--Not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00).

- b. Each day that a violation occurs or is permitted to exist by the violator constitutes a separate offense.
- c. Seeking a civil penalty as authorized in this chapter does not preclude the City from seeking alternative relief from the court in the same action.

3. Civil Citations.

- a. Any officer authorized by the City to enforce the Code of Ordinances may issue a civil citation to a person who commits a municipal infraction.
- b. The citation may be served by personal service, substituted service, or by certified mail, return receipt requested, or by publication as provided in the Iowa Rules of Civil Procedure.
- c. The original of the citation shall be sent to the Clerk of the district court. If the infraction involves real property a copy of the citation shall be filed with the county treasurer. $\{(364.22(4A(b))\} (SF 434)\}$
- d. The citation shall serve as notification that a civil offense has been committed and shall contain the following information:
 - 1) The name and address of the defendant.
 - 2) The name or description of the infraction attested to by the officer issuing the citation.
 - 3) The location and time of the infraction.
 - 4) The amount of civil penalty to be assessed or the alternative relief sought, or both.
 - 5) The manner, location, and time in which the penalty may be paid.
 - 6) The time and place of court appearance.
 - 7) The penalty for failure to appear in court.
 - 8) The legal description of the affected property, if applicable.

1-3-3 SCHEDULED FINES

The scheduled fine for a violation of any provision of the City Code shall be in accordance with State Code Chapter 805 unless another scheduled amount is provided in the City Code or Iowa Code.

PENALTY 1-3

TITLE I GENERAL PROVISIONS

CHAPTER 4 PROCEDURE FOR HEARINGS BY THE CITY COUNCIL

- 1-4-1 Purpose and Intent
- 1-4-2 General

- 1-4-4 Subpoenas1-4-5 Conduct of Hearing
- 1-4-6 Method and Form of Decision

1-4-1 PURPOSE AND INTENT

1-4-3 Form of Notice of Hearing

- 1. It is the purpose of this article to establish an orderly, efficient, and expeditious process for evidentiary hearings before the City Council.
- 2. The provisions of this article shall apply to a proceeding required by constitution, statute or Ordinance to be determined by the City Council after an opportunity for an evidentiary hearing.

1-4-2 GENERAL

- 1. **Record**. A record of the entire proceedings shall be made by tape recording or by any other means of permanent recording determined to be appropriate by the City Council.
- 2. **Reporting**. The proceedings at the hearing may also be reported by a court reporter at the expense of any party.
- 3. Continuances. The City Council may grant continuances for good cause shown.
- 4. **Oaths, certification**. The City Council or any member thereof has the power to administer oaths and affirmations.
- 5. **Reasonable dispatch**. The City Council and its representatives shall proceed with reasonable dispatch to conclude any matter before it. Due regard shall be shown for the convenience and necessity of any parties or their representatives.

1-4-3 FORM OF NOTICE OF HEARING.

The notice to parties shall be substantially in the following form, but may include other information:

"You are hereby notified that an evidentiary hearing will be held before the _____ City Council at _____ on the _____ day of _____, 20___, at the hour _____, upon the notice and order served upon you. You may be present at the hearing. You may be, but need not be, represented by counsel. You may present any relevant evidence and will be given full opportunity to cross-examine all witnesses testifying against you. You may request the issuance of subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, documents or other things by filing an affidavit therefor with the City Clerk."

1-4-4 SUBPOENAS

Filing of affidavit. The City Council may issue a subpoena for the attendance of witnesses or the production of other evidence at a hearing upon the request of a member of the City Council or upon the written demand of any party. The issuance and service of such subpoena shall be obtained upon the filing of an affidavit therefor which states the name and address of the proposed witness; specifies the exact things sought to be produced and the materiality thereof in detail to the issues involved; and states that the witness has the desired things in the witness's possession or under the witness's control. A subpoena need not be issued when the affidavit is defective in any particular.

1-4-5 CONDUCT OF HEARING

- 1. **Rules**. Hearings need not be conducted according to the technical rules relating to evidence and witnesses.
- 2. Oral evidence. Oral evidence shall be taken only on oath or affirmation.
- 3. **Hearsay evidence**. Hearsay evidence may be used for the purpose of supplementing or explaining any direct evidence, but shall not be sufficient in itself to support a finding unless it would be admissible over objection in civil actions in courts of competent jurisdiction in this state.
- 4. Admissibility of evidence. Any relevant evidence shall be admitted if it is the type of evidence on which responsible persons are accustomed to rely upon in the conduct of serious affairs, regardless of the existence of any common law or statutory rule which might make improper the admission of such evidence over objection in civil actions in courts of competent jurisdiction in this state.
- 5. Exclusion of evidence. Irrelevant and unduly repetitious evidence shall be excluded.
- 6. Rights of parties. Each party shall have these rights, among others:
 - a. To call and examine witnesses on any matter relevant to the issues of the hearing;
 - b. To introduce documentary and physical evidence;
 - c. To cross-examine opposing witnesses on any matter relevant to the issues of the hearing;
 - d. To impeach any witness regardless of which party first called the witness to testify;
 - e. To rebut the evidence against the party; and

f. To self-representation or to be represented by anyone of the party's choice who is lawfully permitted to do so.

7. Official notice.

- a. <u>What may be noticed</u>. In reaching a decision, official notice may be taken, either before or after submission of the case for decision, of any fact which may be judicially noticed by the courts of this state or of official records of the City or its departments and Ordinances of the City.
- b. <u>Parties to be notified</u>. Parties present at the hearing shall be informed of the matters to be noticed, and these matters shall be noted in the record, referred to therein, or appended thereto.
- c. <u>Opportunity to refute</u>. Parties present at the hearing shall be given a reasonable opportunity, on request, to refute the officially noticed matters by evidence or by written or oral presentation of authority, the manner of such refutation to be determined by the City Council.

8. **Inspection of the premises**. The City Council may inspect any building or premises involved in the appeal during the course of the hearing, provided that:

- a. Notice of such inspection shall be given to the parties before the inspection is made;
- b. The parties are given an opportunity to be present during the inspection; and
- c. The City Council shall state for the record, upon completion of the inspection, the material facts observed and the conclusions drawn therefrom. Each party then shall have a right to rebut or explain the matters so stated by the City Council.

1-4-6 METHOD AND FORM OF DECISION

- 1. **Hearings before the city council**. Where a contested case is heard before the City Council, no member thereof who did not hear the evidence or alternatively has not read or listened to the entire record of the proceedings shall vote on or take part in the decision. The City Council may designate a member or members to preside over the receipt of evidence. Such member or members shall prepare findings of fact for the City Council.
- 2. **Form of decision**. The decision shall be in writing and shall contain findings of fact, a determination of the issues presented, and the requirements to be complied with. A copy of the decision shall be delivered to the parties personally or sent to them by certified mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested.
- 3. Effective date of decision. The effective date of the decision shall be stated therein.

PROCEDURE FOR HEARINGS 1-4

TITLE II POLICY AND ADMINISTRATION

CHAPTER 1 CITY CHARTER

- 2-1-1 Charter
- 2-1-2 Form of Government
- 2-1-3 Powers and Duties

- 2-1-4 Number and Term of City
 - Council
- 2-1-5 Term of Mayor
- 2-1-6 Copies on File

2-1-1 CHARTER

This Chapter may be cited as the Charter of the City of Stockport, Iowa.

2-1-2 FORM OF GOVERNMENT

The form of government of the City of *Stockport*, Iowa, is the Mayor-Council form of government.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.4)

2-1-3 POWERS AND DUTIES

The City Council and Mayor and other City officers have such powers and shall perform such duties as are authorized or required by state law and by the Ordinances, resolutions, rules and regulations of the City of *Stockport*, Iowa.

2-1-4 NUMBER AND TERM OF CITY COUNCIL

The City Council consists of five City Council members elected at large, elected for terms of four years.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.4) (Code of Iowa, Sec. 376.2)

2-1-5 TERM OF MAYOR

The Mayor is elected for a term of two years.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.4) (Code of Iowa, Sec. 376.2)

2-1-6 COPIES ON FILE

The City Clerk shall keep an official copy of the charter on file with the official records of the City Clerk, shall immediately file a copy with the Secretary of State of Iowa, and shall keep copies of the charter available at the City Clerk's office for public inspection.

CITY CHARTER 2-1

TITLE II POLICY AND ADMINISTRATION

CHAPTER 2 APPOINTMENT AND QUALIFICATIONS OF MUNICIPAL OFFICERS

- 2-2-1 Creation of Appointive Officers
- 2-2-2 Appointments of Officers
- 2-2-3 Terms of Appointive Officers
- 2-2-4 Vacancies in Offices

- 2-2-5 Bonds Required
- 2-2-6 Surety
- 2-2-7 Blanket Position Bond
- 2-2-8 Bonds Filed
- 2-2-9 Boards and Commissions

2-2-1 CREATION OF APPOINTIVE OFFICERS

There are hereby created the following appointive officers: Clerk, Attorney, and the Superintendent of Public Works.

2-2-2 APPOINTMENT OF OFFICERS

The Mayor shall appoint a Mayor Pro Tempore.

All other officers shall be appointed or selected by the City Council unless otherwise provided by law or Ordinance.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.4(2))

2-2-3 TERMS OF APPOINTIVE OFFICERS

The terms of all appointive officers that are not otherwise fixed by law or Ordinance shall be two (2) years.

2-2-4 VACANCIES IN OFFICES

Vacancies in appointive office shall be filled in accordance with State law.

2-2-5 BONDS REQUIRED

Each municipal officer required by law or Ordinance to be bonded shall, before entering upon the duties of the office, execute to the City a good and sufficient bond, to be approved by the City Council, conditioned on the faithful performance of the duties and the proper handling and accounting for the money and property of the City in the official's charge unless the City Council shall have provided for a blanket position surety bond.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 64.13)

2-2-6 SURETY

Any association or corporation which makes a business of insuring the fidelity of others and which has authority to do such business within Iowa shall be accepted as surety on any of the bonds.

2-2-7 BLANKET POSITION BOND

The City Council shall provide for a blanket position bond to cover all officers and employees of the City, but the City Council may provide by resolution for a surety bond for any other officer or employee that the City Council deems necessary. The City shall pay the premium on any official bond.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 64.13)

2-2-8 BONDS FILED

All bonds when duly executed shall be filed with the Clerk, except that the Clerk's bond shall be filed with the Mayor.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 64.23)

2-2-9 BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS

- Membership and Selections. Membership and selections of members of boards and commissions shall be as specified in this Chapter or the Code of Iowa. Any committee, board, or commission so established shall cease to exist upon the accomplishment of the special purpose for which it was created, or when abolished by a majority vote of the City Council or as specified in the Code of Iowa.
- 2. Residency Requirement: No person shall be appointed or reappointed to a committee, board, or commission or ad hoc committee created by such committee, board, or commission or ad hoc committee created by such committee, board, or commission unless such person is, at the time of such appointment or reappointment, a resident of the City, and any person so appointed or reappointed shall maintain such residency during the term of the appointment or reappointment. Any member of a committee, board, or commission or ad hoc committee created by such committee, board, or commission or ad hoc committee created by such committee, board, or commission or ad hoc committee created by such committee, board, or commission who fails to maintain such residency shall be deemed removed as of the date of such change of residency, any provision in this Code to the contrary notwithstanding.
- 3. Removal of Members of Boards and Commission: The City Council may remove any member of any board or commission, which it has established.
- 4. Gender Balance: Boards and commissions shall be gender balanced in accordance with Section 69.16A (Iowa Code).

TITLE II POLICY AND ADMINISTRATION

CHAPTER 3 POWERS AND DUTIES OF MUNICIPAL OFFICERS

- 2-3-1 General Duties
- 2-3-2 Books and Records
- 2-3-3 Deposits of Municipal Funds
- 2-3-4 Transfer of Records and Property To Successor
- 2-3-5 Powers and Duties of the Mayor
- **2-3-6** Powers and Duties of the Clerk

2-3-1 GENERAL DUTIES

- 2-3-7 Powers and Duties of the City Attorney
- 2-3-8 Powers and Duties of the Superintendent of Public Works

Each municipal officer shall exercise the powers and perform the duties prescribed by law and Ordinance, or as otherwise directed by the City Council unless contrary to State law or City charter.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

2-3-2 BOOKS AND RECORDS

All books and records required to be kept by law or Ordinance shall be open to inspection by the public upon request, except records required to be confidential by state or federal law.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 22.1, 22.2, and 22.7)

2-3-3 DEPOSITS OF MUNICIPAL FUNDS

Prior to the fifth day of each month, each office or department shall deposit all funds collected on behalf of the municipality during the preceding month. The officer responsible for the deposit of funds shall take such funds to the City Clerk, together with receipts indicating the sources of the funds. Funds are deposited by the City Clerk daily, or as needed. Each month must be deposited before the last business day of the month.

2-3-4 TRANSFER OF RECORDS AND PROPERTY TO SUCCESSOR

Each officer shall transfer to the official's successor in office all books, papers, records, documents and property, together with an invoice of the same, in the official's custody and appertaining to the official's office.

2-3-5 POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE MAYOR

The duties of the Mayor shall be as follows:

1. The Mayor shall supervise all departments of the City and give direction to department heads concerning the functions of the departments. The Mayor shall have the power to examine all functions of the municipal departments, their records, and to call for special reports from department heads at any time.

(Code of Iowa, Section 372.14(1))

- The Mayor shall act as presiding officer at all regular and special City Council meetings. The Mayor pro tem shall serve in this capacity in the Mayor's absence. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.14(1) and (3))
- 3. The Mayor may veto an ordinance, amendment, or resolution within fourteen days after passage. The Mayor shall explain the reasons for the veto in a written message to the City Council at the time of the veto. Within thirty days after the mayor's veto, the City Council may pass the measure again by a vote to not less than two-thirds of all of the members of the City Council. If the Mayor vetoes an ordinance, amendment, or resolution and the City Council repasses the measure after the Mayor's veto, a resolution becomes effective immediately upon repassage, and an ordinance or amendment becomes a law when the Ordinance or a summary of the ordinance is published, unless a subsequent effective date is provided within the Ordinance or amendment.

If the Mayor takes no action on an Ordinance, amendment, or resolution, a resolution becomes effective fourteen (14) days after the date of passage and an Ordinance or amendment becomes a law when the ordinance or a summary of the Ordinance is published, but not sooner than fourteen (14) days after the date of passage, unless a subsequent effective date is provided within the Ordinance or amendment. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.6)

- 4. The Mayor shall represent the City in all negotiations properly entered into in accordance with law or Ordinance. The Mayor shall not represent the City where this duty is specifically delegated to another officer by law or Ordinance.
- 5. The Mayor shall, whenever authorized by the City Council, sign all contracts on behalf of the City.
- 6. The Mayor shall call special meetings of the City Council when the Mayor deems such meetings necessary to the interests of the City.
- 7. The Mayor shall make such oral or written reports to the City Council at the first meeting of every month as referred. These reports shall concern municipal affairs generally, the municipal departments, and recommendations suitable for City Council action.

- 8. Immediately after taking office the Mayor shall designate one member of the City Council as Mayor pro tempore. The Mayor pro tempore shall be vice-president of the City Council. Except for the limitations otherwise provided herein, the Mayor pro tempore shall perform the duties of the Mayor in cases of absence or inability of the Mayor to perform the duties of the office. In the exercise of the duties of the office the Mayor pro tempore shall not have power to appoint, employ or discharge from employment officers or employees without the approval of the City Council. The Mayor pro tempore shall have the right to vote as a member of the City Council. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.14(3))
- 9. The Mayor shall, upon order of the City Council, secure for the City such specialized and professional services not already available to the City. In executing the order of the City Council the Mayor shall conduct said duties in accordance with the City Ordinance and the laws of the State of Iowa.
- 10. The Mayor shall sign all licenses and permits which have been granted by the City Council, except those designated by law or Ordinance to be issued by another municipal officer.
- 11. Upon authorization of the City Council, the Mayor shall revoke permits or licenses granted by the City Council when their terms, the Ordinances of the City, or the laws of the State of Iowa are violated by holders of said permits or licenses.
- 12. The Mayor shall order to be removed, at public expense, any nuisance for which no person can be found responsible and liable. This order shall be in writing. The order to remove said nuisances shall be carried out by the Police Chief.

2-3-6 POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE CLERK

The duties of the Clerk shall be as follows:

1. The Clerk shall attend all regular and special City Council meetings and prepare and publish a condensed statement of the proceedings thereof, to include the total expenditure from each City fund, within fifteen (15) days of the City Council meeting. The statement shall further include a list of all claims allowed, a summary of all receipts and the gross amount of the claims.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4) and (6))

2. The Clerk shall record each measure taken by the City Council, stating where applicable whether the Mayor signed, vetoed, or took no action on the measure and what action the City Council made upon the Mayor's veto.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.7(1))

3. The Clerk shall cause to be published either the entire text or a summary of all Ordinances and amendments enacted by the City. "Summary" shall mean a narrative description of the terms and conditions of an Ordinance setting forth the main points of

the Ordinance in a manner calculated to inform the public in a clear and understandable manner the meaning of the Ordinance and which shall provide the public with sufficient notice to conform to the desired conduct required by the Ordinance. The description shall include the title of the Ordinance, an accurate and intelligible abstract or synopsis of the essential elements of the Ordinance, a statement that the description is a summary, the location and the normal business hours of the office where the Ordinance may be inspected, when the Ordinance becomes effective, and the full text of any provisions imposing fines, penalties, forfeitures, fees, or taxes. Legal descriptions of property set forth in Ordinances shall be described in full, provided that maps or charts may be substituted for legal descriptions when they contain sufficient detail to clearly define the area with which the Ordinance is concerned. The narrative description shall be written in a clear and coherent manner and shall, to the extent possible, avoid the use of technical or legal terms not generally familiar to the public. When necessary to use technical or legal terms not generally familiar to the public, the narrative description shall include definitions of those terms.

The Clerk shall authenticate all such measures except motions with said Clerk's signature, certifying the time and place of publication when required.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.7(1) and (2))

4. The Clerk shall maintain copies of all effective City Ordinances and codes for public review.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.7(4))

5. The Clerk shall publish notice of public hearings, elections and other official actions as required by State and City law.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 362.3)

6. The Clerk shall certify all measures establishing any zoning district, building lines, or fire limits, and a plat showing each district, lines or limits to the recorder of the county containing the affected parts of the City.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.11)

- 7. The Clerk shall be the chief accounting officer of the City.
- The Clerk shall keep separate accounts for every appropriation, department, public improvement or undertaking, and for every public utility owned or operated by the City. Each account shall be kept in the manner required by law. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.20)
- Following City Council adoption for the budget, the Clerk shall certify the necessary tax levy for the following year to the County Auditor and the County Board of Supervisors. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.16(5))

- 10. The Clerk shall report to the City Council at the first meeting of each month the status of each municipal account as of the end of the previous month.
- 11. The Clerk shall balance all funds with the bank statement at the end of each month.
- The Clerk shall prepare the annual public report, publish it, and send a certified copy to the State Auditor and other State officers as required by law.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.22)

- 13. The Clerk shall maintain all City records as required by law. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(3) and (5))
- 14. The Clerk shall have custody and be responsible for the safekeeping of all writings or documents in which the municipality is a party in interest unless otherwise specifically directed by law or Ordinance.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

- 15. The Clerk shall file and preserve all receipts, vouchers, and other documents kept, or that may be required to be kept, necessary to prove the validity of every transaction and the identity of every person having any beneficial relation thereto.
- 16. The Clerk shall furnish upon request to any municipal officer a copy of any record, paper or public document under the Clerk's control when it may be necessary to such officer in the discharge of the Clerk's duty. The Clerk shall furnish a copy to any citizen when requested upon payment of the fee set by City Council resolution. The Clerk shall, under the direction of the Mayor or other authorized officer, affix the seal of the corporation to those public documents or instruments which by Ordinance are required to be attested by the affixing of the seal.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.7(4), Sec. 22.2 and 22.7)

17. The Clerk shall attend all meetings of committees, boards and commissions of the City. The Clerk shall record and preserve a correct record of the proceedings of such meetings.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

- The Clerk shall keep and file all communications and petitions directed to the City Council or to the City generally. The Clerk shall endorse thereon the action of the City Council taken upon matters considered in such communications and petitions. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))
- 19. The Clerk shall issue all licenses and permits approved by the City Council, and keep a record of licenses and permits issued which shall show a date of issuance, license or permit number, official receipt number, name of person to whom issued, term of license or permit, and purpose for which issued.

20. The Clerk shall inform all persons appointed by the Mayor or City Council to offices in the municipal government of their position and the time at which they shall assume the duties of their office.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

- 21. The Clerk shall preserve a complete record of every City election, regular or special and perform duties required by law or Ordinance of the City Clerk in regard to elections. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 376.4)
- 22. The Clerk shall draw all warrants/checks for the City upon the vote of the City Council.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

23. The Clerk shall show on every warrant/check the fund on which it is drawn and the claim to be paid.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

24. The Clerk shall keep a warrant/check record in a form approved by the City Council, showing the number, date, amount, payee's name, upon what fund drawn, and for what claim each warrant/check is issued.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

25. The Clerk shall bill and collect all charges, rents or fees due the City for utility and other services, and give a receipt therefor.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

26. Annually, the Clerk shall prepare and submit to the City Council an itemized budget of revenues and expenditures.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.16)

- 27. The Clerk shall keep the record of each fund separate.(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4) and 384.85)
- 28. The Clerk shall keep an accurate record for all money or securities received by the Clerk on behalf of the municipality and specify date, from whom, and for what purposes received.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

29. The Clerk shall prepare a receipt in duplicate for all funds received. The Clerk shall give the original to the party delivering the funds, and retain the duplicate.

30. The Clerk shall keep a separate account of all money received by the Clerk for special assessments.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

• The Clerk shall, immediately upon receipt of monies to be held in the Clerk's custody and belonging to the City, deposit the same in banks selected by the City Council in amounts not exceeding monetary limits authorized by the City Council.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

2-3-7 POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE CITY ATTORNEY

The duties of the City Attorney shall be as follows:

- 1. Upon request, the City Attorney shall attend regular meetings of the City Council and attend those special meetings of the City Council at which the City Attorney is required to be present.
- 2. The City Attorney shall, upon request, formulate drafts for contracts, forms and other writings which may be required for the use of the City.
- 3. The City Attorney shall keep in proper files a record of all official opinions and a docket or register of all actions prosecuted and defined by the City Attorney accompanied by all proceedings relating to said actions.
- 4. The City Attorney shall, upon request, give an opinion in writing upon all questions of law relating to municipal matters submitted by the City Council, the Mayor, members of the City Council individually, municipal boards or the head of any municipal department.
- 5. The City Attorney shall prepare those Ordinances when the City Council may desire and direct to be prepared and report to the City Council upon all Ordinances before their final passage by the City Council and publication.
- 6. The City Attorney shall act as Attorney for the City in all matters affecting the City's interest and appear on behalf of the City before any court, tribunal, commission or board. The City Attorney shall prosecute or defend all actions and proceedings when so requested by the Mayor or City Council.
- 7. The City Attorney shall, however, if directed by the City Council, appear to defend any municipal officer or employee in any cause of action arising out of or in the course of the performance of the duties of his or her office or employment.
- 8. The City Attorney shall sign the name of the City to all appeal bonds and to all other bonds or papers of any kind that may be essential to the prosecution of any cause in court, and when so signed the City shall be bound upon the same.

- 9. When directed or requested, the City Attorney shall make a written report to the City Council and interested department heads of the defects in all contracts, documents, authorized power of any City officer, and Ordinances submitted to said City Attorney or coming under said City Attorney's notice.
- 10. The City Attorney shall, upon request, after due examination, offer a written opinion on and recommend alterations pertaining to contracts involving the City before they become binding upon the City or are published.

2-3-8 POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

The duties of the Superintendent of Public Works shall be as follows:

- 1. The Superintendent shall supervise the installation of all storm sewers in the City in accordance with the regulations of the department of public works pertaining to the installation of storm sewers.
- 2. The Superintendent shall supervise maintenance and repair of sidewalks, alleys, bridges, and streets and keep them in a reasonably safe condition for travelers. The Superintendent shall immediately investigate all complaints of the existence of dangerous or impassable conditions of any sidewalk, street, alley, bridge, underpass or overpass, or other city property, and is charged with the duty of correcting unsafe defects.
- 3. The Superintendent shall, whenever snow or ice imperil travel upon streets and alleys, be in charge of removing said snow and ice from the streets and alleys in the City and shall do whatever else is necessary and reasonable to make travel upon streets and alleys of the City safe.
- 4. The Superintendent shall compile and maintain written records of the purchases, accomplishments, disposition of equipment and manpower, an up-to-date inventory, and activities contemplated by the street department. The Superintendent shall make monthly oral and written reports of the activities of the department to the Mayor on or before the first day of each month.
- 5. The Superintendent shall perform all other duties of a public works nature which are not specifically assigned to other municipal officials or employees.

TITLE II POLICY AND ADMINISTRATION

CHAPTER 4 SALARIES OF MUNICIPAL OFFICERS

- 2-4-1 Council Member
- 2-4-2 Mayor

- 2-4-3 Mayor Pro Tem
- 2-4-4 Other Officers
- 2-4-5 Reimbursement of Expenses

2-4-1 COUNCIL MEMBER

The salaries of each City Council member shall be \$20.00 for each meeting, seminar, and/or schools deemed necessary to city government.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(8))

2-4-2 MAYOR

The Mayor shall receive an annual salary of \$1,200.00 to be paid in equal monthly installments. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(8))

2-4-3 MAYOR PRO TEM

If the Mayor Pro Tem performs the duties of the Mayor during the Mayor's absence or disability for a continuous period of fifteen (15) days or more, the Mayor Pro Tem may be paid for that period the compensation determined by the City Council, based upon the Mayor Pro Tem's performance of the Mayor's duties and upon the compensation of the Mayor.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(8))

2-4-4 OTHER OFFICERS

The compensation of all other officers and employees shall be set by resolution of City Council. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

2-4-5 REIMBURSEMENT OF EXPENSES

Council members, the Mayor, and city employees shall be reimbursed for personal expenses incurred when attending meetings, seminars, and/or schools deemed necessary to city government.

SALARIES OF MUNICIPAL OFFICERS 2-4

TITLE II POLICY AND ADMINISTRATION

CHAPTER 5 CITY FINANCE

- 2-5-1 Budget Adoption
- 2-5-2 Budget Amendment
- 2-5-4 Accounts And Programs
- 2-5-5 Annual Report
- 2-5-6 Council Transfers

- 2-5-8 Budget Officer
- 2-5-9 Expenditures
- 2-5-10 Authorizations To Expend
- 2-5-11 Accounting
- 2-5-12 Budget Accounts
- 2-5-13 Contingency Accounts

2-5-1 BUDGET ADOPTION

Annually, the City shall prepare and adopt a budget, and shall certify taxes as follows: (Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.16)

- 1. A budget shall be prepared for at least the following fiscal year. When required by rules of the State City Finance Committee, a tentative budget shall be prepared for one or two ensuing years. The proposed budget shall show estimates of the following:
 - a. Expenditures for each program.
 - b. Income from sources other than property taxation.
 - c. Amount to be raised by property taxation, and the property tax rate expressed in dollars per one thousand dollars valuation.

The budget shall show comparisons between the estimated expenditures in each program in the following year and the actual or re-estimated expenditures in each program during the two preceding years. Wherever practicable, as provided in rules of the State City Finance Committee, a budget shall show comparisons between the levels of service provided by each program as estimated for the following year, and actual levels of service provided by each program during the two preceding years.

2. Not less than twenty (20) days before the date that the budget must be certified to the County Auditor and not less than ten days before the date set for hearing, the Clerk shall provide a sufficient number of copies of the budget to meet reasonable demands of taxpayers, and have them available for distribution at the offices of the Mayor and Clerk and at the City library, if any, or at three places designated by Ordinance for posting notices.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.16(2))

3. The City Council shall set a time and place for public hearing on the budget before the final certification date and shall publish notice before the hearing as provided by Iowa law. Proof of publication shall be filed with the County Auditor.

- 4. At the hearing, any resident or taxpayer of the City may present to the City Council objections to any part of the budget for the following fiscal year or arguments in favor of any part of the budget.
- 5. After the hearing, the City Council shall adopt a budget for at least the following fiscal year, and the Clerk shall certify the necessary tax levy for the following year to the County Auditor and the County Board of Supervisors. The tax levy certified may be less than but not more than the amount estimated in the proposed budget, unless an additional tax levy is approved at a City election. Two copies of the complete budget as adopted shall be transmitted to the County Auditor.

2-5-2 BUDGET AMENDMENT

The City budget as finally adopted for the following fiscal year becomes effective July first and constitutes the City appropriation for each program and purpose specified therein until amended. The City budget for the current fiscal year may be amended for any of the following purposes:

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.18)

- 1. To permit the appropriation and expenditures of unexpended, unencumbered cash balances on hand at the end of the preceding fiscal year which had not been anticipated in the budget.
- 2. To permit the appropriation and expenditure of amounts anticipated to be available from sources other than property taxation, and which had not been anticipated in the budget.
- 3. To permit transfers from the debt service fund, the capital improvements reserve fund, the emergency fund, or other funds established by State law, to any other City fund, unless specifically prohibited by State law.
- 4. To permit transfers between programs within the general fund.

The budget amendment shall be prepared and adopted in the same manner as the original budget, and is subject to protest as provided in section 2-5-3 of this chapter, except that the City Finance Committee may by rule provide that amendments of certain types or up to certain amounts may be made without public hearing and without being subject to protest.

2-5-4 ACCOUNTS AND PROGRAMS

The City shall keep separate accounts corresponding to the programs and items in its adopted or amended budget, as recommended by the State City Finance Committee.

The City shall keep accounts which show an accurate and detailed statement of all public funds collected, received, or expended for any City purpose, by any City officer, employee, or other person, and which show the receipt, use, and disposition of all City property. Public monies may not be expended or encumbered except under an annual or continuing appropriation.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.20)

2-5-5 ANNUAL REPORT

Not later than December first of each year the City shall publish an annual report containing a summary for the preceding fiscal year of all collections and receipts, all accounts due the City, and all expenditures, the current public debt of the City, and the legal debt limit of the City for the current fiscal year. A copy of this report shall be furnished to the Auditor of State.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.22)

2-5-6 COUNCIL TRANSFERS

When the City Clerk determines that one or more appropriation accounts need added authorizations to meet required expenditures therein the City Clerk shall inform the City Council or if the City Council upon its own investigation so determines, and another account within the same programs has an appropriation in excess of foreseeable needs, or, in the case of a clear emergency or unforeseeable need, the contingency account has an unexpended appropriation which alone or with the other accounts can provide the needed appropriations, the City Council shall set forth by resolution the reductions and increases in the appropriations and the reason for such transfers. Upon the passage of the resolution and approval by the Mayor, as provided by law for resolutions, the City Clerk shall cause the transfers to be set out in full in the minutes and be included in the published proceedings of the City Council. Thereupon the Clerk, and where applicable, the City Treasurer, shall cause the appropriation to be revised upon the appropriation expenditure ledgers of the City, but in no case shall the total of the appropriation of a program be increased except for transfers from the contingency account nor shall the total appropriation for all purposes be increased except by a budget amendment made after notice and hearing as required by law for such amendments.

(IAC, Sec. 545.2.4(384,388))

2-5-8 BUDGET OFFICER

The City Clerk shall be the City Budget Officer and is responsible for preparing the budget data in cooperation with the City Council or Mayor. The City Clerk shall be responsible for carrying out the authorizations and plans in the budget as set forth in the budget, subject to City Council control and the limitations set out in this ordinance.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

2-5-9 EXPENDITURES

No expenditure shall be authorized by any City officer or employee except as herein provided. All purchases of services, supplies and equipment shall be made only after issuance of a purchase order and no invoice shall be accepted unless authorized by such an order. Purchases not exceeding ten dollars (\$10.00) (or an amount determined by City Council) may be made by those officials authorized by the City Council but only on issuance of a spot purchase order in

writing signed by the authorized officer. A copy of such spot purchase order must be delivered to the Clerk within twenty-four (24) hours, weekends, and holidays excepted. All other purchases shall be valid only if a purchase order has been given in writing and signed by the Clerk. Purchases from petty cash shall be excepted.

2-5-10 AUTHORIZATIONS TO EXPEND

All purchase orders other than those excepted herein shall be authorized by the City budget officer after determining whether the purchase, if a major item, has been authorized by the budget or other City Council approval. The Clerk shall then determine whether a purchase order may be issued by checking the availability of an appropriation sufficient to pay for such a purchase. A purchase order may be issued only if there is an appropriation sufficient for the purchase and for other anticipated or budgeted purposes. If no adequate appropriation is available for the expenditure contemplated the Clerk shall not issue a purchase order until a budget amendment to transfer of appropriation is made in accordance with power delegated by City Council and within the limits set by law and the City Council. The Clerk shall draw a warrant/check only upon an invoice received, or progress billing for a public improvement, supported by a purchase order and a signed receipt or other certification indicating the material has been delivered of the quality and in the quantities indicated or the services have been performed satisfactorily to the extent invoiced.

2-5-11 ACCOUNTING

The Clerk shall set up and maintain books of original entry to provide a chronological record of cash received and disbursed through all receipts given and warrants written, which receipts and warrants shall be pre-numbered, in accordance with modern, accepted methods, and the requirement of the state. The Clerk shall keep a general ledger controlling all cash transactions, budgetary accounts and recording unappropriated surpluses. Warrants/checks shall be signed by the City Clerk and appointed persons by the council and mayor.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.20)

2-5-12 BUDGET ACCOUNTS

The Clerk shall set up such individual accounts to record receipts by source and expenditures by program and purpose as will provide adequate information and control for budgetary purposes as planned and approved by the City Council. Each individual account shall be maintained within its proper fund as required by City Council order or State law and shall be so kept that receipts can be immediately and directly compared with specific estimates and expenditures can be related to the appropriation which authorized it. No expenditure shall be posted except to the appropriation for the function and purpose for which the expense was incurred.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.20)

2-5-13 CONTINGENCY ACCOUNTS

Whenever the City Council shall have budgeted for a contingency account the Clerk shall set up in the accounting records but the Clerk shall not charge any claim to a contingency account. Said contingency accounts may be drawn upon only by City Council resolution directing a

transfer to a specific purpose account within its fund and then only upon compelling evidence of an unexpected and unforeseeable need or emergency.

All administrative transfers shall be reported in writing at the next regular meeting of the City Council after being made and the facts set out in the minutes for the information of the Mayor and City Council.

CITY FINANCE 2-5

TITLE II POLICY AND ADMINISTRATION

CHAPTER 6 CITY ELECTIONS

- 2-6-1 Purpose
- 2-6-2 Nominating Method to be Used
- **2-6-3** Nominations by Petition
- 2-6-4 Adding Name by Petition

- 2-6-5 Preparation of Petition2-6-6 Filing, Presumption, W
- 2-6-6 Filing, Presumption, Withdrawals, Objections
- 2-6-7 Persons Elected

2-6-1 PURPOSE

The purpose of this chapter is to designate the method by which candidates for elective municipal offices in the City shall be nominated and elected.

2-6-2 NOMINATING METHOD TO BE USED

All candidates for elective municipal offices shall be nominated under the provisions of Chapter 45 of the Code of Iowa.

(Code of Iowa, Sec.376.3)

2-6-3 NOMINATIONS BY PETITION

Nominations for elective municipal offices of the City may be made by nomination paper or papers signed by not less than ten eligible electors, residents of the City.

(Code of Iowa, Sec.45.1)

2-6-4 ADDING NAME BY PETITION

The name of a candidate placed upon the ballot by any other method than by petition shall not be added by petition for the same office.

(Code of Iowa, Sec.45.2)

2-6-5 PREPARATION OF PETITION

Each eligible elector shall add to the signature the elector's residence address, and date of signing. The person whose nomination is proposed by the petition may not sign it. Before filing said petition, there shall be endorsed thereon or attached thereto an affidavit executed by the candidate, which affidavit shall contain:

- 1. **Name and Residence**. The name and residence (including street and number, if any) of said nominee, and the office to which nominated.
- 2. **Name on Ballot**. A request that the name of the nominee be printed upon the official ballot for the election.
- 3. **Eligibility**. A statement that the nominee is eligible to be a candidate for the office and if elected will qualify as such officer.
- 4. **Organization Statement**. A statement, in the form required by Iowa law, concerning the organization of the candidate's committee.

Such petition when so verified shall be known as a nomination paper. (Code of Iowa, Sec.45.5)

2-6-6 FILING, PRESUMPTION, WITHDRAWALS, OBJECTIONS

The time and place of filing nomination petitions, the presumption of validity thereof, the right of a candidate so nominated to withdraw and the effect of such withdrawal, and the right to object to the legal sufficiency of such petitions, or to the eligibility of the candidate, shall be governed by the appropriate provisions of Chapter 44 of the Code of Iowa.

2-6-7 PERSONS ELECTED

The candidates who receive the greatest number of votes for each office on the ballot are elected, to the extent necessary to fill the positions open.

TITLE II POLICY AND ADMINISTRATION

CHAPTER 7 CITY COUNCIL

2-7-1 Powers and Duties

2-7-2 Exercise of Power2-7-3 Meetings

2-7-1 POWER AND DUTIES

The powers and duties of the City Council include, but are not limited to the following:

1. **General**. All powers of the City are vested in the City Council except as otherwise provided by law or Ordinance.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.2(l))

- Wards. By ordinance, the City Council may divide the City into wards based upon population, change the boundaries of wards, eliminate wards or create new wards. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(7))
- 3. Fiscal Authority. The City Council shall apportion and appropriate all funds, and audit and allow all bills, accounts, payrolls and claims, and order payment thereof. It shall make all assessments for the cost of street improvements, sidewalks, sewers and other work, improvement or repairs which may be specially assessed. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.2(1), 384.16 & 384.38(1))
- Public Improvements. The City Council shall make all orders for the doing of work, or the making or construction of any improvements, bridges or buildings. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.2(1))

5. **Contracts**. The City Council shall make or authorize the making of all contracts, and no contract shall bind or be obligatory upon the City unless either made by ordinance or resolution adopted by the City Council, or reduced to writing and approved by the City Council, or expressly authorized by ordinance or resolution adopted by the City Council.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.2(l)) (Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.95 through 384.102)

6. **Employees**. The City Council shall authorize, by resolution, the number, duties, term of office and compensation of employees or officers not otherwise provided for by the State law or the Code of Ordinances.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

7. **Setting Compensation for Elected Officers**. By ordinance, the City Council shall prescribe the compensation of the Mayor, City Council members, and other elected City officers, but a change in the compensation of the Mayor does not become effective during the term in which the change is adopted, and the City Council shall not adopt

CITY COUNCIL 2-7

such an ordinance changing the compensation of any elected officer during the months of November and December in the year of a regular City election. A change in the compensation of City Council members becomes effective for all City Council members at the beginning of the term of the City Council members elected at the election next following the change in compensation.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(8))

2-7-2 EXERCISE OF POWER

The City Council shall exercise a power only by the passage of a motion, a resolution, an amendment, or an ordinance in the following manner:

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.3(l))

1. **Approved Action By The City Council**. Passage of an ordinance, amendment, or resolution requires an affirmative vote of not less than a majority of the City Council members. A motion to spend public funds in excess of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) on any one project, or a motion to accept public improvements and facilities upon their completion also requires an affirmative vote of not less than a majority of the

City Council members. Each Council member's vote on an ordinance, amendment or resolution must be recorded.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.4)

2. **Overriding Mayor's Veto**. Within thirty (30) days after the Mayor's veto, the City Council may re-pass the ordinance or resolution by a vote of not less than two-thirds of the City Council members, and the ordinance or resolution becomes effective upon repassage and publication.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.6(2))

- 3. **Measures Become Effective**. Measures passed by the City Council, other than motions, become effective in one of the following ways:
 - a. If the Mayor signs the measure, a resolution becomes effective immediately upon signing and an ordinance or amendment becomes a law when published, unless a subsequent effective date is provided within the measure. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.6(1))
 - b. If the Mayor vetoes a measure and the City Council repasses the measure after the Mayor's veto, a resolution becomes effective immediately upon repassage, and an ordinance or amendment becomes a law when published unless a subsequent effective date is provided with the measure. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.6(2))

If the Mayor takes no action on the measure, a resolution becomes effective fourteen (14) days after the date of passage and an ordinance or amendment becomes law when published, but not sooner than fourteen (14) days after the day of passage, unless a subsequent effective date is provided within the measure.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.6(3))

2-7-3 MEETINGS

- 1. **Regular Meetings**. The regular meetings of the City Council are on the *first Monday* of each month at *seven* o'clock (7:00) p.m. in the City Council Chambers at City Hall. If such day falls on a legal holiday or Christmas Eve, the meeting is held on such different day or time as determined by the City Council.
- 2. **Special Meetings**. Special meetings shall be held upon call of the Mayor or upon the written request of a majority of the members of the City Council submitted to the City Clerk. Notice of a special meeting shall specify the date, time, place and subject of the meeting and such notice shall be given personally or left at the usual place of residence of each member of the City Council. A record of the service of notice shall be maintained by the City Clerk.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(5))

- 3. **Quorum**. A majority of all City Council members is a quorum. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(l))
- 4. **Rules of Procedure**. The City Council shall determine its own rules and maintain records of its proceedings.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(5))

- 5. **Compelling Attendance**. Any three (3) members of the City Council can compel the attendance of the absent members at any regular, adjourned or duly called meeting, by serving a written notice upon the absent members to attend at once.
- Notice of Meetings. The Council shall give reasonable notice, as defined by State law, of the time, date and place of each meeting, and its tentative agenda. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 21.4)
- 7. **Meetings Open**. All meetings shall be held in open session unless closed sessions are held as expressly permitted by State law.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 21.3)

8. **Minutes**. Minutes shall be kept of all meetings showing the date, time and place, the members present, and the action taken at each meeting. The minutes shall show the results of each vote taken and the vote of each member present shall be made public.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 21.3)

9. **Closed Session**. A closed session may be held only by affirmative vote of either two-thirds of the Council or all of the members present at the meeting and in accordance with Chapter 21 of the Iowa Code.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 21.5)

10. Cameras and Recorders. The public may use cameras or recording devices at any open session.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 21.7)

11. **Electronic Meetings**. A meeting may be conducted by electronic means only in circumstances where such a meeting in person is impossible or impractical and then only in compliance with the provisions of Chapter 21 of the Iowa Code.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 21.8)

TITLE II POLICY AND ADMINISTRATION

CHAPTER 8 POLICE DEPARTMENT

2-8-1 Contract Law Enforcement

2-8-1 CONTRACT LAW ENFORCEMENT

In lieu of the appointment of a Police Chief by the Mayor, the City Council may contract with the County Sheriff or any other qualified lawful entity to provide law enforcement services within the City and in such event the Sheriff or such other entity shall have and exercise the powers and duties of the Police Chief as provided herein.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 28E.30)

POLICE DEPARTMENT 2-8

TITLE II POLICY AND ADMINISTRATION

CHAPTER 9 POSTING

2-9-1 Purpose

2-9-3 Removal Unlawful

2-9-2 Listing; Length of Notice

2-9-1 PURPOSE

The City of Stockport, Iowa has no newspaper published within the corporate limits of the City, and publications of notice of elections, Ordinances and amendments may be made by posting in three public places which have been permanently designated by Ordinance.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 362.3(2))

2-9-2 LISTING, LENGTH OF NOTICE

The three public places where public notice of Ordinances and other matters permitted to be posted are to be displayed are: Stockport City Hall, US Post Office lobby, and State Central Bank lobby.

The City Clerk is hereby directed to promptly post notices of elections, Ordinances, and amendments, and to leave them so posted for not less than ten (10) days after the first date of posting, and the City Clerk shall note the first date of such posting on the official copy of the Ordinance and in the official Ordinance book immediately following the Ordinance.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 380.7)

2-9-3 REMOVAL UNLAWFUL

It shall be unlawful for any person other than the city clerk to remove any public notice. Any unlawful removal of a public notice or posting shall not affect the validity of the Ordinance or action taken.

POSTING 2-9

TITLE III COMMUNITY PROTECTION

CHAPTER 1 OFFENSES

3-1-1 Violations Of Chapter

3-1-5 Public Safety and Health3-1-6 Public Property

- **3-1-2** Public Peace
- **3-1-3** Public Morals
- 3-1-4 Streets

3-1-1 VIOLATIONS OF CHAPTER

Commission of any of the acts named in the following sections by any person shall constitute a violation of this chapter.

3-1-2 PUBLIC PEACE

It shall be unlawful for any person to do any of the following:

1. Engage in fighting or violent behavior or invite or defy another person to fight, provided that participants in athletic contests may engage in such conduct which is reasonably related to that sport.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 723.4(1))

2. Make unusually loud or excessive noise which results in the disturbance of the peace and the public quiet of a neighborhood.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 723.4(2))

3. Willfully permit upon any premises owned, occupied, possessed or controlled by such person any unusually loud or excessive noise in such a manner calculated to provoke a breach of the peace of others, or the public quiet of the neighborhood.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 723.4(2))

- Direct abusive language or make any threatening gesture which the person knows or reasonably should know is likely to provoke a violent reaction by another. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 723.4(3))
- 5. Without lawful authority or order of authority, disturb any lawful assembly or meeting of persons by conduct intended to disrupt the meeting or assembly.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 723.4(4))

- 6. Without authority, obstruct any street, sidewalk, highway or other public way. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 723.4(7))
- 7. Without authority, solicit contributions, distribute literature, or otherwise peddle or sell goods and services within the traveled portion of any roadway.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(2)(a))

3-1-3 PUBLIC MORALS

It shall be unlawful for any person to expose such person's genitals, pubes, female nipples, or buttocks to another or to urinate or defecate in public or in view of the public.

3-1-4 STREETS

1. **Removal of safeguards or danger signals**. No person shall willfully remove, tear down, destroy, deface, or carry away from any highway, street, alley, avenue or bridge any lamp, obstruction, guard or other article or things, or extinguish any lamp or other light, erected or placed thereupon for the purpose of guarding or enclosing unsafe or dangerous places in said highway, street, alley, avenue or bridge without the consent of the person in control thereof.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 716.5)

2. **Obstructing or defacing streets**. No person shall obstruct, deface, or injure any public road in any manner by breaking up, plowing or digging within the boundary lines thereof, without permission from the Mayor.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 716.1)

3. Allowing water, snow, ice and accumulations on sidewalk. No abutting property owner shall allow water from an improperly located eave or drain, or from any roof, to fall onto a public sidewalk, or fail to remove snow, ice and accumulations from the sidewalks promptly. Upon failure by the abutting property owner to perform the action required under this subsection within a reasonable time, the City may perform the required action and assess the costs against the abutting property.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(2)(b and e))

4. **Removal of hydrant caps, sewer caps or manhole covers**. No person shall remove or carry away hydrant caps, sewer caps or manhole covers without the consent of the person in control thereof.

3-1-5 PUBLIC SAFETY AND HEALTH

1. **Expectorating**. No person shall expectorate on the ground or in any structure within the City limits.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.1)

- Putting debris on streets and sidewalks. No person shall throw or deposit on any street or sidewalk any glass bottle, glass, nails, tacks, wire, cans, trash, garbage, rubbish, litter, offal, or any other debris, or any other substance, which the person knows or has reason to know may injure any person, animal or vehicle. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.369)
- 3. **Carrying a concealed weapon**. It shall be unlawful for any person to carry under such person's clothes or concealed about their person or to be found in possession of any slingshot, knuckles of metal or other material, air gun or any other weapon other than a

knife unless licensed by the Iowa Department of Public Safety or having in possession a permit from the county sheriff.

- 4. **False alarms**. No person shall give or cause to be given any false alarm of a fire, nor set fire to any combustible material, or cry or sound an alarm or by any other means without cause.
- 5. **Stench bombs**. No person shall throw, drop, pour, explode, deposit, release, discharge or expose any stench bomb or tear bomb, or any liquid, gaseous or solid substance or matter of any kind that is injurious to persons or property, or that is nauseous, sickening, irritating or offensive to any of the senses in, on or about a theater, restaurant, car, structure, place of business, or amusement, or any place of public assemblage, or attempt to do any of these acts, or prepare or possess such devices or materials with intent to do any of these acts. This provision shall not apply to duly constituted police, military authorities, or peace officers in the discharge of their duties, or to licensed physicians, nurses, pharmacists and other similar persons licensed under the laws of this State; nor to any established place of business or home having tear gas installed as a protection against burglary, robbery or holdup, nor to any bank or other messenger carrying funds or other valuables.

6. **Discharging firearms and fireworks**.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 727.2)

- a. No person, firm, or corporation shall discharge or fire any cannon, gun, bomb, pistol, air gun, or other firearms or set off or burn firecrackers, torpedoes, sky rockets, roman candles, or other fireworks of like construction or any fireworks containing any explosive or inflammable compound, or other device containing any explosive.
- b. The City Council may upon application in writing, grant a permit for the display and use of fireworks by any organization or groups of individuals when such fireworks display will be handled by a competent operator.
- c. The City Council may, upon application in writing, grant a permit for the operation of a firing range in which the discharge of firearms for training, recreational or competitive events would be allowed upon showing that the range would be under the direction of a competent organization, group or individual.
- d. In the interest of public health and safety and at such times as approved by the **Chief of Police, the police** or their designee may use firearms to control rodent or animal problems when it is evident that conventional control methods have not resolved the problem.

e. Nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit the use of blank cartridges for a show or the theater, or for signal purposes in athletic sports or by railroads, or trucks, for signal purposes, or by a recognized military organization and provided further that nothing in this section shall apply to any substance or composition prepared and used for medicinal or fumigation purposes.

7. **Possession of fireworks**.

- a. Definition. The term "fireworks" includes any explosive composition, or combination of explosives, substances or articles prepared for the purpose of producing a visible or audible effect by combustion, explosion or detonation and includes blank cartridges, firecrackers, torpedoes, sky rockets, Roman Candles or other fireworks of like construction and fireworks containing any explosive or flammable compound, or other device containing any explosive substance. The term "fireworks" does not include gold star-producing sparklers on wires that contain no magnesium or chlorate or perchlorate, flitter sparklers in paper tubes that do not exceed 1/8 inch in diameter, toy snakes that contain no mercury, or caps used in cap pistols.
- b. Exemption. The use of blank cartridges for a show or the theater, or for signal purposes in athletic events, or by railroads or trucks for signal purposes, or by recognized military organizations is exempt from this subsection.
- c. Prohibition. No person shall possess fireworks except as provided in this chapter.
- 8. **Abandoned Refrigerators**. No person shall place, or allow to be placed, any discarded, abandoned, unattended or unused refrigerator, ice box or similar container equipped with an airtight door or lid, snap lock, or other locking device which cannot be released from the inside, in a location accessible to children, outside any building, dwelling, or within an unoccupied or abandoned building or dwelling, or other structure, under such person's control without first removing the door, lid, snap lock, or other locking device from said icebox, refrigerator or similar container. This provision applies equally to the owner of any such refrigerator, icebox or similar container, and to the owner or occupant of the premises where the hazard is permitted to remain.

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(Code of Iowa, Sec. 727.3)
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9. **Impersonating an officer**. No person shall falsely represent themselves or falsely assume to be any law enforcement officer, judge or magistrate. It shall be unlawful to wear or adopt the uniform or insignia of any law enforcement officer on any street or public place.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 718.2)

10. Harassment of city employees.

- a. It shall be unlawful for any person to willfully prevent, resist or obstruct or attempt to prevent, resist or obstruct any City employee from the performance of any official duty.
- b. It shall be unlawful for any person to communicate by any means, any threat of bodily or property harm to any City employee or to any member of the employee's family during the course of, or as a result of, the performance of any official duty by said City employee.
- 11. Antenna and radio wires. No person shall allow, locate or maintain any antenna wires, antenna supports, radio wires or television wires to exist over any street, alley, highway, sidewalk or public property.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(2))

12. **Barbed wire**. No person shall install, allow to be installed or use barbed wire without the consent of the City Council.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.1)

13. **Playing in streets**. No person shall coast, sled or play games on streets or highways except in areas blocked off by the *Chief of Police or* Law Enforcement Officer for such purposes.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12)

14. Wood and Other Combustible Outdoor Stoves. No person shall install or use an outdoor wood or other combustible burning stove or heating unit unless a chimney is part of the burning unit that extends at least two (2) feet above the height of the nearest structure.

3-1-6 PUBLIC PROPERTY

1. **Defacing public grounds**. No person shall cut, break or deface any tree or shrub in a public park or on any avenue thereto by willfully defacing, cutting, breaking or injuring, except by the authority of the Mayor.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(2))

 Injuring new pavement. No person shall injure new pavement in any street, alley or sidewalk by willfully driving, walking or making marks on such pavement. (Code of Iowa, 364.12(2))

3. **Destroying park equipment**. No person shall destroy or injure any property or equipment in public swimming pools, playgrounds or parks by willfully defacing, breaking, damaging, mutilating or cutting.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(2))

- 4. **Injury to public library books or property**. No person shall willfully or recklessly tear, deface, mutilate, injure or destroy, in whole or in part, any newspaper, periodical, book, map, pamphlet, chart, picture or other property belonging to any public library or reading room.
- 5. **Defacing or destroying proclamations or notices**. No person shall intentionally deface, obliterate, tear down or destroy in whole or in part any transcript or extract from or of any law of the United States or of this State, or any proclamation, advertisement or notification, set up at any place within the City by authority of law or by order of any court, during the time for which the same is to remain set up. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 716.1)
- 6. **Injury to gravestones or property in cemetery**. No person shall willfully or recklessly destroy, mutilate, deface, injure or remove any tomb, vault, monument, gravestone or other structure placed in any public or private cemetery, or any fences, railing or other work for the protection, ornamentation of said cemetery, or of any tomb, vault, monument or gravestone, or other structure aforesaid, on any cemetery lot within such cemetery, or willfully and recklessly destroy, cut, break or injure any tree, shrub, plant or lawn within the limits of said cemetery, or drive outside of said avenues and roads, and over the grass or graves of said cemetery.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 716.1)

7. **Injury to fire apparatus**. No person shall willfully destroy or injure any engines, hose carriage, hose, hook and ladder carriage, or other things used and kept for extinguishment of fires.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 716.1)

- 8. **Injury to city ambulance or paramedic apparatus**. No person shall willfully destroy or injure any ambulance or paramedic unit, equipment or other things used to administer medical care.
- 9. **Obstructing or defacing roads**. No person shall obstruct, deface or injure any public road by breaking up, plowing or digging within the boundary lines thereof, except by written authorization of the Mayor.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 716.1)

10. **Injury to roads, railways, and other utilities**. No person shall injure, remove or destroy any electric railway or apparatus belonging thereto, or any bridge, rail or plank road; or place or cause to be placed, any obstruction on any electric railway, or on any such bridge, rail or plank road; or willfully obstruct or injure any public road or

highway; or cut, burn, or in any way break down, injure or destroy any post or pole used in connection with any system of electric lighting, electric railway, or telephone or telegraph system; or break down and destroy or injure and deface any electric light, telegraph or telephone instrument; or in any way cut, break or injure the wires of any apparatus belonging thereto; or willfully without proper authorization tap, cut, injure, break, disconnect, connect, make any connection with, or destroy any of the wires, mains, pipes, conduits, meters or other apparatus belonging to, or attached to, the power plant or distributing system of any electric light plant, electric motor, gas plant or water plant; or aid or abet any other person in so doing.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 716.1)

- 11. **Tapping into utility transmission cables**. No person shall connect to any transmission cable without first obtaining permission from the owner of the cable. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 727.8)
- 12. **Obstructing ditches and breaking levees**. No person shall divert, obstruct, impede, or fill up, without legal authority, any ditch, drain, or watercourse, or break down any levee established, constructed, or maintained under any provision of law.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 716.1)

OFFENSES 3-1

TITLE III COMMUNITY PROTECTION

CHAPTER 2 NUISANCES

3-2-1	Definitions
3-2-2	Nuisances Prohibited

- 3-2-3 Other Conditions Regulated3-2-4 Notice to Abate Nuisance or
 - Condition
- 3-2-5 Contents of Notice to Abate
- **3-2-6** Method of Service

- **3-2-7** Request for Hearing and Appeal
- **3-2-8** Abatement in Emergency
- **3-2-9** Abatement by Municipality
- 3-2-10 Collection of Cost of Abatement
- 3-2-11 Installment Payment of Cost of Abatement
- 3-2-12 Condemnation of Nuisance
- **3-2-13** Failure to Abate

3-2-1 DEFINITIONS

For use in this ordinance, the following terms are defined:

- The term "nuisance" means whatever is injurious to health, indecent, or unreasonably offensive to the senses or an obstacle to the free use of property, so as essentially to unreasonably interfere with the comfortable enjoyment of life or property. The following are declared to be nuisances: (Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.1)
 - a. The erecting, continuing, or using any building or other place for the exercise of any trade, employment, or manufacture, which by occasioning noxious exhalations, unreasonably offensive smells, or other annoyances, becomes injurious and dangerous to the health, comfort, or property of individuals or the public.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.2(1))

- b. The causing or suffering any offal, filth, or noisome substance to accumulate or to remain in any place to the prejudice of others.
 (Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.2(2))
- c. The obstructing or impeding without legal authority the passage of any navigable river, harbor, or collection of water.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.2(3))

d. The polluting or rendering unwholesome or impure the water of any river, stream, or pond, or unlawfully diverting the same from its natural course or state, to the injury or prejudice of others.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.2(4))

(This is not an exclusive or exhaustive list of possible nuisances.)

e. The obstructing or encumbering by fences, buildings, or otherwise the public roads, private ways, streets, alleys, commons, landing places, or burying grounds.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.2(5))

f. Houses of ill fame, kept for the purpose of prostitution and lewdness, gambling houses, or houses resorted to for the use of controlled substances or houses where drunkenness, quarreling, fighting or breaches of the peace are carried on or permitted to the disturbance of others.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.2(6))

g. Billboards, signboards, and advertising signs, whether erected and constructed on public or private property, which so obstruct and impair the view of any portion or part of a public street, avenue, highway, boulevard or alley or of a railroad or street railway track as to render dangerous the use thereof, especially near intersecting streets.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.2(7))

- h. Cotton-bearing cottonwood trees and all other cotton-bearing poplar trees in the city.
- i. Any object or structure hereafter erected within 1,000 feet of the limits of any municipal or regularly established airport or landing place, which may endanger or obstruct aerial navigation, including take-off and landing.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.2(8))

j. The depositing or storing of inflammable junk, such as old rags, rope, cordage, rubber, bones, and paper, by any person, including a dealer in such articles, unless it be in a building of fire resistant construction.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.2(9))

- k. The emission of dense smoke, noxious fumes, or fly ash. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.2(10))
- Dense growth of all weeds, grasses, vines, brush, or other vegetation in the City so as to constitute a health, safety, or fire hazard including any City owned property between the abutting property line and the street right-of-way. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.2(11))
- m. Trees infected with Dutch elm disease. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.2(12))

- n. Effluent from septic tank or drain field running or ponding on the ground in the open.
- o. Any article or substance placed upon a street, alley, sidewalk, public ground, or in any ditch, waterway, or gutter so as to obstruct the drainage.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 716.1)

- p. Accumulations of rubbish or trash tending to harbor vermin, rodents, and rank growth of weeds or other vegetation and plants, which is conducive to hazard. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.2)
- 2. The term "property owner" means the contract purchaser if there is one of record, otherwise the record holder of legal title.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12)

3-2-2 NUISANCES PROHIBITED

The creation or maintenance of a nuisance is prohibited, and a nuisance, public or private, may be abated in the manner provided in this chapter.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.3)

3-2-3 OTHER CONDITIONS REGULATED

The following actions are required and may also be abated in the manner provided in this ordinance:

- The removal of diseased trees or dead wood, but not diseased trees and dead wood outside the lot and property lines and inside the curb lines upon the public street. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(3)(b))
- 2. The removal, repair, or dismantling of dangerous buildings or structures. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(3)(c))
- 3. The numbering of buildings.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(3)(d))

4. The connection to public drainage systems from abutting property when necessary for public health or safety.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(3)(e))

5. The connection to public sewer systems from abutting property, and the installation of sanitary toilet facilities and removal of other toilet facilities on such property.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(3)(f))

6. The cutting or destruction of weeds or other growth which constitutes a health, safety, or fire hazard.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(3)(g))

7. The maintenance, by the property owner, of all property outside the lot and property lines and inside the curb lines upon public streets, including maintaining a fifteen (15) foot clearance above the street from trees extending over the streets, except as provided in section 3-2-3(1).

3-2-4 NOTICE TO ABATE NUISANCE OR CONDITION

Whenever the Mayor, or other authorized municipal officer finds that a nuisance or other condition exists which is listed in Section 3, the Mayor or officer shall notify the property owner as shown by the records of the County Auditor to abate the nuisance within a reasonable time after notice.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(3)(h))

3-2-5 CONTENTS OF NOTICE TO ABATE

The notice to abate shall contain:

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(3)(h))

- 1. A description of what constitutes the nuisance or other condition.
- 2. The location of the nuisance or condition.
- 3. A statement of the act or acts necessary to abate the nuisance or condition.
- 4. A reasonable time within which to complete the abatement.
- 5. A statement that if the nuisance or condition is not abated as directed and no request for hearing is made within the time prescribed, the City will abate it and assess the costs against such person.

3-2-6 METHOD OF SERVICE

The notice may be sent by regular mail to the property owner as shown by the records of the County Auditor.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(3)(h))

3-2-7 REQUEST FOR HEARING AND APPEAL

Any person ordered to abate a nuisance or condition may have a hearing with the officer ordering the abatement as to whether a nuisance or prohibited condition exists. A request for a hearing must be made in writing and delivered to the officer ordering the abatement within the time stated in the notice, or it will be conclusively presumed that a nuisance or prohibited condition exists and it must be abated as ordered.

At the conclusion of the hearing, the hearing officer shall render a written decision as to whether a nuisance or prohibited condition exists. If the officer finds that a nuisance or prohibited condition exists, the officer must order it abated within an additional time which must be reasonable under the circumstances. An appeal from this decision may be had by

immediately filing a written notice with the hearing officer. This appeal shall be heard before the City Council at a time and place fixed by the Council. The findings of the Council shall be conclusive and, if a nuisance or prohibited condition is found to exist, it shall be ordered abated within a time reasonable under the circumstances.

3-2-8 ABATEMENT IN EMERGENCY

If it is determined that an emergency exists by reason of the continuing maintenance of the nuisance or condition, the City may perform any action that may be required under this chapter without prior notice, and assess the costs as provided herein, after notice to the property owner under the applicable provision of Sections 3-2-4 and 3-2-5 and hearing as provided in Section 3-2-7.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(3)(h))

3-2-9 ABATEMENT BY MUNICIPALITY

If the person notified to abate a nuisance or condition neglects or fails to abate as directed, the City may perform the required action to abate, keeping an accurate account of the expense incurred. The itemized expense account shall be filed with the City Clerk, who shall pay such expenses on behalf of the municipality.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(3)(h))

3-2-10 COLLECTION OF COST OF ABATEMENT

The Clerk shall mail a statement of the total expense incurred to the property owner who has failed to abide by the notice to abate, and if the amount shown by the statement has not been paid within one month, the City Clerk shall certify the costs to the County Treasurer and they shall then be collected with, and in the same manner, as general property taxes.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(3)(h))

3-2-11 INSTALLMENT PAYMENT OF COST OF ABATEMENT

If the amount expended to abate the nuisance or condition exceeds \$100, the City may permit the assessment to be paid in up to ten annual installments, to be paid in the same manner and at the same rate of interest charged delinquent real estate taxes by the County Treasurer.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.13)

3-2-12 CONDEMNATION OF NUISANCE

The City may condemn a residential building found to be abandoned and a public nuisance and take title to the property for the public purpose of disposing of the property under Chapter 657A by conveying the property to a private individual for rehabilitation or for demolition and construction of housing.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12A)

NUISANCES 3-2

TITLE III COMMUNITY PROTECTION

CHAPTER 2 NUISANCES

ARTICLE I GRASS AND WEEDS

<u>3-2(1)-1 PURPOSE</u>

The purpose of this article is to beautify and preserve the appearance of the city by requiring property owners and occupants to maintain grass lawns at a uniform height within the boundaries of their property and on abutting street right-of-way in order to prevent unsightly, offensive or nuisance conditions.

3-2(1)-2 DEFINITIONS

For use in this article, the following terms are defined:

Curb, *curb line*, or *curbing* means the outer boundaries of a street at the edge of that portion of the street usually traveled by vehicular traffic.

Cut or *mow* means to mechanically maintain the growth of grass, weeds or brush at a uniform height. *Owner* means a person owning private property in the city and any person occupying private property in the city.

Parking means that part of a street, avenue or highway in the city not covered by a sidewalk and lying between the lot line or property line and the curb line; or on unpaved streets, that part of the street lying between the lot line or property line and that portion of the street usually traveled by vehicular traffic.

3-2(1)-3 CUTTING SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS OF PRACTICE

(a) Every property owner shall cut, mow, and maintain all grass, weeds, and brush upon the owner's property and adjacent to the curb line or outer boundary of any street, which shall include the parking area abutting the owner's property, to a uniform height as defined in **section 3-2(1)-4** below.

(b) Every property owner shall cut, mow, and maintain grass, weeds, and brush adjacent to the curb line, including the parking area abutting the owner's property in such a manner so as to be in conformity with and at an even height with all other grass, weeds, or brush growing on the remainder of the owner's property.

3-2(1)-4 UNIFORM HEIGHT SPECIFICATIONS

Grass, weeds, or brush shall be cut, mowed, and maintained so as not to exceed the following height specifications:

(1) Developed residential areas — not to exceed six (6) inches.

(2) Undeveloped residential areas — not to exceed six (6) inches.

(3) Business and industrial areas — not to exceed six (6) inches.

(4) Agriculture areas — not to exceed fifteen (15) inches.

Grass, weeds, and brush which are allowed to grow in excess of the above specified limitations shall be deemed to be a violation of this article.

3-2(1)-5 NOXIOUS WEEDS

(a)Every property owner shall cut and control noxious weeds upon the owner's property and adjacent to the curb line or outer boundary of any street, which shall include the parking area abutting the owner's property, by cutting noxious weeds to ground level or use of herbicides to eliminate or eradicate such weeds.

(b)Noxious weeds include any weed growth or plant designated as noxious by the State Department of Natural Resources rules or regulations or by the Code of Iowa.

3-2(1)-6 ABATEMENT PROCEDURE

Upon discovery of any violation of this chapter by the mayor, community service officer, or other authorized municipal officer, such officer shall cause to be served upon the property owner a written notice to abate the nuisance within seven days. The city shall abate the nuisance, if the nuisance is not abated within seven days of the notice being served, the city shall abate the nuisance and assess the cost of abatement to the property owner. The cost of abatement shall be the actual cost to abate the nuisance and an administrative fee of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00).

3-2(1)-7 NOTIFICATION

Notification may be in the form of an ordinance or sent by regular mail to the recorded property owner as listed in the records of the Van Buren County Assessor, Keosauqua, Iowa. Notification in the form of an ordinance means formal notice will be given to all residents, by publication in the city's official newspaper that if a violation of Chapter 2, Article I exists on their property the city will proceed with abatement procedures immediately upon discovery of such violation. When the nuisance exists on a property occupied by a structure the city will attempt to post a notice to abate on or near the front entrance of the residence or business, prior to the city abating it and assessing the costs against the property owner. If the nuisance exists on an empty lot notice to abate will be issued only in the form of a certified letter to the property owner as listed in the records of the Van Buren County Assessor.

3-2(1)-8 CONTENTS

The notice to abate shall contain:

(1) A description of what constitutes the nuisance.

- (2) The location of the nuisance.
- (3) A statement of the act or acts necessary to abate the nuisance.
- (4) A statement that the nuisance is to be abated within seven (7) days.

(5) A statement that if the nuisance or condition is not abated as directed and no request for hearing is made within seven (7) days of the notice, the city will abate it and assess the costs against such person.

3-2(1)-9 REQUEST FOR HEARING

Any person ordered to abate a nuisance may have a hearing with the City Council as to whether a nuisance exists. A request for a hearing must be made in writing and delivered to the City Clerk within the time stated in the notice, or it will be conclusively presumed that a nuisance exists and it must be abated as ordered.

3-2(1)-10 ABATEMENT IN EMERGENCY

If it is determined that an emergency exists by reason of the continuing the nuisance or condition, the City may perform any action which may be required under this article without prior notice.

3-2(1)-11 COLLECTION OF CITY'S COSTS

Any and all costs incurred by the city in the abatement of a nuisance under the provisions of this article shall be certified to the county auditor as a special tax against such lot or parcel of ground or the person causing or maintaining the nuisance, and shall be collected the same as other property taxes.

3-2(1)-12 REPEALER

All ordinances or parts thereof in conflict with the provisions of this ordinance (during the effective period) are hereby repealed.

3-2(1)-13 SEVERABILITY CLAUSE

If any section, provision, or part of this ordinance shall be adjudged invalid or unconstitutional such adjudication shall not affect the validity of this ordinance as a whole or any section, provision, or party thereof not adjudged invalid or unconstitutional.

3-2(1)-14 WHEN EFFECTIVE

This ordinance shall be in effect from and after is final passage, approval, and publication as provided by law.

Passed and approved by this Council on the 4th day of November, 2019.

Annie Buzzard, Mayor

ATTEST:

Haylee Stecker, City Clerk

I certify that the foregoing was published as Ordinance No. 3-2(1) on the 21st day of November, 2019.

TITLE III COMMUNITY PROTECTION

CHAPTER 3 TRAFFIC CODE

- 3-3-1 Short Title
- **3-3-2** Definitions
- **3-3-3** Traffic Accident Reports
- 3-3-4 Police Department to Submit Annual Reports

ENFORCEMENT AND OBEDIENCE TO TRAFFIC REGULATIONS

- 3-3-5 Authority of Police and Fire Department Officials
- **3-3-6** Required Obedience to Provisions of this chapter and State Law

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- 3-3-7 Authority to Install Traffic-Control Devices
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3-3-1 SHORT TITLE

This chapter may be known and cited as the "Traffic Code".

3-3-2 DEFINITIONS

Where words and phrases used in this chapter are defined in Chapter 321 of the Code of Iowa, such definitions shall apply to this ordinance.

- 1. "Park and parking" means the stopping or standing of a vehicle, except for the purpose of, and while actually engaged in, loading or unloading merchandise or passengers.
- 2. "Stand or standing" means the halting of a vehicle, whether occupied or not, except for the purpose of and while actually engaged in receiving or discharging passengers.

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- 3-3-72 Local Parking Fines
- 3-3-73 Failure to Pay Parking Citations

- 3. "Stop", when required means complete cessation of movement.
- 4. "Stop or stopping", when prohibited, means any halting of a vehicle, even momentarily, whether occupied or not, except when necessary to avoid conflict with other traffic or in compliance with the directions of a police officer or traffic-control sign or signal.
- 5. "Business districts" means: the territory contiguous to and including a highway when fifty percent or more of the frontage thereon for a distance of three hundred feet or more is occupied by buildings in use for business.
- 6. "Residential districts" means all areas of the City not included in business districts. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.1)

3-3-3 TRAFFIC ACCIDENT REPORTS

The driver of a vehicle involved in an accident within the limits of this City shall file a report as and when required by the Iowa Department of Transportation. A copy of this report shall be filed with the Chief of Police. All such reports shall be for the confidential use of the police department and shall be subject to the provisions of Section 321.271 of the Code of Iowa.

The City shall maintain a suitable system of filing traffic accident reports.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.266)

3-3-4 POLICE DEPARTMENT TO SUBMIT ANNUAL REPORTS

The Police Chief shall prepare annually a traffic report which shall be filed with the Mayor. Such report shall contain information on traffic matters in this City concerning the number of traffic accidents, the number of persons killed or injured, the number and nature of violations, and other pertinent traffic data including the plans and recommendations for future traffic safety activities.

ENFORCEMENT AND OBEDIENCE TO TRAFFIC REGULATIONS

3-3-5 AUTHORITY OF POLICE AND FIRE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS

Provisions of this chapter and the Iowa law relating to motor vehicles and law of the road shall be enforced by the officers of the police department. The officers of the police department are hereby authorized to direct all traffic by voice, hand or signal in conformance with traffic laws. In the event of a fire or other emergency, officers of the police department may direct traffic as conditions require notwithstanding the provisions of the traffic laws. Officers of the fire department may direct or assist the police in directing traffic threat or in the immediate vicinity.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.229)

3-3-6 REQUIRED OBEDIENCE TO PROVISIONS OF THIS CHAPTER AND STATE LAW

Any person who shall willfully fail or refuse to comply with any lawful order of a police officer or direction of a fire department officer during a fire, or who fails to abide by the provisions of this chapter and the applicable provisions of the following Iowa statutes relating to motor vehicles and the law of the road is in violation of this chapter. These sections of the Code are adopted by reference:

1.	321.98	Operation without registration.
2.	321.180	Violations of instruction permit limitations.
2. 3.	321.193	Violation of conditions of restricted license.
<i>3</i> . 4.	321.193	Violation of conditions of minor's school license.
5.	321.216	Unlawful use of license.
<i>5</i> . 6.	321.210	Driving without a valid license (as to simple misdemeanor offenses only).
0.	521.210	Driving without a valid neense (as to simple misdemeanor orienses only).
7.	321.219	Permitting unauthorized minor to drive.
8.	321.220	Permitting unauthorized person to drive.
9.	321.229	Failure to comply with lawful order of peace officer.
10.	321.231	Failure of driver of emergency vehicle to exercise caution while on
		emergency run (stop signs and signals).
11.	321.232	Radar jamming devices.
12.	321.234	Failure to observe seating requirements.
13.	321.236	(Parking) Violation of local ordinance (not a state offense).
14.	321.256	Failure to obey traffic control device.
15.	321.257	Failure to obey or yield to pedestrian or to official traffic control
		signal.
16.	321.260	Unlawful possession of, or interference with, traffic control device.
17.	321.264	Striking unattended vehicle.
18.	321.265	Striking fixtures upon a highway.
19.	321.275	Motorcycle and motorized bicycles violations.
20.	321.277	Reckless driving.
21.	321.278	Drag racing prohibited.
22.	321.285	Speed restrictions.
23.	321.286	Truck speed limits (highway).
24.	321.287	Bus speed limits (highway).
25.	321.288	Failure to maintain control.
26.	321.294	Failure to maintain minimum speed when directed by officer.
27.	321.295	Excessive speed on bridge.
28.	321.297	Driving on wrong side of two-way highway.
29.	321.298	Failure to yield half of roadway upon meeting vehicle.
30.	321.299	Passing on wrong side.
31.	321.303	Unsafe passing.
32.	321.304	Unlawful passing.
33.	321.305	Violating one-way traffic designation.
34.	321.306	Improper use of lanes.

35.	321.307	Following too closely.
36.	321.308	Following too closely (trucks and towing vehicles).
37.	321.309	Failure to use approved drawbar.
38.	321.310	Unlawful towing of four-wheeled trailer.
39.	321.311	Turning from improper lane.
40.	321.312	Making U-turn on curve or hill.
41.	321.313	Unsafe starting of a stopped vehicle.
42.	321.314	Unsafe turn or failure to give signal.
43.	321.315	Failure to give continuous turn signal.
44.	321.316	Failure to signal stop or rapid deceleration.
45.	321.317	Signal light requirements; see equipment violation.
46.	321.318	Incorrect hand signal.
47.	321.319	Failure to yield to vehicle on right.
48.	321.320	Failure to yield upon left turn.
49.	321.321	Failure to yield upon entering through highway.
50.	321.322	Failure to obey stop or yield sign.
51.	321.323	Unsafe backing on highway.
52.	321.324	Failure to yield to emergency vehicle.
53.	321.325	Pedestrian disobeying traffic control signal.
54.	321.326	Pedestrian walking on wrong side of highway.
55.	321.327	Pedestrian right-of-way.
56.	321.328	Pedestrian failing to use crosswalk.
57.	321.329	Vehicle failing to yield to pedestrian.
58.	321.331	Soliciting ride from within roadway.
59.	321.332	Unlawful use of white cane.
60.	321.333	Failure to yield to blind person.
61.	321.340	Driving in or through safety zone.
62.	321.341	Failure to properly stop at railroad crossing.
63.	321.342	Failure to obey stop sign at railroad crossing.
64.	321.343	Failure to stop certain cargo or passenger vehicle at railroad crossing.
65.	321.344	Unlawful movement of construction equipment across railroad track.
66.	321.353	Unsafe entry into sidewalk or roadway.
67.	321.354	Stopping on traveled part of highway.
68.	321.358	Stopping, standing, or parking where prohibited.
69.	321.360	Prohibited parking in front of certain buildings.
70.	321.361	Parking too far from curb/angular parking.
71.	321.362	Parking without stopping engine and setting brake.
72.	321.363	Driving with obstructed view or control.
73.	321.365	Coasting upon downgrade.
74.	321.366	Improper use of median, curb, or controlled access facility.
75.	321.367	Failure to maintain distance fire-fighting vehicle.
76.	321.368	Crossing unprotected fire hose.
77.	321.369	Putting debris on highway/roadway.

78.	221 270	Domoving injurious motorial
78. 79.	321.370 321.371	Removing injurious material.
79. 80.		Clearing up wrecks.
	321.372	School bus provisions.
81.	321.377	Excessive speed of school bus.
82.	321.381	Driving or towing unsafe vehicle.
83.	321.382	Operating underpowered vehicle.
84.	321.383	Failure to display reflective device on slow-moving vehicles.
85.	321.384	Failure to use headlamps when required.
86.	321.385	Insufficient number of headlamps.
87.	321.386	Insufficient number of headlamps-motorcycles and motorized bicycles.
88.	321.387	Improper rear lamp.
89.	321.388	Improper registration plate lamp.
90.	321.389	Improper rear reflector.
91.	321.390	Reflector requirements.
92.	321.391	Improper type of reflector.
93.	321.392	Improper clearance lighting on truck or trailer.
94.	321.393	Lighting device color and mounting.
95.	321.394	No lamp or flag on rear-projecting load.
96.	321.395	Parking on certain roadways without parking lights.
97.	321.397	Improper light on bicycle.
98.	321.398	Improper light on other vehicle.
99.	321.402	Improper use of spotlight.
100.	321.403	Improper use of auxiliary driving lights.
101.	321.404	Improper brake light.
102.	321.408	Back-up lamps.
103.	321.409	Improperly adjusted headlamps.
104.	321.415	Failure to dim.
105.	321.419	Improper headlighting when night driving.
106.	321.420	Excessive number of driving lights.
107.	321.422	Lights of improper color-front or rear.
108.	321.423	Special light/signal provision.
109.	321.430	Defective braking equipment.
110.	321.431	Brake performance ability.
111.	321.432	Defective audible warning device.
112.	321.433	Unauthorized use of emergency audible warning devices on motor vehicle.
113.	321.434	Use of siren or whistle on bicycle.
114.	321.436	Defective or unauthorized muffler system.
115.	321.437	Mirrors.
116.	321.438	Windshields.
117.	321.439	Defective windshield wiper.
118.	321.440	Defective tires.
119.	321.441	Unauthorized use of metal tire or track.
120.	321.442	Unauthorized use of metal projection on wheels.
0.		Frojection on million

121.	321.444	Failure to use safety glass.
122.	321.445	Failure to maintain or use safety belts.
123.	321.446	Failure to secure child.
124.	321.449	Special regulations.
125.	321.450	Hazardous materials.
126.	321.454	Width and length violations.
127.	321.455	Excessive side projection of load – passenger vehicle.
128.	321.456	Excessive height.
129.	321.457	Excessive length.
130.	321.458	Excessive projection from front of vehicle.
131.	321.459	Excessive weight – dual axels (each over 2000 lb. over).
132.	321.460	Spilling loads on highways.
133.	321.461	Excessive tow-bar length.
134.	321.462	Failure to use required towing equipment.
135.	321.463	Maximum gross weight.
136.	321.466	Gross weight in excess of registered gross weight (for each 2000 lb.
		over).

TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

3-3-7 AUTHORITY TO INSTALL TRAFFIC-CONTROL DEVICES

The Chief of Police shall cause to be placed and maintained traffic-control devices when and as required under this chapter or other Ordinances of this City to make effective their provisions, and may so cause to be placed and maintained such additional, emergency, or temporary traffic-control devices for the duration of an emergency or temporary condition as traffic conditions may require, to regulate traffic under the traffic Ordinances of this City or under State law or to guide or warn traffic.

The Chief of Police shall keep a record of all traffic-control devices maintained by the department.

All traffic-control devices shall comply with current standards established by the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways at the time the control device is placed or erected.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.255 and 321.256)

3-3-8 CHIEF OF POLICE TO DESIGNATE CROSSWALKS, ESTABLISH, AND MARK TRAFFIC LANES

The Chief of Police is hereby authorized:

1. To designate and maintain by appropriate devices, marks or lines upon the surface of the roadway, crosswalks at intersections where, due to traffic conditions, there

is particular danger to pedestrians crossing the street or roadway, and at such other places as traffic conditions require.

2. To mark lanes for traffic on street pavements at such places as traffic conditions require, consistent with the traffic Code of this City. Where traffic lanes have been marked, it shall be unlawful for the operator of any vehicle to fail or refuse to keep such vehicle within the boundaries of a lane except when lawfully passing another vehicle or preparatory to making a lawful turning movement.

3-3-9 PLAY STREETS

The Chief of Police has the authority to declare any street or part thereof a play street and to place appropriate signs or devices in the roadway indicating and helping to protect the same.

Whenever authorized signs are erected indicating any street or part thereof as a play street, no person shall drive a vehicle upon the street or any portion thereof except drivers of vehicles having business or whose residences are within the closed area, and then the driver shall exercise the greatest care in driving upon the street or portion thereof.

SPEED REGULATIONS

3-3-10 CHANGING STATE SPEED LIMITS IN CERTAIN ZONES

It is hereby determined upon the basis of an engineering and traffic investigation that the speed permitted by State law upon the following streets or portions thereof is greater or less than is necessary for the safe operation of vehicles thereon, and it is declared that the maximum speed limit upon these streets or portions thereof described shall be as follows:

- 1. Increased speed limit:
- 2. Lower speed limit:

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.290)

TURNING MOVEMENTS

3-3-11 TURNING MARKERS, BUTTONS AND SIGNS

The Chief of Police may cause markers, buttons, or signs to be placed within or adjacent to intersections, and thereby require and direct, as traffic conditions require, that a different course from that specified by the State law be traveled by vehicles turning at intersections, and when markers, buttons, or signs are so placed no driver of a vehicle shall turn a vehicle at an intersection other than as directed and required by the markers, buttons, or signs, including right-hand turns at intersections with automatic traffic signals.

3-3-12 AUTHORITY TO PLACE RESTRICTED TURN SIGNS

The Chief of Police is authorized to determine those intersections, as traffic conditions require, at which the drivers of vehicles shall not make a right or left turn. The making of turns may be prohibited between certain hours of any day, in which event the same shall be plainly indicated on signs.

3-3-13 OBEDIENCE TO NO-TURN SIGNS

Whenever authorized signs are erected indicating that no right or left turn is permitted, no driver of a vehicle shall disobey the directions of any such signs.

3-3-14 "U" TURNS

It shall be unlawful for a driver to make a "U" turn except at an intersection. "U" turns are prohibited at intersections within the business district and at intersections where there are automatic traffic signals.

ONE-WAY STREETS AND ALLEYS

3-3-15 AUTHORITY TO DESIGNATE ONE-WAY STREETS AND ALLEYS

Whenever any traffic Code of this City designates any one-way street or alley the Chief of Police shall cause to be placed and maintained signs giving notice thereof and the regulation shall not be effective unless the signs are in place. Signs indicating the direction of traffic movement shall be placed at every intersection where movement of traffic in the opposite direction is prohibited. It shall be unlawful for any person to operate any vehicle in violation of markings, signs, barriers or other devices placed in accordance with this section.

3-3-16 ONE-WAY STREETS AND ALLEYS

Upon the following streets and alleys vehicular traffic shall move only in the indicated direction:

3-3-17 AUTHORITY TO RESTRICT DIRECTION OF MOVEMENT ON STREETS DURING CERTAIN PERIODS

The Chief of Police is authorized to determine and recommend to the Council certain streets, or specified lanes thereon, upon which vehicular traffic shall proceed in one direction during one period and the opposite direction during another period of the day and shall, upon authority given by Ordinance, place and maintain appropriate markings, signs, barriers, or other devices to give notice thereof. The Chief of Police may erect signs temporarily designating lanes to be used by traffic moving in a particular direction, regardless of the center line of the roadway.

It shall be unlawful for any person to operate any vehicle in violation of markings, signs, barriers, or other devices placed in accordance with this section.

The following streets may have variable laning or direction of traffic at different times of day as marked by authorized signs under the provisions of this section:

SPECIAL STOPS REQUIRED

3-3-18 THROUGH HIGHWAYS

Streets or portions of streets described below are declared to be through highways: (Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.345 and 321.350)

3-3-19 AUTHORITY TO ERECT STOP SIGNS

Whenever any Ordinance of this City designates and describes a through highway it shall be the duty of the Chief of Police to cause to be placed and maintained a stop sign on each and every street intersecting through highway except as modified in the case of intersecting through highways.

3-3-20 STOPS AT INTERSECTING THROUGH HIGHWAYS AND OTHER INTERSECTIONS

At the intersections of through highways and at intersections upon streets other than through highways, where, because of heavy cross-traffic or other traffic conditions, particular hazard exists, the Chief of Police is hereby authorized to determine whether vehicles shall stop or yield at one or more entrances to the intersection and shall present recommendations to the Council, and, upon approval of the Council, shall erect an appropriate sign at every place where a stop or yield is required.

3-3-21 STOP WHEN TRAFFIC IS OBSTRUCTED

Notwithstanding any traffic-control signal indication to proceed, no driver shall enter an intersection or a marked crosswalk unless there is sufficient space on the other side of the intersection or crosswalk to accommodate the vehicle.

3-3-22 SCHOOL STOPS

When a vehicle approaches an authorized school stop, the driver shall bring the vehicle to a full stop at a point ten feet from the approach side of the crosswalk marked by an authorized school stop sign, and thereafter proceed in a careful and prudent manner until the driver shall have passed such school site.

PEDESTRIANS' RIGHTS AND DUTIES

3-3-23 PROHIBITED CROSSING

Pedestrians crossing a street in the business district shall cross in the crosswalks only. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.327)

3-3-24 PEDESTRIANS ON LEFT

Where sidewalks are provided it shall be unlawful for any pedestrian to walk along and upon an adjacent roadway. Where sidewalks are not provided pedestrians at all times when walking on or along a roadway, shall walk on the left side of the roadway.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.326)

METHOD OF PARKING

3-3-25 STANDING OR PARKING CLOSE TO CURB

No person shall stand or park a vehicle in a roadway other than parallel with the edge of the roadway headed in the direction of lawful traffic movement and with the right-hand wheels of the vehicle within eighteen inches of the curb or edge of the roadway except as provided in the case of angle parking and vehicles parked on the left-hand side of one-way streets.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.361)

3-3-26 STANDING OR PARKING ON THE LEFT-HAND SIDE OF ONE-WAY STREETS

No person shall stand or park a vehicle on the left-hand side of a one-way street other than parallel with the edge of the roadway headed in the direction of lawful traffic movement and with the left-hand wheels of the vehicle within eighteen inches of the curb or edge of the roadway except as provided in the case of angle parking.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.361)

3-3-27 SIGNS OR MARKINGS INDICATING ANGLE PARKING

The Chief of Police, as traffic conditions require, shall determine upon what streets angle parking shall be permitted and shall mark or sign the streets or portions thereof indicating the method of angle parking. The determination shall be subject to approval by Council resolution.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.361)

3-3-28 OBEDIENCE TO ANGLE PARKING SIGNS OR MARKINGS

Upon those streets or portions of streets that have been signed or marked for angle parking, no person shall park or stand a vehicle other than at an angle to the curb or edge of the roadway or in the center of the roadway as indicated by the signs and markings.

STOPPING, STANDING, OR PARKING PROHIBITED IN SPECIFIED PLACES

3-3-29 STOPPING, STANDING, OR PARKING PROHIBITED IN SPECIFIED PLACES

No person shall stop, stand or park a vehicle except when necessary to avoid conflict with other traffic or in compliance with the directions of a police officer or traffic-control device, in any of the following places:

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.358)

- 1. On a sidewalk.
- 2. In front of a public or private driveway.
- 3. Within an intersection.
- 4. Within five (5) feet of either side of the point on the curb nearest to a fire hydrant.
- 5. On a crosswalk.
- 6. Within ten (10) feet upon the approach to any flashing beacon, stop sign, or traffic-control signal located at the side of the roadway.
- 7. Within fifty (50) feet of the nearest rail of a railroad crossing, except when parked parallel with such rail and not exhibiting a red light.
- 8. Within twenty (20) feet of the driveway entrance to any fire station and on the side of a street opposite the entrance to any fire station within seventy-five (75) feet of said entrance when properly signposted.
- 9. Alongside or opposite any street excavation or obstruction when such stopping, standing, or parking would obstruct traffic.
- 10. On the roadway side of any vehicle stopped or parked at the edge or curb of street.
- 11. Opposite the entrance to a garage or driveway in such a manner or under such conditions as to leave available less than twenty (20) feet of the width of the roadway for the free movement of vehicular traffic.
- 12. Upon any street or in any alley in any part of the City in such a manner or under such conditions as to leave available less than ten (10) feet of the width of the roadway of such street or alley for the free movement of vehicular traffic, except when necessary in obedience to traffic regulations or traffic signs, or signals of a police officer.
- 13. At any place where official signs or curb markings prohibit stopping, standing or parking.

- 14. Within ten (10) feet of the crosswalk at all intersections within the City.
- 15. In an alley under any fire escape at any time.

3-3-30 AUTHORITY TO PAINT CURBS AND ERECT SIGNS PROHIBITING STANDING OR PARKING

When, because of restricted visibility or when standing or parked vehicles constitute a hazard to moving traffic, or when other traffic conditions require, the Chief of Police may cause curbings to be painted with a yellow or orange color and erect "no parking" or "standing" signs. It shall be unlawful for the operator of any vehicle to stand or park a vehicle in an area so painted or sign-posted. It shall be unlawful for any person, other than after having first secured the permission of the Chief of Police, to paint any curbing, sidewalk or street with yellow or orange colored paint or to erect "no parking" signs.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.358(10))

3-3-31 AUTHORITY TO IMPOUND VEHICLES

Members of the police department are authorized to remove, or cause to be removed, a vehicle from a street, public alley, or highway to the nearest garage or other place of safety, or to a garage designated or maintained by the police department, or otherwise maintained by the City, under the following circumstances:

- 1. When a vehicle is upon a roadway and is so disabled as to constitute an obstruction to traffic and the person or persons in charge of the vehicle are by reason of physical injury incapacitated to such an extent as to be unable to provide for its custody or removal.
- 2. When any vehicle is left unattended upon a street and constitutes a definite hazard or obstruction to the normal movement of traffic.
- 3. When any vehicle is left parked upon a street for a continuous period of forty-eight hours or more. A diligent effort shall first be made to locate the owner. If the owner is found, the owner shall be given the opportunity to remove the vehicle.
- 4. When any vehicle is left parked in violation of a ban on parking during a snow emergency as proclaimed by the Mayor.

In addition to the penalties hereinafter provided, the owner or driver of any vehicle impounded for violation of any of the provisions of this chapter shall be required to pay the reasonable cost of towing charges and storage.

STOPPING, STANDING OR PARKING

3-3-32 PARKING SIGNS REQUIRED

Whenever by this or any other chapter of this City Code any parking time limit is imposed or parking is prohibited on designated streets or portions of streets it shall be the duty of the Police Chief to erect appropriate signs giving notice thereof and the regulations shall not be effective unless signs are erected and in place at the time of any alleged offense. When signs are erected giving notice thereof, no person shall disobey the restrictions stated on such signs.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.236)

3-3-33 PARKING DURING SNOW EMERGENCY

No person shall park, abandon, or leave unattended any vehicle on any public street, alley, or City-owned off-street parking area during any snow emergency proclaimed by the Mayor unless the snow has been removed or plowed from said street, alley or parking area and the snow has ceased to fall. A snow emergency parking ban shall continue from its proclamation through the duration of the snow or ice storm and the forty-eight hour period after cessation of the storm except as above provided upon streets which have been fully opened.

The ban shall be of uniform application and the Chief of Police is directed to publicize the requirements widely, using all available news media, in early November each year. When predictions or occurrences indicate the need, the Mayor shall proclaim a snow emergency and the Police Chief shall inform the news media to publicize the proclamation and the parking rules under the emergency. Such emergency may be extended or shortened when conditions warrant.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.236)

3-3-34 ALL-NIGHT PARKING PROHIBITED

No person, except physicians or other persons on emergency calls, shall park a vehicle on any street marked to prohibit all night parking and giving notice thereof, for a period of time longer than thirty minutes between the hours of 2 a.m. and 5 a.m. of any day.

3-3-35 TRUCK PARKING LIMITED

Trucks licensed for five tons or more shall not be parked at the following locations on the streets named:

MISCELLANEOUS DRIVING RULES

3-3-36 VEHICLES NOT TO BE DRIVEN ON SIDEWALKS

The driver of a vehicle shall not drive upon or within any sidewalk area.

3-3-37 CLINGING TO VEHICLES

No person shall drive a motor vehicle on the streets of this City unless all passengers of the vehicle are inside the vehicle in the place intended for their accommodation. No person shall ride on the running board of a motor vehicle or in any other place not customarily used for carrying passengers. No person riding upon any bicycle, coaster, roller skates, sled or toy vehicle shall attach the same or himself or herself to any vehicle upon a roadway.

3-3-38 PARKING FOR CERTAIN PURPOSES PROHIBITED

No person shall park a vehicle upon the roadway for the principal purpose of:

- 1. Displaying such vehicle for sale.
- 2. Displaying advertising.
- 3. Selling merchandise from the vehicle except in a duly established market place or when so authorized or licensed under the Ordinances of this City.
- 4. Storage or as junk or dead storage for more than forty-eight hours.

3-3-39 DRIVING THROUGH FUNERAL OR OTHER PROCESSION

No driver of any vehicle shall drive between the vehicles comprising a funeral or other authorized procession while they are in motion and when the vehicles are conspicuously designated as required in this chapter. This provision shall not apply at intersections where traffic is controlled by traffic-control signals or police officers.

3-3-40 DRIVERS IN A PROCESSION

Each driver in a funeral or other procession shall drive as near to the right-hand edge of the roadway as practical and shall follow the vehicle ahead as closely as is practical and safe.

3-3-41 FUNERAL PROCESSIONS TO BE IDENTIFIED

A funeral procession composed of vehicles shall be identified as such by the display upon the outside of each vehicle of a pennant or other identifying insignia or by such other method as may be determined and designated by the police department.

3-3-42 LOAD RESTRICTIONS UPON VEHICLES USING CERTAIN STREETS

When signs are erected giving notice thereof, no person shall operate any vehicle licensed in excess of the amounts specified on the signs at any time upon any of the following streets within the City and none other:

3-3-43 TRUCK ROUTES

- 1. Every motor vehicle licensed for five tons or more, having no fixed terminal within the City or making no scheduled or definite stops within the City for the purpose of loading or unloading, shall travel over or upon the following streets within the City and none other:
- 2. Any motor vehicle licensed for five tons or more, having a fixed terminal, making a scheduled or definite stop within the City for the purpose of loading or unloading, shall proceed over or upon the designated routes set out in this section to the nearest point of its scheduled or definite stop and shall proceed thereto, load or unload and return, by the most direct route to its point of departure from the designated route.
- 3. The owner, or any other person, employing or otherwise directing the driver of any vehicle shall not require or knowingly permit the operation of such vehicle upon a street in any manner contrary to this section.

3-3-44 VEHICULAR NOISE

- 1. It shall be unlawful for any person to make, continue or cause any disturbing, excessive or offensive noise which results in discomfort or annoyance to any reasonable person of normal sensitivity by means of radio, compact disk player, stereo, speakers, cassette tape player or similar sound device in a motor vehicle.
- 2. The operation of any radio, compact disk player, stereo, speakers, cassette tape player or similar sound device in such a manner so as to be audible at a distance of two hundred (200') from the motor vehicle shall constitute evidence of a prima facie violation of this section.

3-3-45 ENGINE AND COMPRESSION BRAKES

1. It shall be unlawful for the driver of any vehicle to use or operate or cause to be used or operated within the City, any engine brake, compression brake or mechanical exhaust device designed to aid in the braking or deceleration of any vehicle that results in excessive, loud, unusual or explosive noise from such vehicle.

2. The usage of an engine brake, compression brake or mechanical exhaust device designed to aid in braking or deceleration in such a manner so as to be audible at a distance of three hundred feet (300') from the motor vehicle shall constitute evidence of a prima facie violation of this section.

BICYCLE REGULATIONS

3-3-46 **DEFINITIONS**

For the purpose of this chapter the following terms are defined:

1. "Bicycles" shall mean either of the following:

a. A device having two wheels and having at least one saddle or seat for the use of a rider which is propelled by human power.

b. A device having two or more wheels with fully operable peddles and an electric motor less than seven hundred fifty watts (one horsepower), whose maximum speed on a paved level surface, when powered solely by such a motor while ridden, is less than twenty miles per hour.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.1)

3-3-47 TRAFFIC CODE APPLIES TO PERSONS RIDING BICYCLES

Every person riding a bicycle upon a roadway shall be granted all of the rights and shall be subject to all of the duties applicable to drivers of vehicles by the laws of this State regarding rules of the road applicable to vehicles or by the traffic Ordinances of this City applicable to drivers of vehicles, except as to those provisions which by their nature can have no application. Whenever a person dismounts from a bicycle such person shall be subject to all regulations applicable to pedestrians.

3-3-48 RIDING ON BICYCLES

A person propelling a bicycle shall not ride other than astride a permanent and regular seat.

No bicycle shall be used to carry more persons at one time than the number for which it is designed and equipped.

3-3-49 RIDING ON ROADWAYS AND BICYCLE PATHS

Every person operating a bicycle upon a roadway shall ride as near to the right-hand side of the roadway as practicable, exercising due care when passing a standing vehicle or one proceeding in the same direction.

Persons riding bicycles upon a roadway shall not ride more than two (2) abreast except on paths or parts of roadways set aside for the exclusive use of bicycles.

Whenever a usable path for bicycles has been provided adjacent to a roadway, bicycle riders shall use such path and shall not use the roadway.

3-3-50 SPEED

No person shall operate a bicycle at a speed greater than is reasonable and prudent under existing conditions.

3-3-51 EMERGING FROM ALLEY OR DRIVEWAY

The operators of a bicycle emerging from an alley, driveway, or building shall, upon approaching a sidewalk or the sidewalk area extending across any alleyway, yield the right of way to all pedestrians approaching on the sidewalk or sidewalk area, and upon entering the roadway shall yield the right of way to all vehicles approaching on said roadway.

3-3-52 CARRYING ARTICLES

No person operating a bicycle shall carry any package, bundle, or article which prevents the rider from keeping at least one hand upon the handle bars.

3-3-53 PARKING

Bicycles shall be parked upon the roadway of a street against the curb, or upon the sidewalk in a rack to support bicycles, or against a building, or at the curb, in such a manner as to afford the least obstruction to pedestrian traffic.

3-3-54 RIDING ON SIDEWALKS

No person shall ride a bicycle on a sidewalk within a business district.

When signs are erected on a sidewalk or roadway prohibiting the riding of bicycles on the sidewalk or roadway, no person shall disobey such signs.

Whenever a person is riding a bicycle upon a sidewalk, the person shall yield the right of way to any pedestrian and shall give a timely audible signal before overtaking and passing a pedestrian.

3-3-55 LAMPS AND OTHER EQUIPMENT ON BICYCLES

Every bicycle when in use at nighttime shall be equipped with a lamp on the front that emits a white light visible from a distance of at least 500 feet to the front and with a red reflector on the rear of a type that is visible from all distances from 50 feet to 300 feet to the-rear when directly in front of lawful upper beams of head lamps on a motor vehicle. A lamp emitting a red light visible from a distance of 500 feet to the rear may be used in addition to the red reflector.

Every bicycle shall be equipped with a brake which will enable the operator to make the braked wheel skid on dry, level, clean pavement.

SNOWMOBILES

3-3-56 SNOWMOBILE DEFINITIONS

- 1. "Snowmobile" means a self-propelled vehicle designed for travel on snow or ice in a natural terrain steered by wheels, skis or runners.
- 2. "Operate" means to control the operation of a snowmobile.
- 3. "Operator" means a person who operates or is in actual control of a snowmobile.

3-3-57 PERMITTED AREAS OF OPERATION

Snowmobiles will be allowed to operate in the City as follows:

The route established herein shall be the only permitted snowmobile route and the snowmobiles shall be operated within the roadways of said public streets and shall also be subject to the following regulations.

3-3-58 REGULATIONS

It shall be unlawful for any person to operate a snowmobile under the following circumstances:

- 1. On private property of another without the express permission to do so by the owner or occupant of said property.
- 2. On public school grounds, park property, playgrounds, recreational areas and golf courses without express permission to do so by the proper public authority.
- 3. In a manner so as to create loud, unnecessary or unusual noise so as to disturb or interfere with the peace and quiet of other persons.
- 4. In a careless, reckless or negligent manner so as to endanger the safety of any person or property of any other person.
- 5. Without having such snowmobile registered as provided for by Iowa Statute except that this provision shall not apply to the operation of a snowmobile on the private property of the owner by the owner or a member of his immediate family.
- 6. Within the right-of-way of any public street or alley within the City unless the operator shall have a valid driver's license; or an instruction permit and accompanied by a qualified licensed driver.

7. No person shall operate a snowmobile in the City from _____ (____) p.m. to _____ (_____) a.m., except for the purpose of loading and unloading a snowmobile from another vehicle or trailer.

3-3-59 EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

All snowmobiles operated within the City shall have the following equipment:

- 1. Mufflers which are properly attached and which reduce the noise of operation of the vehicle to the minimum noise necessary for operating the vehicle and no person shall use a muffler cut-out, by-pass or similar device on said vehicle.
- 2. Adequate brakes in good operating condition and at least one headlight and one taillight in good operating condition.
- 3. A safety or so-called "dead-man" throttle in operating condition; a safety or "dead-man" throttle is defined as a device which when pressure is removed from the accelerator or throttle causes the motor to be disengaged from the driving track.

3-3-60 UNATTENDED VEHICLES

It is unlawful for the owner or operator to leave or allow a snowmobile to be or remain unattended on public property while the motor is running or the key left in the ignition.

3-3-61 **RESTRICTION OF OPERATION**

The City Council may, by resolution, prohibit the operation of snowmobiles within the right-of-way of the public roads, streets or alley or other City property within the City when the public safety and welfare so requires.

3-3-62 TRAFFIC REGULATION

Each person operating a snowmobile shall strictly observe all traffic signs and signals and all other traffic rules and regulations applicable thereto, and shall obey the orders and directions of any police officer of the City authorized to direct or regulate traffic.

OFF-ROAD VEHICLES

3-3-63 DEFINITIONS

For use in this chapter the following terms are defined:

1. "All-terrain vehicle" (ATV) means a motor vehicle designed to travel on three or more wheels and designed primarily for off-road recreational use. "All-terrain" vehicle includes off-road utility vehicles as defined in section 3211.1, but does not

include farm tractors or equipment, construction equipment, forestry vehicles, or lawn and grounds maintenance vehicles.

(Code of Iowa, Sec 321.1)

Off-road motorcycles shall be considered all-terrain vehicles for the purpose of registration. Off-road motorcycles shall also be considered all-terrain vehicles for the purpose of titling if a title has not previously been issued pursuant to Chapter

321. An operator of an off-road motorcycle is subject to provisions governing the operation of all-terrain vehicles in this chapter, but is exempt from the safety instruction and certification program requirements of Sections 321I.25 and 321I.26.

- 2. "Off-road motorcycle" means a two-wheeled motor vehicle that has a seat or saddle designed to be straddled by the operator and handlebars for steering control and that is intended by the manufacturer for use on natural terrain. "Off-road motorcycle" includes a motorcycle that was originally issued a certificate of title and registered for highway use under Chapter 321, but which contains design features that enable operation over natural terrain.
- 3. "Off-road utility vehicle" means a motorized flotation-tire vehicle with not less than four and not more than six low-pressure tires that is limited in engine displacement to less than one thousand five hundred cubic centimeters and in total dry weight to not more than one thousand eight hundred pounds and that has a steering wheel for control.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321I.1(1))

3-3-64 PROHIBITIONS

No person shall operate an ATV, off-road motorcycle or off-road utility vehicle in the city.

GOLF CARTS

3-3-68 DEFINITIONS

For use in this ordinance "golf cart" is defined as a motorized 4-wheeled vehicle designed to transport person(s) on a golf course.

3-3-69 OPERATION OF GOLF CARTS

Golf carts may be operated on City streets by persons possessing a valid driver's license provided that a special permit is obtained from the City Council. The application for a permit shall set forth that the applicant meets the requirements of this section, the proposed routes of the applicant, and a compelling need for issuance of the permit. The City Council may impose restrictions and conditions in addition to those set forth in this section and may deny an application when a compelling need for the permit is not demonstrated. A golf cart shall not be operated upon a City street which is a primary road extension, i.e., State or Federal highway,

but shall be allowed to cross a City street which is a primary road extension through the City. The golf cart shall be equipped with adequate brakes, a slow-moving vehicle sign, and a bicycle safety flag. The golf cart shall be operated only on the streets from sunrise to sunset. Golf carts operated on City streets need not be registered under Chapter 321 of the Code of Iowa

PENALTIES AND PROCEDURE ON ARREST

3-3-70 CITATION PLACED ON ILLEGALLY PARKED VEHICLE

Whenever any motor vehicle without a driver is found parked or stopped in violation of any of the restrictions imposed by any Ordinance of this City or State law, the officer finding such vehicle shall prepare a written parking citation giving the registration number, and other identifying information to such vehicle in a conspicuous place and directing the driver of the vehicle to appear at the place designated in the citation within seven days, or to pay the local scheduled fine established by the section titled "LOCAL PARKING FINES" in this chapter at the City Clerk's office as provided therein.

3-3-71 PRESUMPTION IN REFERENCE TO ILLEGAL PARKING

In any prosecution charging a violation of any parking Ordinance or State law governing the standing, stopping, or parking of a vehicle, proof that the particular vehicle described in the complaint was parked in violation of any such Ordinance or law, together with proof that the defendant named in the complaint was at the time of such parking violation the registered owner of such vehicle, shall constitute prima facie evidence that the registered owner of such vehicle was the person who parked or placed such vehicle at the point where, and for the time during which such violation occurred.

3-3-72 LOCAL PARKING FINES

Scheduled fines as follows are established, payable by mail or in person at the City Clerk's office within thirty days of the violation, for the following parking violations:

		Penalty After
		30 Days
1. Overtime parking	\$	\$
2. Prohibited parking	\$	\$
3. No parking zone	\$	\$
4. Blocking alley	\$	\$
5. Illegal parking	\$	\$
6. Street cleaning	\$	\$
7. Snow removal ban	\$	\$
8. Persons with disabilities parking	\$ 200.00	\$
	(Code of	Iowa, Sec. 321L.4(2))

3-3-73 FAILURE TO PAY PARKING CITATIONS

If a violator of the restrictions on stopping, standing, or parking under the parking Ordinances of this City or of State law fails to make payment of the scheduled fine as specified on a parking citation affixed to such motor vehicle within the thirty (30) days, the City shall send the owner of the motor vehicle to which the parking citation was affixed a letter informing the owner of the violation and warning that in the event the penalty is not paid within five days from date of mailing, a court citation will be issued requiring a court appearance and subjecting the violator to court costs.

TRAFFIC CODE 3-3

TITLE III COMMUNITY PROTECTION

CHAPTER 4 RESERVED

RESERVED 3-4

TITLE III COMMUNITY PROTECTION

CHAPTER 5 FIRE PROTECTION

- **3-5-1 Establishment and Purpose**
- **3-5-2 Volunteer Fire Fighters**
- **3-5-3** Fire Fighter's Duties

3-5-4 Worker's Compensation and Hospitalization Insurance
3-5-5 Liability Insurance
3-5-6 Fires Outside City Limits

3-5-1 ESTABLISHMENT AND PURPOSE

A volunteer fire department is hereby established to prevent and extinguish fires and to protect lives and property against fires, to promote fire prevention and fire safety, and to answer all emergency calls for which there is no other established agency.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.16)

3-5-2 VOLUNTEER FIRE FIGHTERS

The Stockport Volunteer Fire Department shall consist of not more than twenty-five members with a minimum of five members living within the city limits of Stockport, Iowa. Individuals shall be at least age (18) eighteen to be appointed as a volunteer fire fighter. Prior to appointment as a volunteer fire fighter and every four years thereafter a volunteer fire fighter must pass a medical physical examination.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 362.10)

3-5-3 FIRE FIGHTER'S DUTIES

When called by the Fire Chief, all fire fighters shall report for duty immediately in the manner directed by the Fire Chief. All firefighters shall be subject to call at any time. Firefighters shall obey strictly the commands of any other fire fighter who has been appointed by the Fire Chief to be in command temporarily. Fire fighters shall report for training as ordered by the Fire Chief.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 372.13(4))

3-5-4 WORKER'S COMPENSATION AND HOSPITALIZATION INSURANCE

The City Council shall contract to insure the City against liability for worker's compensation and against statutory liability for the costs of hospitalization, nursing, and medical attention for volunteer fire fighters. All volunteer fire fighters shall be covered by the contract.

3-5-5 LIABILITY INSURANCE

The City Council shall contract to insure against liability of the City or members of the department for injuries, death or property damage arising out of and resulting from the performance of departmental duties.

3-5-6 FIRES OUTSIDE CITY LIMITS

The department shall answer calls to fires and other emergencies outside the City limits if the Fire Chief determines that such emergency exists and that such action will not endanger

persons and property within the City limits or pursuant to an agreement with the County or Township.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.16)

TITLE III COMMUNITY PROTECTION

CHAPTER 6 CURFEW FOR MINORS

3-6-1 Preamble3-6-2 Findings and Purpose3-6-3 Definitions3-6-4 Offenses

3-6-5 Defenses3-6-6 Enforcement

3-6-1 PREAMBLE

The City of *Stockport* recognizes that all citizens including minors have certain inalienable rights and that among them are the rights of liberty and the pursuit of happiness. Further, all citizens including minors have the right to freedom of religion, freedom of speech, freedom of assembly, and of association. This section should be interpreted to avoid any construction that would result in the appearance of interference with the free exercise of religious worship and political association and this ordinance shall not be construed to mean that the City intends to interfere with a minor's freedom of association for political, economic, religious, or cultural matters or association for purposes such as marches, demonstrations, picketing, or prayer vigils which are otherwise lawful and peaceful assemblies.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.1)

3-6-2 FINDINGS AND PURPOSE

The City Council has determined that there has been an increase in juvenile violence and crime by persons under the age of 18 in the City of *Stockport*; and

Persons under the age of 18 are particularly susceptible by their lack of maturity and experience to participate in unlawful and gang-related activities and to be victims of older perpetrators of crime; and

The City of *Stockport* has an obligation to provide for the protection of minors from each other and from other persons, for the enforcement of parental control over and responsibility for children, for the protection of the general public, and for the reduction of the incidence of juvenile criminal activities.

3-6-3 DEFINITIONS

In this chapter:

- 1. Curfew hours mean 10:00 p.m. until 5:00 a.m. Sunday through Thursday, and 11:00 p.m. and 5:00 a.m. Friday and Saturday.
- 2. Emergency means an unforeseen combination of circumstances or the resulting state that calls for immediate action. The term includes, but is not limited to, a fire, a natural disaster, an automobile accident, or any situation requiring immediate action to prevent serious bodily injury or loss of life.

- 3. Establishment means any privately-owned place of business operated for a profit to which the public is invited, including but not limited to any place of amusement or entertainment.
- 4. Guardian means:
 - a. A person who, under court order, is the guardian of the person of a minor; or
 - b. A public or private agency with whom a minor has been placed by a court.
- 5. Minor means any person under age 18 years of age.
- 6. Operator means any individual, firm, association, partnership, or corporation operating, managing, or conducting any establishment. The term includes the members or partners of an association or partnership and the officers of a corporation.
- 7. Parent means a person who is:
 - a. A biological parent, adoptive parent, or step-parent of another person; or
 - b. At least 18 years of age and authorized by a parent or guardian to have the care and custody of a minor.
- 8. Public place means any place to which the public or a substantial group of the public has access and includes, but is not limited to, streets, highways, and the common areas of schools, hospitals, apartment houses, office buildings, transport facilities, and shops.
- 9. Remain means to:
 - a. Linger or stay; or
 - b. Fail to leave premises when requested to do so by a police officer or the owner, operator, or other person in control of the premises.
- 10. Serious Bodily Injury means bodily injury that creates a substantial risk of death or that causes death, serious permanent disfigurement, or protracted loss of impairment of the function of any bodily member or organ.

3-6-4 OFFENSES

- 1. A minor commits an offense if the minor remains in any public place or on the premises of any establishment within the City during curfew hours.
- 2. A parent or guardian of a minor commits an offense if they knowingly permit, or by insufficient control allow, the minor to remain in any public place or on the premises of any establishment within the City during curfew hours.

3. The owner, operator, or any employee of an establishment commits an offense if they knowingly allow a minor to remain upon the premises of the establishment during curfew hours.

3-6-5 DEFENSES

- 1. It is a defense to prosecution under this chapter that the minor was:
 - a. Accompanied by the minor's parent or guardian;
 - b. On an errand at the direction of the minor's parent or guardian, without any detour or stop;
 - c. In a motor vehicle involved in interstate travel;
 - d. Engaged in an employment activity, or going to or returning home from an employment activity, without any detour or stop;
 - e. Involved in an emergency;
 - f. On the sidewalk abutting the minor's residence or abutting the residence of a next-door neighbor if the neighbor did not complain to **the police department** about the minor's presence;
 - g. Attending an official school, religious, or other recreational activity supervised by adults and sponsored by the City of *Stockport*, a civic organization, or another similar entity that takes responsibility for the minor, or going to or returning home without any detour or stop, an official school, religious, or other recreational activity supervised by adults and sponsored by the City of *Stockport*, a civic organization, or another similar entity that takes responsibility for the minor;
 - h. Exercising First Amendment rights protected by the United States Constitution, such as the free exercise of religion, freedom of speech, and the right of assembly; or
 - i. Married or had been married.
- 2. It is a defense to prosecution under Subsection 3-6-4(3) that the owner, operator, or employee of an establishment promptly notified **the police department** that a minor was present on the premises of the establishment during curfew hours and refused to leave.

3-6-6 ENFORCEMENT

- 1. Before taking any enforcement action under this section, a police officer shall ask the apparent offender's age and reason for being in the public place. The officer shall not issue a citation or make an arrest under this section unless the officer reasonably believes that an offense has occurred and that, based on any response and other circumstances, no defense in Section 3-6-5 is present.
- 2. A minor who is in violation of this ordinance shall be reunited with the minor's parent or guardian or custodian or other adult taking the place of the parent or shall be taken home by the police officers of the City of *Stockport*.

"Editor's Note: The courts have carefully scrutinized curfew Ordinances and before enacting such an Ordinance, you should consult with your City Attorney. See Maquoketa v. Russell, 484 NW2d, 179 (Iowa 1992) and Quit v. Strauss, 8 F2d 260 (1993)."

TITLE III COMMUNITY PROTECTION

CHAPTER 7 REGULATING PEDDLERS, SOLICITORS AND TRANSIENT MERCHANTS

3-7-1 Definitions	3-7-7 Bond Required
3-7-2 Exemptions	3-7-8 Obstruction of Pedestrian or
3-7-3 Permits	Vehicular Traffic
3-7-4 Requirements	3-7-9 Display of Permit
3-7-5 Hours of Solicitation	3-7-10 Permit Not Transferable
3-7-6 Consumer Protection Law	3-7-11 Revocation of Permit

3-7-1 DEFINITIONS

For use in this chapter, the following terms are defined as follows:

- 1. A "peddler" is any person carrying or transporting goods or merchandise who sells or offers for sale for immediate delivery such goods or merchandise from house-to-house or upon the public street.
- 2. A "solicitor" is any person who solicits or attempts to solicit from house-to-house or upon public streets orders for commercial goods, wares, subscriptions, publications, periodicals, merchandise, or services to be delivered or fulfilled at a future date.

For the purposes of this chapter, "solicitor" does not include a person who contacts another person at such person's residence without prior invitation to enlist support for or against, or solicit funds for patriotic, philanthropic, charitable, political, or religious purposes, whether or not there is an incidental purpose involving the sale of some goods or service.

3. A "transient merchant" includes every merchant, whether an individual person, a firm, corporation, partnership, or association, who brings or causes to be brought within the municipality any goods, wares, or merchandise of any kind, nature, or description, with the intention of temporarily or intermittently selling or offering to sell at retail such goods, wares, or merchandise. Temporary association with a local merchant, dealer, trader, or auctioneer, for conducting such transient business in connection with, as part of, or in the name of any local merchant, dealer, trader, or auctioneer, does not exempt any such person, firm, or corporation from being considered a transient merchant.

The provisions of this chapter shall not be construed to apply to persons selling at wholesale to merchants, nor to persons running a huckster wagon, or selling or distributing livestock feeds, fresh meats, fish, fruit, or vegetables, nor to persons selling their own work or production either by themselves or their employees.

3-7-2 EXEMPTIONS

The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to nonprofit civic, charitable, religious, or educational groups engaged in retail sale for the purposes of fund raising.

3-7-3 PERMITS

Before any person or organization engages in any of the practices defined herein, they must comply with all applicable ordinances, and must also obtain from the City Clerk a permit in accordance with the provisions of sections 3-7-4 and 3-7-5. This permit shall extend no longer than sixty (60) days. A fee of \$5.00 shall be paid at the time of registration to cover the cost of investigation and issuance.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 9C.2)

3-7-4 REQUIREMENTS

Any applicant engaged in any activity described in 3-7-1 of this chapter must file with the City Clerk an application in writing that gives the following information:

- 1. Name and social security number.
- 2. Permanent and local addresses and, in case of transient merchants, the local address from which proposed sales will be made.
- 3. A brief description of the nature of the sales method.
- 4. Name and address of the firm for or on whose behalf the orders are solicited, or the supplier of the goods offered for sale.
- 5. Length of time for which the permit is desired.
- 6. A statement as to whether or not the applicant has been convicted of any crime, and if so, the date, the nature of the offense, and the name of the court imposing the penalty.
- 7. Motor vehicle make, model, year, color, and registration number, if a vehicle is to be used in the proposed solicitation.

3-7-5 HOURS OF SOLICITATION

No person may conduct those activities described in section 3-7-1 except between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. on each day, and no solicitation shall be done on Sundays or legal holidays.

3-7-6 CONSUMER PROTECTION LAW

All solicitors and peddlers shall be informed of, agree to comply with, and comply with the State law, Section 555A.3, Code of Iowa, requiring a notice of cancellation to be given in duplicate, properly filled out, to each buyer to whom such person sells a product or service and, comply with the other requirements of the law.

3-7-7 BOND REQUIRED

Before a permit under this chapter is issued, each person subject to this ordinance shall post with the Clerk, a bond, by a surety company authorized to insure the fidelity of others in Iowa, in the amount of \$1,000 to the effect that the registrant and the surety consent to the forfeiture of the principal sum of the bond or such part thereof as may be necessary: (1) to indemnify the City for any penalties or costs occasioned by the enforcement of this chapter, and (2) to make payment of any judgment rendered against the registrant as a result of a claim or litigation arising out of or in connection with the registrant's peddling or solicitation. The bond shall not be retired until one year from the expiration of the permit.

3-7-8 OBSTRUCTION OF PEDESTRIAN OR VEHICULAR TRAFFIC

No person, while engaged in any of the practices described in section 3-7-1, shall block or obstruct the path of any pedestrian or vehicular traffic, or block or obstruct any way of ingress or egress to roads, buildings, or other enclosures or conveyances, including, but not limited to, vehicles, elevators, and escalators.

3-7-9 DISPLAY OF PERMIT

Each solicitor or peddler shall at all times while doing business in this City keep in his or her possession the permit provided for in Section 3-7-3 of this chapter, and shall, upon the request of prospective customers, exhibit the permit as evidence that he or she has complied with all requirements of this chapter. Each transient merchant shall display publicly the permit in his or her place of business.

3-7-10 PERMIT NOT TRANSFERABLE

Permits issued under the provisions of this chapter are not transferable in any situation and are to be applicable only to the person filing the application.

3-7-11 REVOCATION OF PERMIT

The City Council after notice and hearing may revoke any permit issued under this ordinance where the permittee in the application for the permit or in the course of conducting his or her business has made fraudulent or incorrect statements or has violated this ordinance or has otherwise conducted business in an unlawful manner.

REGULATING PEDDLERS, ETC. 3-7

TITLE III COMMUNITY PROTECTION

CHAPTER 8 RESERVED

RESERVED 3-8

TITLE III COMMUNITY PROTECTION

CHAPTER 9 ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES

3-9-1 Purpose

3-9-3 Action by Council **3-9-4** Transfers

3-9-2 Required Obedience to Provisions of this chapter and State Law

3-9-1 PURPOSE

The purpose of this chapter is to provide for administration of licenses and permits and for local regulations and procedures for the conduct of the sale and consumption of beer, wine, and liquor, for the protection of the safety, health, and general welfare of this community.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.1)

3-9-2 REQUIRED OBEDIENCE TO PROVISIONS OF THIS CHAPTER AND STATE LAW

The following sections of the Iowa Code are hereby adopted by reference:

1.	123.2 and 123.3	General Prohibition and Definitions
2.	123.18	Favors From Licensee or Permittee
3.	123.22	State Monopoly
4.	123.28	Restrictions on Transportation
5.	123.30	Liquor Control Licenses - Classes
6.	123.31	Application Contents
7.	123.33	Records
8.	123.34	Expiration - License or Permit
9.	123.35	Simplified Renewal Procedure
10.	123.36	Liquor Fees - Sunday Sales
11.	123.38	Nature of Permit or License - Surrender - Transfer
12.	123.39	Suspension or Revocation of License or Permit - Civil Penalty
13.	123.40	Effect of Revocation
14.	123.44	Gifts of Liquors Prohibited

15.	123.46	Consumption in Public Places - Intoxication - Right to Chemical Test- Notifications - Exoneration
16.	123.47	Persons Under The Legal Age - Penalty
17.	123.49	Miscellaneous Prohibitions
18.	123.50	Criminal and Civil Penalties
19.	123.51	Advertisements for Alcoholic Liquor, Wine or Beer
20.	123.52	Prohibited Sale
21.	123.90	Penalties Generally
22.	123.95	Premises Must Be Licensed - Exception as to Conventions and Social Gatherings
23.	123.122 throu	agh 123.145 Beer Provisions (Division II)
24.	123.150	Sunday Sales Before New Year's Day
25.	123.171 throu	ugh 123.182 Wine Provisions (Division V)
26.	321.284	Open Containers in Motor Vehicles - Drivers
27.	321.284A	Open Containers in Motor Vehicles - Passengers

3-9-3 ACTION BY COUNCIL

The City Council shall approve or disapprove the application. Action taken by the City Council shall be endorsed on the application. The application, fee, penal bond, and certificate of dram shop liability insurance (if applicable) shall be forwarded to the Iowa Alcoholic Beverages Division for further action as provided by law.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 123.32(2))

3-9-4 TRANSFERS

The City Council may, in its discretion, authorize a licensee or permittee to transfer the license or permit from one location to another within the City, provided that the premises to which the transfer is to be made would have been eligible for a license or permit in the first instance and the transfer will not result in the violation of any law or Ordinance. An applicant for a transfer shall file with the application for transfer proof of dram shop liability insurance and penal bond covering the premises to which the license is to be transferred.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 123.38)

TITLE III COMMUNITY PROTECTION

CHAPTER 10 JUNK AND ABANDONED VEHICLES

- 3-10-1 Purpose
- **3-10-2** Definitions
- 3-10-3 Removal of Abandoned Vehicles
- 3-10-4 Notification of Owners and Lien Holders
- **3-10-5** Impoundment Fees and Bonds
- **3-10-6** Hearing Procedures
- 3-10-7 Auction or Disposal of Abandoned Vehicles
- 3-10-8 Junk Vehicles Declared a Nuisance

- **3-10-9** Notice to Abate
- 3-10-10 Abatement by Municipality
- 3-10-11 Collection of Cost of Abatement
- 3-10-12 Exceptions

3-10-13 Interference with Enforcement

3-10-1 PURPOSE

The purpose of this chapter is to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the citizens and safety of property of this City by providing for removal of abandoned motor vehicles and the elimination of the open storage of abandoned and junk motor vehicles and machinery except in authorized places.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.1)

3-10-2 DEFINITIONS

For the purpose of this chapter, the following terms are defined as follows:

- 1. "Abandoned vehicle" means any of the following:
 - a. A vehicle that has been left unattended on public property for more than twenty-four hours and lacks current registration plates or two or more wheels or other parts which render the vehicle inoperable; or unsafe or
 - b. A vehicle that has remained illegally on public property for more than twenty-four hours; or
 - c. A vehicle that has been unlawfully parked on private property or has been placed on private property without the consent of the owner or person in control of the property for more than twenty-four hours; or
 - d. A vehicle that has been legally impounded by order of the **Chief of Police** and has not been reclaimed for a period of ten (10) days; or
 - e. Any vehicle parked on the street determined by the **Chief of Police** to create a hazard to other vehicular traffic.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.89(1)(a))

- 2. "Private property" means any real property within the City which is not public property as defined in this section.
- 3. "Public property" means any public right-of-way open for the purposes of vehicular travel.
- 4. A "junk vehicle" means any vehicle without current license plates or which has any one of the following characteristics:
 - a. Any vehicle with a broken or cracked windshield, or window or headlight or any other cracked or broken glass.
 - b. Any vehicle with a broken or loose fender, door or bumper or hood or door handle or window handle or steering wheel, trunk top or trunk handle or tail pipe.
 - c. Any vehicle which has become the habitat of rats, mice, or snakes, or any other vermin or insects.
 - d. Any motor vehicle if it lacks an engine or two or more wheels or other structural parts which render said motor vehicle totally inoperable.
 - e. Any other vehicle which, because of its defective or obsolete condition, in any other way constitutes a threat to the public health and safety.

(Cedar Falls v. Flett 330 N.W. 2nd 251, 253, Iowa 1983)

5. "Vehicle" means every device in, upon, or by which a person or property is or may be transported or drawn upon a highway or street, excepting devices moved by human power or used exclusively upon stationary rails or tracks, and shall include without limitation a motor vehicle, automobile, truck, trailer, motorcycle, tractor, buggy, wagon, farm machinery, or any combination thereof.

3-10-3 REMOVAL OF ABANDONED VEHICLES

- 1. The Chief of Police or Mayor may, without prior notice or hearing, remove and impound any abandoned vehicle as defined in section 3-10-2 (1). The Chief of Police or Mayor may hire other personnel, equipment, and facilities for the purpose of removing, preserving, storing, or disposing of abandoned vehicles.
- 2. The impoundment and storage of all vehicles pursuant to this chapter shall be in such areas or places designated by the City Council.
- 3. When a vehicle is taken into custody and impounded under the provisions of this chapter, the Chief of Police or Mayor if the Chief of Police is unavailable, shall maintain a record of the vehicle, listing the color, year of manufacture, manufacture's trade

name, body style, vehicle identification number, and license plate and year displayed on the vehicle. The records shall include the date and hour of tow, location towed from, location towed to, person or firm doing the towing, reason for towing, and the name of the officer authorizing the tow.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.89(2))

4. Nothing in this chapter shall govern the procedures of any police officer in taking into custody and impounding any vehicle to be used or proposed to be used as evidence in a criminal case involving crimes other than violations of this chapter.

3-10-4 NOTIFICATION OF OWNERS AND LIEN HOLDERS

- 1. When a vehicle is taken into custody under the provisions of this chapter or under any provisions of State law, the Chief of Police or Mayor if the Chief of Police is unavailable, shall notify, within three (3) days, by certified mail with five (5) days return receipt, the last known registered owner of the vehicle, all lienholders of record, and any other known claimant to the vehicle or to personal property found in the vehicle, addressed to their last known addresses of record, that the abandoned vehicle has been taken into custody. Notice shall be deemed given when mailed. The notice shall:
 - a. Describe the year, make, model, and serial number of the vehicle.
 - b. Describe the personal property found in the vehicle.
 - c. Describe the location of the facility where the vehicle is being held.
 - d. Inform the persons receiving notice:
 - 1) of their right to reclaim the vehicle and personal property within ten (10) days after the effective date of the notice;
 - 2) that the right can be exercised upon payment of all towing, preservation, notice, and storage charges resulting from placing the vehicle in custody;
 - 3) that failure of the owner or lienholders to exercise their right to reclaim the vehicle within the reclaiming period shall be deemed a waiver by the owner and all lienholders of all right, title, claim, and interest in the vehicle;
 - 4) that failure to reclaim the vehicle is deemed consent to the sale of the vehicle at a public auction or disposal of the vehicle to a demolisher.
 - e. State that any person claiming rightful possession of the vehicle or personal property who disputes the planned disposition of the vehicle or personal property by the Chief of Police or the assessment of fees and charges provided by this chapter may request a hearing to contest these matters in accordance with the provisions of Section 3-10-6.

- f. State that a request for a hearing must be in writing and received by the department prior to the expiration of the ten day reclaiming period.
- g. State that in the event a hearing is requested immediate release of the vehicle may be obtained by posting a cash bond as required by Section 3-10-5.
 (Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.89(3)(a))
- 2. The owner, leinholders or any person receiving notice may, by written request received by the Chief of Police prior to the expiration of the ten day reclaiming period, obtain an additional fourteen (14) days within which the vehicle may be reclaimed.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.89(3)(a))

- 3. Notice by one publication in one newspaper of general circulation in the area where the vehicle was abandoned shall be sufficient to meet the requirements of this chapter. The published notice may contain multiple listings of abandoned vehicles but shall be published within the same time requirements and shall contain the same information as prescribed for mailed notice in this section. Published notice shall be used if:
 - a. the identity of the last registered owner cannot be determined, or
 - b. the registration contains no address for the owner, or
 - c. it is impossible to determine with reasonable certainty the identity and address of all lienholders. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.89(3)(b))
- 4. If the persons receiving notice do not request a hearing or exercise their right to reclaim the vehicle or personal property within the reclaiming period, the owner of the vehicle or owners of the personal property shall no longer have any right, title, claim, or interest in or to the vehicle.
- No court in any case in law or equity shall recognize any right, title, claim, or interest of the owner and lienholders after the ten day reclaiming period. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.89(3))

3-10-5 IMPOUNDMENT FEES AND BONDS

- 1. Before the owner or other person lawfully entitled to possession of any vehicle that has been impounded under the provisions of this chapter or any other provision of law may recover such vehicle, such person shall present to the Chief of Police or Mayor if the Chief of Police is unavailable, evidence of such person's identity and right to possession of the vehicle, shall sign a receipt for its return, and shall pay the costs of:
 - a. an impoundment fee

- b. towing charges
- c. preservation charges
- d. storage charges
- e. notice charges (Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.89(3)(a))
- 2. The amount of the charges specified in a-e shall be set by the City Council. The notice charges shall be limited to the actual cost.
- 3. If a hearing is requested under Section 3-10-4 (1)(e), the owner or person lawfully entitled to possession of the vehicle shall be permitted to secure the immediate release of the vehicle upon posting a cash bond in an amount equal to the sum of:
 - c. the fees required by Section 3-10-5 (1)
 - d. the amount of the fine or penalty for each violation for which there is an outstanding or otherwise unsettled traffic violation notice or warrant.

3-10-6 HEARING PROCEDURES

1. The registered owner, any lienholder of record, or duly authorized agents thereof, may object to the legality of the impoundment or the assessment of fees and request a hearing thereon. No person shall be entitled to more than one hearing on each impoundment. Upon receipt of a timely objection to the impoundment, the objector shall be informed of the reason for the impoundment and a hearing shall be held,

without unnecessary delay, before the City Council pursuant to Section 1-4-1 et seq. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.89(3))

3-10-7 AUCTION OR DISPOSAL OF ABANDONED VEHICLES

The Chief of Police shall follow the procedures in State law for the auction or disposal of abandoned vehicles.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 321.89(4))

3-10-8 JUNK VEHICLES DECLARED A NUISANCE

Except as hereinafter provided, it is hereby declared that the parking, leaving, or storage of a junk vehicle upon either public or private property within the corporate limits of the City of *Stockport*, Iowa, constitutes a threat to the health and safety of the citizens and is a nuisance within the meaning of Section 657.1 of the Code of Iowa. If any junk vehicle is stored upon private property or public property in violation thereof, the owner of the property shall be liable for said violation.

3-10-9 NOTICE TO ABATE

- 1. Whenever the *Chief of Police or* Mayor if the Chief of Police is unavailable, shall find a junk vehicle placed or stored on private property within the City in violation of Section 3-10-8, the Chief of Police shall notify, by certified mail with five (5) days return receipt, the following persons:
 - a. the owner of the property
 - b. the occupant of the property
- 2. The notice to abate shall:
 - a. describe, to the extent possible, the year, make, model, and color of the vehicle
 - b. describe the location of the vehicle
 - c. state that the vehicle constitutes a nuisance under the provisions of this chapter
 - d. state that the owner of the property shall remove or repair the said junk vehicle within ten (10) days

3-10-10 ABATEMENT BY MUNICIPALITY

If the person notified to abate a nuisance or condition neglects or fails to abate as directed, the City may perform the required action to abate, keeping an accurate account of the expense incurred. The itemized expense account shall be filed with the City Clerk who shall pay such expenses on behalf of the municipality.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(3)(h))

<u>3-10-11</u> <u>COLLECTION OF COST OF ABATEMENT</u>

The Clerk shall mail a statement of the total expense incurred to the property owner who has failed to abide by the notice to abate, and if the amount shown by the statement has not been paid within one month, the Clerk shall certify the costs to the County Treasurer and the costs shall then be collected with, and in the same manner, as general property taxes.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(3)(h))

<u>3-10-12</u> EXCEPTIONS

This chapter shall not apply to the following:

- 1. A vehicle in an enclosed building.
- 2. A vehicle on the premises of a business enterprise operated in a district properly zoned therefor, as authorized under the Zoning Ordinance or restricted residence district of this City, when necessary to the operation of said business enterprise.

3. A vehicle in an appropriate storage space or depository maintained in a lawful place and lawful manner by this City.

3-10-13 INTERFERENCE WITH ENFORCEMENT

No person shall interfere in any way with the enforcement provision of this chapter.

TITLE III COMMUNITY PROTECTION

CHAPTER 11 DRUG PARAPHERNALIA

3-11-1 Definitions 3-11-2 Exemption 3-11-3 Prohibition

3-11-1 DEFINITIONS

As used in this Section, "drug paraphernalia" means all equipment, products, or materials of any kind used or attempted to be used in combination with a controlled substance, except those items used in combination with the lawful use of a controlled substance, to knowingly or intentionally and primarily do any of the following:

- 1. Manufacture a controlled substance.
- 2. Inject, ingest, inhale, or otherwise introduce into the human body a controlled substance.
- 3. Test the strength, effectiveness, or purity of a controlled substance.
- 4. Enhance the effect of a controlled substance.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 124.414)

3-11-2 EXEMPTION

"Drug paraphernalia" does not include hypodermic needles or syringes if manufactured, delivered, sold, or possessed for a lawful purpose.

(Code of Iowa. Sec. 124.414)

3-11-3 PROHIBITION

It is unlawful for any person to knowingly or intentionally manufacture, deliver, sell, or possess drug paraphernalia.

DRUG PARAPHERNALIA 3-11

TITLE III COMMUNITY PROTECTION CHAPTER 12 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

Section 1. PURPOSE. In order to reduce the danger to public health, safety and welfare from the spills of hazardous substances, these regulations are promulgated to establish the responsibility for the removal and cleanup of spills within the city limits.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS. For the purpose of Chapter 20A and use within this Ordinance, the following terms are defined:

- A. "Hazardous waste" means those wastes which are included by the definition in section 455B.411, subsection 3, paragraph a, Code of Iowa, and the rules of the Iowa Department of Natural Resources.
- B. "Hazardous substance" means any substance as defined in section 455B.381, subsection 1, Code of Iowa.
- C. "Hazardous condition" means the same as set out in section 455B.381, subsection 2, Code of Iowa.
- Person having control over a hazardous substance" means the same as set out in Section 455B.381, subsection 8, Code of Iowa.
- E. "Cleanup" means the same as set out in section 455B.381, subsection 6, Code of Iowa.
- F. "Treatment" means a method, technique, or process, including neutralization, designed to change the physical, chemical or biological character or composition of a hazardous substance so as to neutralize it or to render the substance nonhazardous, safe for transport, amenable for recovery, amenable for storage, or to reduce it in volume. Treatment include any activity or processing designed to change the physical form or chemical composition of hazardous substance substance to render it nonhazardous.

Section 3. CLEANUP REQUIRED. Whenever a hazardous condition is created by the deposit, injection, dumping, spilling, leaking or placing of a hazardous waste or substance, so that the hazardous substance or waste or a constituent of the hazardous waste or substance may enter the environment or be emitted into the air or discharged into any waters, including grown water, the responsible person shall cause the condition to be remedied by a cleanup, as defined in the proceeding section, as rapidly as feasible to be acceptable, safe condition. The costs of cleanup shall be borne by the person having control over a hazardous substance. If the person having control over the substance does not cause the cleanup to begin in a reasonable time in relation to the hazard and the circumstances of the incident, the city may proceed to procure

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS 3-12

cleanup services and bill the responsible person. If the bill for those services is not paid within thirty (30) days, the city attorney shall proceed to obtain payment by all legal means. If the cost of the cleanup is beyond the capacity of the city to finance it, the authorized officer shall report to the council and immediately seek any state or federal funds available for said cleanup.

Section 4. NOTIFICATIONS. The first city officers or employee who arrives at the scene of an accident involving hazardous substances, if not a peace officer, shall notify the policy department which shall notify the proper state office in the manner established by the state.

Section 5. Any violation of this ordinance shall constitute a municipal infraction and the city may proceed to enforce this ordinance by issuing a civil citation under 1-3-2 of this Code of Ordinances and complying with the requirements of section 364.22 of the Code of Iowa.

TITLE IV MENTAL AND PHYSICAL HEALTH

CHAPTER 1 ANIMAL CONTROL

4-1-1 Definitions 4-1-2 Immunization 4-1-3 At Large Prohibited 4-1-4 Animal Nuisances 4-1-5 Impounding 4-1-6 Cruelty to Animals
4-1-7 Exhibitions and Fights
4-1-8 Dangerous Animals
4-1-9 Keeping a Vicious Dog or Cat
4-1-10 Keeping Specified Animals

4-1-1 DEFINITIONS

For use in this Chapter, the following terms are defined as follows:

1. The term "dogs" shall mean both male and female animals of the canine species whether altered or not.

2. The term "at large" shall mean any licensed or unlicensed animal found off the premises of the owner and not under the control of a competent person, restrained within a motor vehicle, housed in a veterinary hospital or kennel, on a leash or "at heel" beside a competent person and obedient to that person's command.

3. The term "owner" shall mean any person or persons, firm, association or corporation owning, keeping, sheltering or harboring an animal. (Code of Iowa Sec. 351.2)

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 351.2)

4-1-2 IMMUNIZATION

All dogs six (6) months or older shall be vaccinated against rabies. It shall be a violation of this ordinance for any dog to not be vaccinated against rabies. A tag showing evidence of proper vaccination shall be worn by every dog when not confined.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 351.33)

4-1-3 AT LARGE PROHIBITED

No owner or person having custody of an animal shall permit such animal to run at large. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 351.41)

4-1-4 ANIMAL NUISANCES

It shall be unlawful for any person to permit an animal under such person's control or within such person's custody to commit a nuisance. An animal shall be considered a nuisance if it:

1. Damages, soils, defiles or defecates on private property other than the owner's or on public walks and recreation areas unless such waste is immediately removed and properly disposed of by the owner.

2. Causes unsanitary, dangerous or offensive conditions.

3. Causes a disturbance by excessive barking or other noise making or chases vehicles, or molests attacks or interferes with persons or other domestic animals on public property.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 657.1)

4-1-5 IMPOUNDING

1. Any dog found at large in violation of Section 4-1-2 and 4-1-3 of this Chapter may be seized and impounded, or, at the discretion of the Mayor, City Council, or authorized representative or the City, the owner may be served a summons to appear before a proper court to answer charges made thereunder.

2. Owners shall be notified with two (2) days that upon payment of impoundment fees plus cost of food and care in a reasonable amount, as required by the impounding facility, the dog will be returned. If the impounded dogs are not recovered by their owners within seven (7) days after notice, they shall be disposed of in a humane manner as directed by the procedures of the facility where the dog is impounded.

3. Impounded dogs may be recovered by the owner, upon proper identification, by payment of the impounding fee and boarding costs, as prescribed by the impounding facility, and the costs of vaccination as required by Section 4-1-2. If such dogs are not claimed within seven (7) days after notice, they shall be disposed of in a humane manner as directed by the procedures of the facility where the dog is impounded.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 351.37)

4. Any animal found to have bitten a person or other animal shall be confined as directed by the Mayor. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 351.39)

5. This section shall not apply to a law enforcement dog or horse used by the law enforcement agency that is acting in the performance of its duties, which has bitten a person. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 351.39)

4-1-6 CRUELTY TO ANIMALS

No person shall torture, mutilate, cruelly beat, or cruelly kill any animal, or unnecessarily fail to provide the same with proper and clean food, water, shelter, protection from the weather, or drive or work the same when unfit for labor, or cruelly abandon the same or cause the same to be cruelly carried on any vehicle or otherwise; or commit any other act or omission by which unjustifiable pain, distress, suffering or death is caused or permitted by any animal or animals, whether the acts or omissions herein contemplated are committed either maliciously, willfully, or negligently.

4-1-7 EXHIBITIONS AND FIGHTS

No person shall arrange, promote, or stage an exhibition at which any animal is tormented, beat, injured, or killed, or any fight between animals or between a person and an animal, or shall keep a place where such exhibitions and fights are staged for the entertainment of speculators.

4-1-8 DANGEROUS ANIMALS

1. **Dangerous Animals Prohibited.** No person shall keep, shelter, or harbor for any purpose within the City limits, a dangerous animal.

2. **Definitions.** A dangerous animal is:

a) Any animal which is not naturally tame or gentle, and which is of a wild nature or disposition, and which is capable of killing, inflicting serious injury upon, or causing disease among human beings or domestic animals, and having known tendencies as a species to do so.

b) The following are animals which shall be deemed to be dangerous per se:

1) Lions, tigers, jaguars, leopards, cougars, lynx, and bobcats;

2) Wolves, coyotes, and foxes;

3) Badgers, wolverines, weasels, and mink;

4) Raccoons;

5) Bears;

6) Monkeys, chimpanzees, and apes;

7) Alligators and crocodiles;

8) Scorpions and gila monsters;

9) Snakes that are constrictors;

c) Any animals declared to be dangerous by the City Council.

3. **Dangerous Animals Exceptions.** The keeping of dangerous animals shall not be prohibited in the following circumstances:

a) The keeping of dangerous animals in a public zoo, bona fide educational or medical institution, humane society, or museum where they are kept as live specimen for the public view, or for the purpose of instruction, research or study, and has obtained the written approval of the City Council.

4-1-9 KEEPING A VICIOUS DOG OR CAT

It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to harbor or keep a vicious dog or cat within the City. A vicious cat or dog is deemed so when it shall have attacked or bitten any person (without provocation), or when the propensity to attack or bite persons shall exist and such propensity is known or ought reasonably be known to the owner thereof.

4-1-10 KEEPING SPECIFIED ANIMALS

It is unlawful and constitutes a nuisance for any person or persons to collect, keep, feed or maintain within the City limits any swine, cow, sheep or goats, equine or other exotic animals within any pen, building, yard, shed, or enclosure within the City limits without prior approval from City Council.

ANIMAL CONTROL 4-1

TITLE V HUMAN DEVELOPMENT - EDUCATION AND CULTURE

CHAPTER 1 LIBRARY SERVICES

- 5-1-1 Public Library
- 5-1-2 Library Trustees
- 5-1-3 Qualifications of Trustees
- 5-1-4 Organization of the Board
- 5-1-5 Powers and Duties

the Use of the Library 5-1-7 Non-Resident Use of the Library

5-1-6 Power to Contract with Others for

- 5-1-8 Library Accounts
- 5-1-9 Annual Report

5-1-1 PUBLIC LIBRARY

There is hereby established a free public library for the City, to be known as the *Stockport* Public Library.

5-1-2 LIBRARY TRUSTEES

The board of trustees of the *Stockport* Public Library, hereinafter referred to as the board, consists of *six* (6) members.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 392.5)

5-1-3 QUALIFICATIONS OF TRUSTEES

All of the members of the board shall be bona fide citizens and residents of the Community and all shall be over the age of eighteen (18).

5-1-4 ORGANIZATION OF THE BOARD

1. **Terms of Office**. All appointments to the board shall be for six (6) years, except to fill vacancies. Each term shall commence on July first. Appointments shall be made every two (2) years of one-third the total number as near as possible, to stagger the terms.

(Code of Iowa Sec. 336.5)

2. **Vacancies**. The position of any trustee shall be declared vacant if said trustee moves permanently from the Community or if said trustee is absent from six (6) consecutive regular meetings of the board, except in the case of sickness or temporary absence from the Community. Vacancies in the board shall be filled by the Library Board, and the new trustee shall fill out the unexpired term for which the appointment is made.

(Code of Iowa Sec. 336.6)

3. **Compensation**. Trustees shall receive no compensation for their services. (Code of Iowa Sec. 336.7)

5-1-5 POWERS AND DUTIES

The board shall have and exercise the following powers and duties:

1. To meet and elect from its members a president, a secretary, and such other officers as it deems necessary.

(Code of Iowa Sec. 336.8(1))

2. To have charge, control and supervision of the public library, its appurtenances, fixtures and rooms containing the same.

(Code of Iowa Sec. 336. 8(2))

- 3. To direct and control all the affairs of the library.
- 4. To employ a librarian, and authorize the librarian to employ such assistants and employees as may be necessary for the proper management of the library, and fix their compensation; provided, however, that prior to such employment, the compensation of the librarian, assistants and employees shall have been fixed and approved by a majority of the members of the board voting in favor thereof.

(Code of Iowa Sec. 336. 8(3))

5. To remove by a two-thirds vote of the board the librarian and provide procedures for the removal of assistants or employees for misdemeanor, incompetency or inattention to duty, subject, however, to the provisions of Chapter 35C, Code of Iowa.

(Code of Iowa Sec. 336. 8(4))

6. To select, or authorize the librarian to select, and make purchases of books, pamphlets, magazines, periodicals, papers, maps, journals, other library materials, furniture, fixtures, stationery and supplies for the library within budgetary limits set by the board.

(Code of Iowa Sec. 336. 8(5))

7. To authorize the use of the library by non-residents of the City and to fix charges therefor.

(Code of Iowa Sec. 336. 8(6))

- To make and adopt, amend, modify or repeal rules and regulations, not inconsistent with Ordinances and the law, for the care, use, government and management of the library and the business of the board, fixing and enforcing penalties for violations. (Code of Iowa Sec. 336. 8(7))
- 9. To have exclusive control of the expenditure of all funds allocated for library purposes by the City Council, and of all monies available by gift or otherwise for the erection of library buildings, and of all other monies belonging to the library including fines and rentals collected, under the rules of the board.

(Code of Iowa Sec. 336. 8(8))

10. To accept gifts of real property, personal property, or mixed property, and devises and bequests, including trust funds; to take the title to said property in the name of the library; to execute deeds and bills of sale for the conveyance of said property; and to expend the funds received by them from such gifts, for the improvement of the library.

(Code of Iowa Sec. 336. 8(9))

- 11. To keep a record of its proceedings.
- 12. To enforce the performance of conditions of gifts, donations, devises and bequests accepted by the City. The board shall enforce performance by taking action against the City Council.
- 13. To have authority to make agreements with the local county historical associations, where such exists, and to set apart the necessary room and to care for such articles as may come into the possession of the association. The trustees are further authorized to purchase necessary receptacles and materials for the preservation and protection of such articles as are in their judgment of a historical and educational nature and pay for the same out of funds allocated for library purposes.

(Code of Iowa Sec. 336.17)

5-1-6 POWER TO CONTRACT WITH OTHERS FOR THE USE OF THE LIBRARY

1. **Contracting**. The board may contract with any other boards of trustees of free public libraries, any other City, school corporation, private or semi-private organization, institution of higher learning, township, or county, or with the trustees of any county Library district for the use of the library by their respective residents.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 336.18(1))

2. **Termination**. Such a contract may be terminated at any time by mutual consent of the contracting parties. It also may be terminated by a majority vote of the electors represented by either of the contracting parties. Such a termination proposition shall be submitted to the electors by the governing body of a contracting party on a written petition of not less than five (5) percent in number of electors who voted for governor in the territory of the party at the last general election. The petition must be presented to

the governing body not less than forty (40) days before the election. The proposition may be submitted at any election provided by law that is held in the territory of the party who is seeking to terminate the contract.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 336.18(2)(a and b))

5-1-7 NON-RESIDENT USE OF THE LIBRARY

The board may authorize the use of the library by non-residents in any one or more of the following ways:

- 1. By lending the books or other materials of the library to non-residents on the same terms and conditions as to residents of the City, or upon payment of a special non-resident library fee.
- 2. By establishing depositories of library books or other materials to be loaned to non-residents.
- 3. By establishing bookmobiles or a traveling library so that books or other library materials may be loaned to non-residents.
- 4. By establishing branch libraries for lending books or other library materials to non-residents.
- 5. By entering into agreements with other libraries to allow lending of books or other library materials to non-residents.

5-1-8 LIBRARY ACCOUNTS

All money appropriated by the City Council from the general fund for the operation and maintenance of the library shall be set aside in an account for the library. Expenditures shall be paid for only on orders of the board, signed by its president and secretary. The warrant writing officer is the City Clerk.

5-1-9 ANNUAL REPORT

The board shall make a report to the City Council immediately after the close of the municipal fiscal year. This report shall contain statements of the condition of the library, the number of books added thereto, the number circulated, the amount of funds collected, and the amount of money expended in the maintenance of the library during the year, together with such further information required by the City Council.

<u>Editor's Note</u>: The Council may retain the power to hire, discharge, set salaries, expend funds unless the library board was in existence prior to July 1, 1974. (See Section 5-1-5(4), 5-1-5(5), 5-1-5(9) and 5-1-8.

Any proposal to alter the composition, manner of selection, or charge of a library board, or to replace it with an alternate form of administrative agency, is subject to the approval of the voters of the City. See Code of Iowa, Sec. 392.5

TITLE V HUMAN DEVELOPMENT – EDUCATION AND CULTURE CHAPTER 2 HISTORIC PRESERVATION

Section 1: Purpose and Intent

The purpose of this ordinance is to:

- a. Promote the educational, cultural, economic, and general welfare of the public through the recognition, enhancement, and perpetuation of sites and districts of historical and cultural significance;
- b. Safeguard the city's historic, aesthetic, and cultural heritage by preserving sites and districts of historic and cultural significance;
- c. Stabilize and improve property values;
- d. Foster pride in the legacy of beauty and achievements of the past;
- e. Protect and enhance the city's attraction to tourists and visitors and the support and stimulus to business thereby provided;
- f. Strengthen the economy of the city;
- g. Promote the use of sites and districts of historic and cultural significance as places for the education, pleasure, and welfare of the people of the community.

Section 2: Definitions

- a. Commission. The Stockport Historic Preservation Commission, as established by this ordinance.
- b. Historic District. An areas which contains a significant portion of buildings, structures and other improvements which, considered as a whole, possesses integrity of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association, and
 - 1. Embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction, or that represents the work of a master, or that possesses high artistic values, or that represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components may lack individual distinction; or
 - 2. Is associated with events that have made significant contributions to the broad patterns of our local, state or national history; or
 - 3. Possesses a coherent and distinctive visual character or integrity based upon similarity of scale, design, color, setting, workmanship, materials, or combinations thereof, which is deemed to add significantly to the value and attractiveness of the properties within such area.
 - 4. Is associated with the lives or persons significant in our pas; or
 - 5. Has yielded, or may likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.
- c. Historic Site. A structure or building which,

- 1. Is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history; or is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past; or
- 2. Embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction, or that represents a work of a mater, or that possesses high artistic values, or that represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components may lack individual distinction; or has yielded, or may be likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.

Section 3: Stockport Historic Preservation Commission

- a. The commission shall; initially consist of five (5) members who shall be residents of the community.
- b. Members of the commission shall be appointed by the mayor and city council. Members should demonstrate a positive interest in historic preservation, possessing interest in historic preservation, possessing interest or expertise in architecture, architectural history, historic preservation, planning, building rehabilitation, conservation in general or real estate.
- c. The original appointment of the members of the Commission shall be, 3 for two years, and 2 for three years, from January 1 following the year of such appointment or until their successor is appointed to serve for the term of three years.
- d. Vacancies occurring in the commission, other than expiration of term of office, shall be only for the unexpired portion of the term of the member replaced.
- e. Members may serve for more than one term and each member shall serve until the appointment of a successor.
- f. Vacancies shall be filled by the county according to the original selection as aforesaid.
- g. Members shall serve without compensation.
- h. A simple majority of the commission shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.
- i. The commission shall elect a chairperson who shall preside over all commission meetings and elect a secretary who shall be responsible for maintaining written records of the commission's proceedings.
- j. The commission shall meet at least three (3) times a year.

Section 4. Powers of the Commission

a. The commission may conduct studies for the identification and inventory and designation of Historic Districts and sites meeting the definitions established by this resolution. The commission may proceed at its own initiative or upon a petition from any person, group, or association. The commission shall maintain records of all studies and inventories for public use.

- b. The commission may make a recommendation to the State Office of Historic Preservation for the listing of a historical district or site in the National Register of Historic Places and may conduct a public hearing thereon.
- c. Other powers. In addition to those duties and powers specified above, the commission may, with council approval:
 - 1. Accept unconditional gifts and donations for real and personal property, including money, for the purpose of historic preservation.
 - 2. Acquire by purchase, bequest, or donation, fee and lesser interests in historic properties, including properties adjacent to or associated with historic preservation.
 - 3. Preserve, restore, maintain and operate historic properties, under the ownership or control of the commission.
 - 4. Lease, sell, and otherwise transfer or dispose of historic properties subject to rights of public access and other covenants and in a manner that will preserve the property.
 - 5. Contract with the approval of the governing body, with the state or federal government or other organization.
 - 6. Cooperate with the federal, state and local governments in the pursuance of the objectives of historic preservation.
 - 7. Provide information for the purpose of historic preservation to the governing body.
 - 8. Promote and conduct an educational and interpretive program on historic properties within its jurisdiction.

HISTORIC PRESERVATION 5-2

TITLE VI PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT

CHAPTER 1 MOBILE HOME REGULATION

6-1-1 Definitions

- 6-1-2 Location of Mobile Homes
- 6-1-3 Special Permits for Location of Mobile Homes Outside Mobile Home Parks

6-1-4 Emergency and Temporary Parking6-1-5 Traffic Code Applicable6-1-6 Building Permits6-1-7 Mobile Home Hookups

6-1-1 DEFINITIONS

For use in this chapter the following terms are defined as follows:

1. "Mobile home" means any vehicle without motive power used or so manufactured or constructed as to permit its being used as a conveyance upon the public streets and highways and so designed, constructed, or reconstructed as will permit the vehicle to be used as a place for human habitation by one or more persons; but shall also include any such vehicle with motive power not registered as a motor vehicle in Iowa. A "mobile home" is not built to a mandatory building code, contains no state or federal seals, and was built before June 15, 1976. If a mobile home is placed outside a mobile

home park, the home is to be assessed and taxed as real estate. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 435.1(5))

 "Mobile home park" means a site, lot, field, or tract of land upon which three or more mobile homes or manufactured homes, or a combination of any of these homes, are placed on developed spaces and operated as a for-profit enterprise with water, sewer or septic, and electrical services available. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 435.1 (6))

6-1-2 LOCATION OF MOBILE HOMES

All mobile homes shall be placed or parked in a mobile home park unless permitted otherwise by State law. This section shall not apply to mobile homes parked or placed upon private property as part of a dealer's or a manufacturer's stock not used as a place for human habitation.

6-1-3 SPECIAL PERMITS FOR LOCATION OF MOBILE HOMES OUTSIDE MOBILE HOME PARKS

The City Council, upon application of a mobile home owner, may grant a permit for a mobile home to be located for a limited time on premises outside mobile home parks. The City Council shall issue such special permits when it appears that location within local mobile home park is impracticable or impossible and public health, safety, and welfare interests will not be seriously affected by granting the permit. Special permits shall not be granted for periods in excess of _____ year(s) but upon expiration of a special permit reapplication may be made. Application for the permit shall include:

1. A statement concerning the practicability of location within a local mobile home park.

- 2. A description of sanitation facilities contained within the mobile home and those facilities available at the proposed location.
- 3. A statement of the desired duration of the special permit.

6-1-4 EMERGENCY AND TEMPORARY PARKING

Emergency or temporary parking of mobile homes upon the streets, alleys, or highways, or any other public or private place for a period not in excess of seven (7) days shall not constitute a violation of 6-1-2, but such parking shall be subject to any prohibitions or regulations contained in other Ordinances of this City.

6-1-5 TRAFFIC CODE APPLICABLE

The owner of a mobile home park may elect to have City traffic provisions of the City Code apply to real property in the mobile home park and any person located on the real property. The owner of a mobile home park may waive this right by filing a waiver with the County Recorder.

6-1-6 BUILDING REQUIREMENTS

All mobile homes, modular homes, and factory built homes as defined in the Iowa Code located outside a mobile home park shall comply with all Ordinances relating to residences or homes in the community and shall be affixed to a permanent perimeter foundation unless it is incompatible with the structural design of the home. Any home located outside a mobile home park on the date this ordinance takes effect shall be exempt from the permanent foundation requirement.

(The effective date of this ordinance is June 6th, 2016).

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 435.26)

6-1-7 MOBILE HOME HOOKUPS

A licensed manufactured or mobile home retailer or an employee of a licensed manufactured or mobile home retailer may perform water, gas, electrical, and other utility service connections in a manufactured or mobile home space, or within ten feet of such space, located in a manufactured home community or mobile home park. The licensed retailer or an employee of the retailer is not required to obtain any additional state or local authorization, permit, or license to perform utility service connections. However, the utility service connections are subject to inspection and approval by city officials and the manufactured or mobile home retailer shall pay the inspection fee of \$_____.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 103A.52(4))

TITLE VI PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT

CHAPTER 2 UTILITIES - SANITARY SYSTEM

6-2-1 Definitions

- 6-2-2 Use of Public Sewers Required
- 6-2-3 Private Sewage Disposal

- 6-2-5 Use of the Public Sewers6-2-6 Protection From Damage
- **6-2-7** Powers and Authority to Inspectors **6-2-8** Penalties
- 6-2-4 Building Sewers and Connections

6-2-1 **DEFINITIONS**

Unless the context specifically indicates otherwise, the meaning of terms used in this ordinance shall be as follows:

- 1. "BOD" (denoting Biochemical Oxygen Demand) shall mean the quantity of oxygen utilized in the biochemical oxidation of organic matter under standard laboratory procedure in five (5) days at 20 C, expressed in milligrams per liter or parts per million.
- 2. "Building Drain" shall mean that part of the lowest horizontal piping of a drainage system which receives the discharge from soil, waste, and other drainage pipes inside the walls of the building and conveys it to the building sewer, beginning five (5) feet (1.5 meters) outside the inner face of the building wall.

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(IAC 567-69.3(1))
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3. "Building Sewer" shall mean the extension from the building drain to the public sewer or other place of disposal.

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(IAC 567-69.3(1))
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- 4. "Combined Sewer" shall mean a sewer receiving both surface runoff and sewage.
- 5. "Garbage" shall mean solid wastes from the domestic and commercial preparation, cooking, and dispensing of food, and from the handling, storage, and sales of produce.
- 6. "Industrial Wastes" shall mean the liquid wastes from industrial manufacturing processes, trade, or business as distinct from sanitary sewage.
- 7. "Natural Outlet" shall mean any outlet into watercourse, pond, ditch, or other body of surface or groundwater.
- 8. "Person" shall mean any individual, firm, company, association, society, corporation, or group.
- 9. "pH" shall mean the logarithm of the reciprocal of the weight of hydrogen ions in grams per liter of solution.

- 10. "Properly Shredded Garbage" shall mean the waste from the preparation, cooking, dispensing of food that has been shredded to such a degree that all particles will be carried freely under the flow conditions normally prevailing in public sewers, with no particle greater than one-half (1/2) inch (1.27 centimeters) in any dimension.
- 11. "Public Sewer" shall mean a sewer in which all owners of abutting properties have equal rights, and is controlled by public authority.
- 12. "Sanitary Sewer" shall mean a sewer which carries sewage and to which storm, surface, and groundwaters are not intentionally admitted.
- 13. "Sewage" shall mean a combination of the water-carried wastes from residences, business buildings, institutions, and industrial establishments, together with such ground, surface, and stormwaters as may be present.
- 14. "Sewage Treatment Plant" shall mean any arrangement of devices and structures used for treating sewage.
- 15. "Sewage Works" shall mean all facilities for collecting, pumping, treating, and disposing of sewage.
- 16. "Sewer" shall mean a pipe or conduit for carrying sewage.
- 17. "Slug" shall mean any discharge of water, sewage, or industrial waste which in concentration of any given constituent or in quantity of flow exceeds for any period of duration longer than fifteen (15) minutes more than five (5) times the average twenty-four (24) hour concentration of flows during normal operation.
- 18. "Storm Drain" (sometimes termed "storm sewer") shall mean a sewer which carries storm and surface waters and drainage, but excludes sewage and industrial wastes other than unpolluted cooling water.
- 19. "Superintendent" shall mean the Superintendent of Public Utilities of the City of *Stockport* or the Superintendent's authorized deputy, agent, or representative.
- 20. "Suspended Solids" shall mean solids that either float on the surface of, or are in suspension in water, sewage, or other liquids, and which are removable by laboratory filtering.
- 21. "Watercourse" shall mean a channel in which a flow of water occurs, either continuously or intermittently.

6-2-2 USE OF PUBLIC SEWERS REQUIRED

1. It shall be unlawful for any person to place, deposit, or permit to be deposited in any unsanitary manner on public or private property within the City or in any area under

the jurisdiction of said City, any human or animal excrement, garbage, or other objectionable waste.

2. It shall be unlawful to discharge to any natural outlet within the City, or in any area under the jurisdiction of said City, any sewage or other polluted waters, except where suitable treatment has been provided in accordance with subsequent provisions of this ordinance.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(3)(f))

- 3. Except as hereinafter provided, it shall be unlawful to construct or maintain any privy, privy vault, septic tank, cesspool, or other facility intended or used for the disposal of sewage.
- 4. The owner of any house, building, or property used for human occupancy, employment, recreation, or other purposes, situated within the City and abutting on any street, alley, or right-of-way in which there is now located or may in the future be located a public sanitary or combined sewer of the City, is hereby required at such owner's expense to install suitable toilet facilities therein, and to connect such facilities directly with the proper public sewer in accordance with the provisions of this ordinance, within sixty (60) days after the date of official notice to do so, provided that said public sewer is within one hundred (100) feet (30.5 meters) of the property line. Billing for sanitary sewer service shall begin the date of official notice to connect to the public sewer.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(3)(f)) (IAC 567-69.3(3))

6-2-3 PRIVATE SEWAGE DISPOSAL

- 1. Where a public sanitary or combined sewer is not available under the provision of 6-2-2(4), the building sewer shall be connected to a private sewage disposal system complying with the provisions of this section.
- 2. Before commencement of construction of a private sewage disposal system the owner shall first obtain a written permit signed by the Superintendent. The application for such permit shall be made on a form furnished by the City, which the applicant shall supplement by any plans, specifications, and other information as are deemed necessary by the Superintendent. A permit and inspection fee of \$25.00 dollars shall be paid to the City at the time the application is filed.
- 3. A permit for a private sewage disposal system shall not become effective until the installation is completed to the satisfaction of the Superintendent. The Superintendent shall be allowed to inspect the work at any stage of construction and, in any event, the applicant for the permit shall notify the Superintendent when the work is ready for final inspection, and before any underground portions are covered. The inspection shall be made within 72 hours of the receipt of notice by the Superintendent.

- 4. The type, capacities, location, and layout of a private sewage disposal system shall comply with all recommendations of the Department of Natural Resources of the State of Iowa and the County Health Department. No permit shall be issued for any private sewage disposal system employing subsurface soil absorption facilities where the area of the lot is less than 1,500 square feet. No septic tank or cesspool shall be permitted to discharge to any natural outlet.
- 5. At such times as a public sewer becomes available to a property served by a private sewage disposal system, as provided in 6-2-2(4), a direct connection shall be made to the public sewer in compliance with this ordinance, and any septic tanks, cesspools, and similar private sewage disposal facilities shall be abandoned and filled with suitable material.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(3)(f))

- 6. The owner shall operate and maintain the private sewage disposal facilities in a sanitary manner at all times, at no expense to the City.
- 7. No statement contained in this section shall be construed to interfere with any additional requirements that may be imposed by the County Health Officer.
- 8. When a public sewer becomes available, the building sewer shall be connected to said sewer within sixty (60) days and the private sewage disposal system shall be cleaned of sludge and filled with clean bank-run gravel or dirt.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(3)(f))

6-2-4 BUILDING SEWERS AND CONNECTIONS

- 1. No unauthorized person shall uncover, make any connections with or opening into, use, alter, or disturb any public sewer or appurtenance thereof without first obtaining a written permit from the Superintendent.
- 2. There shall be two (2) classes of building sewer permits: (a) for residential and commercial service, and (b) for service to establishments producing industrial wastes. In either case, the owner or the owner's agent shall make application on a special form furnished by the City. The permit application shall be supplemented by any plans, specifications, or other information considered pertinent in the judgment of the Superintendent. A permit and inspection fee of \$5.00 dollars for a residential or commercial building sewer permit and \$15.00 dollars for an industrial building sewer permit shall be paid to the City at the time the application is filed.
- 3. All cost and expense incident to the installation and connection of the building sewer shall be borne by the owner. The owner shall indemnify the City from any loss or damage that may directly or indirectly be occasioned by the installation of the building sewer.

- 4. A separate and independent building sewer shall be provided for every building, except where one building stands at the rear of another on an interior lot and no private sewer is available or can be constructed to the rear building through an adjoining alley, courtyard, or driveway, the building sewer from the front building may be extended to the rear building and the whole considered as one building sewer.
- 5. Old building sewers may be used in connection with new building sewers only when they are found, upon examination and testing by the Superintendent, to meet all requirements of this ordinance.
- 6. The size, slope, alignment, materials of construction of a building sewer, and the methods to be used in excavating, placing of the pipe, jointing, testing, and backfilling the trench, shall all conform to the requirements of the building and plumbing code or other applicable rules of the building and plumbing code or other applicable rules and regulations of the city. In the absence of code provisions or in amplification thereof, the materials and procedures set forth in appropriate specifications of the ASTM and WPCF Manual of Practice No. 9 shall apply.
- 7. Whenever possible, the building sewer shall be brought to the building at an elevation below the basement floor. In all buildings in which any building drain is too low to permit gravity flow to the public sewer, sanitary sewage carried by such building drain shall be lifted by an approved means and discharged to the building sewer.
- 8. No person shall make connection of roof downspouts, exterior foundation drains, areaway drains, or other sources of surface runoff or groundwater to a building sewer or building drain which in turn is connected directly or indirectly to a public sanitary sewer.
- 9. The connection of the building sewer into the public sewer shall conform to the requirements of the building and plumbing code or other applicable rules and regulations of the City, or the procedures set forth in appropriate specifications of the ASTM and the WPCF Manual of Practice No. 9. All such connections shall be made gastight and watertight. Any deviation from the prescribed procedures and materials must be approved by the Superintendent before installation.
- 10. The applicant for the building sewer permit shall notify the Superintendent when the building sewer is ready for inspection and connection to the public sewer. The connection shall be made under the supervision of the Superintendent or the Superintendent's representative.
- 11. All excavations for building sewer installation shall be adequately guarded with barricades and lights so as to protect the public from hazard. Streets, sidewalks, parkways, and other public property disturbed in the course of the work shall be restored in a manner satisfactory to the City.

6-2-5 USE OF THE PUBLIC SEWERS

- 1. No person shall discharge or cause to be discharged any stormwater, surface water, groundwater, roof runoff, subsurface drainage, including interior and exterior foundation drains, uncontaminated cooling water, or unpolluted industrial process waters to any sanitary sewer.
- 2. Stormwater and all other unpolluted drainage shall be discharged to such sewers as are specifically designated as combined sewers or storm sewers, or to a natural outlet approved by the Superintendent. Industrial cooling water or unpolluted process waters may be discharged, on approval of the Superintendent, to a storm sewer, combined sewer, or natural outlet.
- 3. No person shall discharge or cause to be discharged any of the following described waters or wastes to any public sewers:
 - a. Any gasoline, benzene, naphtha, fuel oil, or other flammable or explosive liquid, solid, or gas.
 - b. Any waters or wastes containing toxic or poisonous solids, liquids, or gases in sufficient quantity, either singly or by interaction with other wastes, to injure or interfere with any sewage treatment process, constitute a hazard to humans or animals, create a public nuisance, or create any hazard in the receiving waters of the sewage treatment plant, including but not limited to cyanides in excess of two (2) mg/l as CN in the wastes as discharged to the public sewer.
 - c. Any waters or wastes having a pH lower than 5.5, or having any other corrosive property capable of causing damage or hazard to structures, equipment, and personnel of the sewage works.
 - d. Solid or viscous substances in quantities of such size capable of causing obstruction to the flow of sewers, or other interference with the proper operation of the sewage works such as, but not limited to, ashes, cinders, sand, mud, straw, shavings, metal, glass, rags, feathers, tar, plastics, wood, unground garbage, whole blood, paunch manure, hair and fleshings, entrails and paper dishes, cups, milk containers, etc., either whole or ground by garbage grinders.
 - e. Any water or wastes having (1) a 5-day bio-chemical oxygen demand greater than 300 parts per million by weight, or (2) containing more than 350 parts per million by weight, or suspended solids, or (3) having an average daily flow greater than 2 percent of the average sewage flow of the City, shall be subject to the review of the Superintendent. Where necessary in the opinion of the Superintendent, the owner shall provide at the owner's expense, such preliminary treatment as may be necessary to (1) reduce the biochemical oxygen demand to 300 parts per million by weight, or (2) reduce the suspended solids to 350 parts per million by weight, or (3) control the quantities and rates of

discharge of such waters or wastes. Plans, specifications, and any other pertinent information relating to proposed preliminary treatment facilities shall be submitted for the approval of the Superintendent and no construction of such facilities shall be commenced until said approvals are obtained in writing.

- 4. No person shall discharge or cause to be discharged the following described substances, materials, waters, or wastes if it appears likely in the opinion of the Superintendent that such wastes can harm either the sewers, sewage treatment process, or equipment, have an adverse effect on the receiving stream, or can otherwise endanger life, limb, public property, or constitute a nuisance. In forming an opinion as to the acceptability of these wastes, the Superintendent will give consideration to such factors as the quantities of subject wastes in relation to flows and velocities in the sewers, materials of construction of the sewers, nature of the sewage treatment process, capacity of the sewage treatment plant, degree of treatability of wastes in the sewage treatment plant, and other pertinent factors. The substances prohibited are:
 - a. Any liquid or vapor having a temperature higher than one hundred fifty (150) F (65 C).
 - b. Any water or wastes containing fats, wax, grease or oils, whether emulsified or not, in excess of one hundred (100) mg/l or containing substances which may solidify or become viscous at temperatures between thirty-two (32) and one hundred fifty (150 F) (0 and 65 C).
 - c. Any garbage that has not been properly shredded. The installation and operation of any garbage grinder equipped with a motor of three-fourths (3/4) horsepower (0.76 hp metric) or greater shall be subject to the review and approval of the Superintendent.
 - d. Any waters or wastes containing strong acid iron pickling wastes, or concentrated plating solutions whether neutralized or not.
 - e. Any waters or wastes containing iron, chromium, copper, zinc, and similar objectionable or toxic substances, or wastes exerting an excessive chlorine requirement, to such degree that any such material received in the composite sewage at the sewage treatment works exceeds the limits established by the Superintendent for such materials.
 - f. Any waters or wastes containing phenols or other taste-or-odor-producing substances, in such concentrations exceeding limits which may be established by the Superintendent as necessary after treatment of the composite sewage, to meet with requirements of the State, Federal, or other public agencies with jurisdiction for such discharge to the receiving waters.

- g. Any radioactive wastes or isotopes of such half-life or concentration as may exceed limits established by the Superintendent in compliance with applicable State or Federal regulations.
- h. Any waters or wastes having a pH in excess of 9.5.
- i. Materials which exert or cause:
 - 1) Unusual concentrations of inert suspended solids (such as, but not limited to, Fullers earth, lime slurries, and lime residues) or of dissolved solids (such as, but not limited to, sodium chloride and sodium sulfate).
 - 2) Excessive discoloration (such as, but not limited to, dye wastes and vegetable tanning solutions).
 - 3) Unusual BOD, chemical oxygen demand, or chlorine requirements in such quantities as to constitute a significant load on the sewage treatment works.
 - 4) Unusual volume of flow or concentration of waters constituting "slugs" as defined herein.
- j. Waters or wastes containing substances which are not amenable to treatment or reduction by the sewage treatment processes employed, or are amenable to treatment only to such degree that the sewage treatment plant effluent cannot meet the requirements of other agencies having jurisdiction over discharge to the receiving waters.
- 5. If any waters or wastes are discharged, or are proposed to be discharged to the public sewers, which waters contain the substances or possess the characteristics enumerated in 6-2-5(4), and which in the judgment of the Superintendent, may have a deleterious effect upon the sewage works, processes, equipment, or receiving waters, or which otherwise create a hazard to life or constitute a public nuisance, the Superintendent may:
 - a. Reject the wastes,
 - b. Require pre-treatment to an acceptable condition for discharge to the public sewers,
 - c. Require control over the quantities and rates of discharge, and/or
 - d. Require payment to cover the added cost of handling and treating the wastes not covered by existing taxes or sewer charges under the provision of 6-2-5(10) of this article.

If the Superintendent permits the pre-treatment or equalization of waste flows, the design and installation of the plants and equipment shall be subject to the review and approval of the Superintendent, and subject to the requirements of all applicable codes, Ordinances, and laws.

- 6. Grease, oil, and sand interceptors shall be provided when, in the opinion of the Superintendent, they are necessary for the proper handling of liquid wastes containing grease in excessive amounts, or any flammable wastes, sand, or other harmful ingredients; except that such interceptors shall not be required for private living quarters or dwelling units. All interceptors shall be of a type and capacity approved by the Superintendent, and shall be located as to be readily and easily accessible for cleaning and inspection.
- 7. Where preliminary treatment or flow-equalizing facilities are provided for any waters or wastes, they shall be maintained continuously in satisfactory and effective operation by the owner at the owner's expense.
- 8. When required by the Superintendent, the owner of any property serviced by a building sewer carrying industrial wastes shall install a suitable control manhole together with such necessary meters and other appurtenances in the building sewer to facilitate observation, sampling, and measurement of the wastes. Such manhole, when required, shall be accessibly and safely located, and shall be constructed in accordance with plans approved by the Superintendent. The manhole shall be installed by the owner at the owner's expense, and shall be maintained by the owner so as to be safe and accessible at all times.
- 9. All measurements, tests, and analyses of the characteristics of waters and wastes to which reference is made in this ordinance shall be determined in accordance with the latest edition of "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater," published by the American Public Health Association, and shall be determined at the control manhole provided, or upon suitable samples taken at said control manhole. In the event that no special manhole has been required, the control manhole shall be considered to be the nearest downstream manhole in the public sewer to the point at which the building sewer is connected. Sampling shall be carried out by customarily accepted methods to reflect the effect of constituents upon the sewage works and to determine the existence of hazards to life, limb, and property. (The particular analyses involved will determine whether a twenty-four (24) hour composite of all outfalls of a premise is appropriate or whether a grab sample or samples should be taken. Normally, but not always, BOD and suspended solids analyses are obtained from 24 hour composite of all outfalls where pH's are determined from periodic grab samples).
- 10. No statement contained in this article shall be construed as preventing any special agreement or arrangement between the City and any industrial concern whereby an industrial waste of unusual strength or character may be accepted by the City for treatment, subject to payment, therefore, by the industrial concern.

6-2-6 PROTECTION FROM DAMAGE

1. No unauthorized person shall maliciously, willfully, or negligently break, damage, destroy, uncover, deface, or tamper with any structure, appurtenance, or equipment which is a part of the sewage works. Any person violating this provision shall be subject to immediate arrest under charge of disorderly conduct.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 716.1)

6-2-7 POWERS AND AUTHORITY TO INSPECTORS

- 1. The Superintendent and other duly authorized employees of the City bearing proper credentials and identification shall be permitted to enter all properties for the purpose of inspection, observation, measurement, sampling, and testing in accordance with the provisions of this ordinance. The Superintendent or the Superintendent's representatives shall have no authority to inquire into any processes including metallurgical, chemical, oil, refining, ceramic, paper, or other industries beyond that point having a direct bearing on the kind and source of discharge to the sewers or waterways or facilities for waste treatment.
- 2. While performing the necessary work on private properties referred to in 6-2-7(1), the Superintendent or duly authorized employees of the City shall observe all safety rules applicable to the premises established by the company and the company shall be held harmless for injury or death to the City employees and the City shall indemnify the company against loss or damage to its property by the City employees and against liability claims and demands for personal injury or property damage asserted against the company and growing out of the gauging and sampling operation, except as such may be caused by negligence or failure of the company to maintain safe conditions as required in 6-2-5(8).
- 3. The Superintendent and other duly authorized employees of the City bearing proper credentials and identification shall be permitted to enter all private properties through which the City holds a duly negotiated easement for the purposes of, but not limited to, inspection, observation, measurement, sampling, repair, and maintenance of any portion of the sewage works lying within said easement. All entry and subsequent work, if any, on said easement, shall be done in full accordance with the terms of the duly negotiated easement pertaining to the private property involved.

6-2-8 PENALTIES

- 1. Any person found to be violating any provision of this ordinance except 6-2-6 shall be served by the City with written notice stating the nature of the violation and providing a reasonable time limit for the satisfactory correction thereof. The offender shall, within the period of time stated in such notice, permanently cease all violations.
- Any person who shall continue any violation beyond the time limit provided for in 6-2-8(1), shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be fined in accordance with chapter 1-3 of this Code of Ordinances for each violation. Each day in which any such violation shall continue shall be deemed a separate offense.

3. Any person violating any of the provisions of this ordinance is liable to the City for any expense, loss, or damage occasioned the City by reason of such violations.

Footnote: See 384.38(3) concerning establishing districts and connection fees (H.F. 2343, 1994 legislative session).

TITLE VI PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT CHAPTER 3 UTILITIES - WATER SYSTEM

- 1. Customer must make written application for water service at the clerk's office of the municipality, and said application including service received thereunder is assignable by the customer.
- 2. All taps and connections to the mains of the municipality shall be made by and/or under the direction and supervision of waterworks personnel and constructed in accordance with the provisions of this ordinance.
- 3. The municipality shall install and maintain at its expense that portion of the service from the main to the lot or easement line, including the necessary tap, fittings, and shut-off valve; and the customer shall install and maintain at the customer's expense that portion of the service from said lot or easement line to the customer's premises, including a meter pit by the property line, a stop and waste cock at the end of the house side of the customer's service. The minimum earth cover of the customer's service shall be five (5) feet. The company shall determine the size and kind of service to be installed.
- 4. Application may be cancelled and/or water service discontinued by the municipality for any violation of any rule, regulation or condition of service, and especially for any of the following reasons;
 - a. Misrepresentation in the application as to the property or fixtures to be supplied or the use to be made of water.
 - b. Failure to report to the municipality addition to the property or fixtures to the supplies or additional use to be made of water.
 - c. Resale or giving away of water.
 - d. Waste or misuse of water due to improper or imperfect service pipes, and/or fixtures, or failure to keep same in suitable state of repair.
 - e. Tampering with meter, meter seal, service, or valves, or permitting such tampering by others.
 - f. Connection, cross-connection, or permitting same, of any separate water supply to premises which receive water from the municipality.
 - g. Non-payment of bills.
- 5. Any customer desiring to discontinue the water service to the customer's premises for any reason must give notice of discontinuance in writing at the business office of the waterworks system, otherwise, the customer shall remain liable for all water used and service rendered by the municipality until said notice is received by the municipality.

- 6. Bills and notices relating to the conduct of the business of the municipality will be mailed to the customer at the address listed on the application, unless a change of address has been filed in writing at the business office of the municipality; and the municipality shall not otherwise be responsible for delivery of any bill or notice, nor will the customer be excused from nonpayment of a bill or from any performance required in said notice.
- 7.
- a. Bills for water service are due and payable at the business office of the municipality, or to any designated agent, on the date of issue. The past due date shall be the fifteenth (15th) day after the date of issue. Bills will be dated and mailed on the first of each month.
- b. All bills not paid on or before the past due date shall be termed delinquent, and the municipality shall serve on the customer a written final notice of said delinquency. If a delinquent bill is not paid by the disconnect date shown on the final notice, the water supply to the customer may be discontinued without further notice. Disconnection will occur on the 2nd (second) Wednesday of each month.
- c. Meters will be read monthly between the 25th and the end of the month.
- 8. Where the water supply to a customer has been disconnected for non-payment of delinquent bills, a customer will be required to pay all past due bills including penalties and any balance due on that account, plus a re-connect charge of \$25.00. Should the same account be disconnected a second time in the same calendar year, the re-connect charge will increase to \$50.00 and all past due bills, penalties, and any account balance must be paid for water service to continue. In the event that the account is disconnected a third time and each subsequent time during the same calendar year, the re-connect charge will be \$100.00 and all past due bills, penalties and any account balance must be paid in full. All disconnected accounts will have water service restored by the end of the business day following the day that payment in full for all past due bills, penalties and any account balance is received.
 - a. In the event that a payment or check is returned on an account which was scheduled to be disconnected, or that has been re-connected, for which such payment was required to keep the account from being disconnected or the payment was made to reconnect the account's services, the account will immediately again be considered delinquent. Notice will be sent of the returned payment/check and services will be disconnected on the following Monday.
- 9. A \$55.00 deposit is required to be placed with the municipality for the purpose of establishing or maintaining a customer's credit.

- 10. All meters shall be installed, maintained and renewed by and at the expense of the municipality, and the municipality reserves the right to determine the size and type of meter used.
- 11. Upon the written request of any customer, the meter serving said customer shall be tested by the municipality. Such test will be made without charge to the customer if the meter has not been tested within twelve (12) months preceding the requested test; otherwise a charge of two dollars (\$2.00) will be made and then only if the test indicates meter accuracy within the limits of 2%.
- 12. Where a meter has ceased to register, or meter reading could not be obtained, the quantity of the water consumed for billing purpose will be based upon an average of the prior six (6) months consumption, and the conditions of water service prevailing during the period in which the meter failed to register.
- 13. Water for building or construction purposes will be furnished by meter measurement, only after suitable deposit has been made, the minimum deposit being ten dollars (\$10.00); and the amount to be determined by the municipality depending upon the size of the construction work contemplated; and all water for building or construction purposes, as set forth in the permit, must pass through one and the same meter.

Water so supplied shall be discharged through a hose or pipe directly upon material to be wet, or into a barrel or other container, and in no case upon the ground or into or through a ditch or trench and all use of water by other than applicant or use of water for any purpose or upon any premises not so stated or described in the application must be prevented by the applicant, or water service may be discontinued without notice.

- 14. The municipality shall make all reasonable efforts to eliminate interruption of service, and when such interruptions occur will endeavor to re-establish service with the shortest possible delay. Whenever the service is interrupted for the purpose of working on the distribution system or the station equipment, all consumers affected by such interruption will be notified in advance whenever it is possible to do so.
- 15. The municipality shall in no event be held responsible for claim made against it by reason of the breaking of any mains or service pipe, or by reason of any other interruption of the supply of water caused by the breaking of machinery or stoppage for necessary repairs; and no person shall be entitled to damages nor have any portion of a payment refunded for any interruption of service which in the opinion of the municipality may be deemed necessary.
- 16. Customers having boilers and/or pressure vessels receiving a supply of water from the municipality must have a check valve on the water supply line and a vacuum valve on the steamline to prevent collapse in case the water supply from the municipality is discontinued or interrupted for any reason, with or without notice.

- 17. The premises receiving a supply of water and all service lines, meter and fixtures, including any and all fixtures within the said premises shall at all reasonable hours be subject to inspection by duly authorized employees of the municipality.
- 18. Special terms and conditions may be made where water is used by the municipality or community for public purposes such as fire extinguishment, public parks, etc.
- 19. No unauthorized person shall uncover, make any connections with or opening into, use, alter, or disturb the waterworks or appurtenances thereof without first obtaining a written permit application from the town clerk. Before a permit application may be issued, the person applying for such permit application shall have executed unto the Town of Stockport, Iowa, and deposited with the said Town Clerk a corporate surety in the sum of \$100.00 conditioned that the person will perform faithfully all work with due care and skill, and in accordance with the laws, rules and regulations established under the authority or any ordinances of the Town of Stockport, Iowa, pertaining to plumbing, waterworks or appurtenances. This bond shall state that the person will indemnify and save harmless the Town of Stockport, Iowa and the owner/customer of the premises against all damages, costs, expenses, outlays and claims of every nature and kind arising out of unskillfulness or negligence on the person's part in connection with plumbing, waterworks or appurtenances.
- 20. Such bond shall remain in force and must be executed for a period of one year(s) except that on such expiration it shall remain in force as to all penalties, claims and demands that may have accrued thereunder prior to such expiration.

There shall be two (2) classes of permit applications: one for residential service, and the second for commercial and industrial service. In either case, the owner/customer shall make application on a special form furnished by said Town Clerk. The permit application shall be supplemented by any plans, specifications, or other information considered pertinent in the judgement of the inspector. A permit and inspection fee of Twenty-five and no/100ths dollars (\$25.00) for a residential service connection and Twenty-five and no/100ths dollars (\$25.00) for a commercial and industrial service connection shall be paid to the Town Clerk at the time the permit application is filed.

Service lines and appurtenances shall be constructed of either of the following materials and in accordance with the state plumbing code.

21. If any loss or damage to the property of the municipality or any accident or injury to persons or property is caused by or results from the negligence or wrongful act of the customer, member of the customer's household, customer's agent or employee, the cost of the necessary repairs or replacements shall be paid by the customer to the municipality and any liability otherwise resulting shall be that of the customer.

- 22. Water furnished by the municipality may be used for domestic consumption by the customer, members of the customer's household, and employees only. The customer shall not sell or give the water to any other person.
- 23. Each customer shall grant or convey, or shall cause to be granted or conveyed to the municipality a permanent easement and right-of-way across any property owned or controlled by the customer wherever said easement or right-of-way is necessary for the municipal water facilities and lines, so as to be able to furnish service to the customer.
- 24. The municipality shall construct extensions to its water lines to points within its service area but the municipality shall not be required to make such installations unless the customer pays to the municipality the entire cost of the installation.

All decisions in connection with the manner of installation of any extension and maintenance thereof shall remain in the exclusive control of the municipality and such extension shall be the property of the municipality and no other person shall have any right, title or interest therein.

- 25. The municipality may refuse service to persons, not presently customers, when in the opinion of the municipality the capacity of the facilities will not permit such service.
- 26. These rules may be changed or amended.
- 27. Complaints may be made to the City of Stockport and may be appealed to the town council within (10) days.

UTILITIES – WATER SYSTEM 6-3

TITLE VI PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT

CHAPTER 4 RESERVED

RESERVED 6-4

TITLE VI PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT

CHAPTER 5 RESERVED

RESERVED 6-5

TITLE VI PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT

CHAPTER 6 STREET CUTS AND EXCAVATIONS

- 6-6-1 Excavation Permit Required
- 6-6-2 Application for Permit

- 6-6-4 Safety Measures
- 6-6-5 Backfilling and Restoration

6-6-3 Permit Fees

6-6-6 Rules and Regulations

6-6-1 EXCAVATION PERMIT REQUIRED

Excavating within the right-of-way of public streets and alleys, and of public grounds, and the cutting of surfacing or pavings of the traveled way therein, shall not be done by any person, firm, association, or corporation without obtaining a permit from the City Clerk.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(2))

6-6-2 APPLICATION FOR PERMIT

No person shall commence excavation in any public street or public ground until that person has applied to the City Clerk for an excavation permit. Such application shall indicate the location of the excavation, the name and address of the applicant who is to do the work, whether public liability insurance is in force, and that the applicant has checked the underground map of all utilities, and other owners of underground facilities, and that the applicant has notified those persons or companies of the time that excavation will commence. The making of an application shall be deemed notice to the City of the plan to cut the street surfacing or pavements, and to obstruct the public way. Such permits shall not be valid until six hours after receipt unless the Clerk waives this requirement.

In an emergency, authorized persons or companies may commence excavations provided that they shall have made a reasonable effort to inform the City and the utilities whose underground utilities might be involved in any way, and those involved in the excavation shall make written application at the earliest practicable moment. The Clerk may provide on the form for the certification that the applicant has notified all utilities and other parties required by this ordinance.

6-6-3 PERMIT FEES

The permit fee shall be \$_____ for the cost of each inspection. A single excavation shall be deemed to constitute all the digging necessary for a single connection, or a cut for installing a main not exceeding 100 feet in length. An additional fee of \$_____ shall be required for every additional 100 feet, or major fraction thereof, of main excavation. All fees are doubled if excavation commences before a permit is obtained.

6-6-4 SAFETY MEASURES

Any person, firm, or corporation cutting a pavement or surfacing or excavating in the streets shall erect suitable barricades, maintain warning lights from sunset to sunrise each night, and take such other precautions as necessary for the safety of the public, whether vehicles or pedestrians. Vehicles, equipment, materials, excavated material, and similar items shall likewise be protected by lights and warning devices, such as traffic cones, flags, etc. Where

traffic conditions warrant, the party excavating may be required to provide flagmen, if in the judgment of the Chief of Police the public safety requires it. Compliance with City Ordinances and regulations shall not be deemed to waive the requirements that the party excavating shall comply with all the requirements of the labor safety laws and the rules of the Iowa Department of Labor, nor shall any failure be deemed a responsibility of the City.

6-6-5 BACKFILLING AND RESTORATION

Any person excavating in the streets shall be responsible for the backfilling of the excavation in accordance with City specifications and the restoration of the pavement or surfacing to as good a condition as that existing prior to the excavation. If any excavators fail to backfill or restore the pavement or surfacing properly within forty-eight hours of the completion of the underground work, the City reserves the right to backfill and resurface or install new paving and charge the cost thereof to the party excavating. If any backfilling or pavement or surfacing restoration is not in accordance with the City specifications, the City is authorized to remove such material as is necessary and to backfill and restore the pavement or surfacing properly.

6-6-6 RULES AND REGULATIONS

The City Council may by resolution establish such rules and regulations for the manner of making cuts and related matters involving excavations.

TITLE VI PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT

CHAPTER 7 SIDEWALK REGULATIONS

- 6-7-1 Purpose6-7-2 Definitions6-7-3 Cleaning Snow, Ice, and
 - Accumulations
- 6-7-4 Maintenance Responsibility
- 6-7-5 Liability of Abutting Owner
- 6-7-6 Ordering Sidewalk Improvements
- 6-7-7 Repairing Defective Sidewalks
- 6-7-8 Notice of Inability to Repair or Barricade
- 6-7-9 Standard Sidewalk Specifications
- 6-7-10 Permits for Construction or Removal

- 6-7-11 Failure to Obtain Permit; Remedies
- 6-7-12 Inspection and Approval
- 6-7-13 Barricades and Warning Lights
- 6-7-14 Interference with Sidewalk Improvements
- 6-7-15 Special Assessments for Construction and Repair
- 6-7-16 Notice of Assessment for Repair or Cleaning Costs
- 6-7-17 Hearing and Assessment
- 6-7-18 Billing and Certifying to County
- 6-7-19 ADAAG Compliance

6-7-1 PURPOSE

The purpose of this chapter is to improve and maintain sidewalks in a safe condition, to require owners of abutting property to maintain, repair, replace, construct or reconstruct sidewalks.

6-7-2 DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter, the following terms have these meanings:

- 1. **Defective Sidewalk**. Any public sidewalk exhibiting one or more of the following characteristics:
 - a. vertical separations equal to three-fourths (3/4) inch or more.
 - b. horizontal separations equal to three-fourths (3/4) inch or more.
 - c. holes or depressions equal to three-fourths (3/4) inch or more and at least four (4) inches in diameter.
 - d. spalling over fifty (50) percent of the surface of a single square of the sidewalk with one or more depressions equal to one-half (1/2) inch or more.
 - e. spalling over less than fifty (50) percent of a single square of the sidewalk with one or more depressions equal to three-fourths (3/4) inch or more.
 - f. a single square of sidewalk cracked in such a manner that no part thereof has a piece greater than one square foot.
 - g. a sidewalk with any part thereof missing to the full depth.

- h. a change from design or construction grade equal to or greater than three-fourths (3/4) inch per foot.
- 2. **Sidewalk Improvements**. The construction, reconstruction, repair, replacement, or removal of a public sidewalk or the excavating, filling, or depositing of material in the public right-of-way in connection therewith.
- 3. **Owner**. The person owning the fee title or the contract purchaser for purposes of notification required herein. For all other purposes, "owner" shall include the lessee, or person in possession.

6-7-3 CLEANING SNOW, ICE, AND ACCUMULATIONS

It shall be the duty of the owner to keep sidewalks abutting the owner's property clear of the natural accumulations of snow or ice. If the owner fails to do so within twenty four (24) hours after deposit of accumulation, the Mayor may have the natural accumulations of snow or ice removed without notice to the property owner. The Mayor shall give the Council an itemized and verified statement of the removal costs and a legal description of the property at the next regular Council meeting. The costs shall be reviewed by the Council, and if found correct, shall be assessed against the property as taxes. The City Clerk shall be directed to certify the costs to the County Treasurer for collection as provided in section 364.12 of the Code of Iowa.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(2b) and (2e))

6-7-4 MAINTENANCE RESPONSIBILITY

The abutting property owner or owners shall be responsible for the repair, replacement or reconstruction of all broken or defective sidewalks to a safe condition and to maintain in a safe condition all sidewalks in the abutting street right-of-way.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12(2c))

6-7-5 LIABILITY OF ABUTTING OWNER

As provided in section 364.14, Code of Iowa, in the event the owner of property abutting any public sidewalk fails or refuses to perform any act required of them by this ordinance and in the event an action is brought against the City for personal injuries alleged to have been caused by a defect in or the condition of said sidewalk, the City may notify in writing the said abutting owner that it claims the injury was caused by their negligence and/or their failure to repair the defect or eliminate the condition complained of. The notice shall state the pendency of the action, the name of the plaintiff, the name and location of the court where the action is pending, a brief statement of the alleged facts from which the cause arose, that the City believes that the person notified is liable to it for any judgment rendered against the City, and asking the person to appear and defend.

A judgment obtained in the suit is conclusive in any action by the City against any person so notified, as to the existence of the defect or condition or other cause of the injury or damage, as to the liability of the City to the plaintiff in the first named action, and as to the amount of the

damage or injury. The City may maintain an action against the person notified to recover the amount of the judgment together with all the expenses incurred by the City in the suit.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.14)

6-7-6 ORDERING SIDEWALK IMPROVEMENTS

The City Council may order the construction, reconstruction, repair, or replacement of permanent sidewalks upon any street or court. Notice of this order shall be sent to the owner by certified mail. The notice shall include the fact that the owner may request a hearing by the Council within fifteen (15) days or receipt of the notice.

6-7-7 REPAIRING DEFECTIVE SIDEWALKS

It shall be the duty of the abutting property owner at any time, or upon receipt of thirty (30) days' notice from the City, to repair, replace, or reconstruct all broken or defective sidewalks in the abutting street right-of-way. If, after the expiration of the thirty (30) days as provided in the notice, the required work has not been done or is not in the process of completion, the Mayor shall order the work to proceed to repair, replace, or reconstruct the sidewalk. Upon completion of the work, the Mayor shall submit to the Council an itemized and verified statement of expenditures for material and labor, and the legal description of the property abutting the sidewalk on which work has been performed. These costs shall be assessed to the property as taxes. The City Clerk shall be directed to certify the costs to the County Treasurer for collection as provided in section 364.12 of the Code of Iowa.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 364.12 (2d) and (2e))

6-7-8 NOTICE OF INABILITY TO REPAIR OR BARRICADE

It shall be the duty of the owner of the property abutting the sidewalk, or of the contractor or agent of the owner, to notify the City immediately in the event the owner is unable to make necessary sidewalk improvements or to install or erect warnings and barricades as required by this chapter.

6-7-9 STANDARD SIDEWALK SPECIFICATIONS

Sidewalks constructed, repaired, or replaced under the provisions of this chapter shall be of the following construction and meet the following standards:

- 1. Portland cement concrete shall be the only material used in the construction and repair of sidewalks unless otherwise authorized by the City Council.
- 2. Sidewalks shall be on one-course construction.
- 3. Concrete may be placed directly on compact and well-drained soil. Where soil is not well drained, a four (4) inch sub-base of compact, clean, coarse gravel, sand, or cinders shall be laid. The adequacy of the soil drainage is to be determined by the Superintendent of Public Works.
- 4. The sidewalk bed shall be graded to the established grade.

- 5. Residential sidewalks shall be at least four (4) feet wide, or match existing sidewalks, and four (4) inches thick, and each section shall be no more than four (4) feet in length. In the central business district, sidewalks shall extend from the property line to the curb unless the Council shall establish a different distance due to the circumstances. Each section shall be four (4) inches thick and no more than six (6) feet in length and width. All driveway areas shall not be less than six (6) inches in thickness.
- 6. Residential sidewalks shall be located with the inner edge (edge nearest the abutting private property) on the property line, unless the Council shall establish a different distance due to the circumstances.
- 7. All elevations of sidewalks are to be established by the City Council with assistance from the Superintendent of Public Works on a case-by-case basis.
- 8. All sidewalks shall slope at least one-quarter (1/4) inch per foot toward the curb, but in no event more than one-half (1/2) inch per foot toward the curb.
- 9. All sidewalks shall have a steel trowel finish followed by a "broom" or a "wood float" finish.
- 10. Ramps for the disabled. There shall not be less than two (2) curb cuts or ramps per lineal block which shall be located on or near the cross-walks at intersections. Each curb cut or ramp shall be at last thirty (30) inches wide, shall be sloped at not greater than one inch of rise per twelve (12) inches lineal distance, except that a slope no greater than one inch of rise per eight (8) inches lineal distance may be used where necessary,

shall have a nonskid surface, and shall otherwise by so constructed as to allow reasonable access to the crosswalk for physically disabled persons using the sidewalk.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 216C.9)

11. All sidewalk improvements on public property, whether performed by the owner of the abutting property or by the City, shall be performed under the supervision and inspection of the City Superintendent of Public Works, and in accordance with the standard sidewalk specifications set forth in this chapter.

6-7-10 PERMITS FOR CONSTRUCTION OR REMOVAL

No person shall make any sidewalk improvements unless such person shall obtain a permit from the City Clerk. The permit shall state that the person will comply with the Ordinances of the City and with the specifications for sidewalks adopted by the City. The permit also shall state that the work will be done under the direction and approval of the City Superintendent of Public Works. All such permits shall be issued without charge and a copy thereof, with the application, shall be filed and preserved in the office of the City Clerk. The permit shall state when the work is to be commenced and when the work is to be completed. The time of completion for the sidewalk improvements may be extended by the City Council. All permits for sidewalk improvements not ordered by resolution of the City Council shall be issued in compliance with this chapter. The City Council may withhold the issuance of any permit for

any sidewalk improvements for a sufficient period to determine the necessity for the proposed improvements or when weather conditions will adversely affect the sidewalk improvements.

6-7-11 FAILURE TO OBTAIN PERMIT, REMEDIES

Whenever any sidewalk improvements are made that do not conform to the provisions of this chapter and with the specifications, or when any sidewalk improvements are made without a permit, the Mayor shall serve notice to obtain a permit upon the property owner and upon the contractor doing the work. If the sidewalk is in the course of construction, the notice shall order the work to stop until a permit is obtained and the work is corrected to comply with the specifications. If the sidewalk work has been completed, the owner shall obtain a permit immediately and perform any needed corrections within five (5) days from receipt of the permit. If the owner fails to comply with this notice, the Mayor shall have the work completed and the costs assessed to the property owner as provided in this chapter.

6-7-12 INSPECTION AND APPROVAL

Upon final completion, the Superintendent of Public Works shall inspect the work and may order corrections if the work does not meet specifications. When the work does meet all requirements of this chapter, the specifications, and the permit, the Superintendent of Public Works shall indicate this on both copies of the permit.

6-7-13 BARRICADES AND WARNING LIGHTS

Proper warning lights and barricades shall be placed to protect persons from materials, equipment, and dangerous conditions. Placement and maintenance of adequate warnings is the responsibility of the constructor, the owner, and the lessee of the property.

6-7-14 INTERFERENCE WITH SIDEWALK IMPROVEMENTS

No person shall knowingly or willfully drive any vehicle upon any portion of any sidewalk or approach thereto while it is in the process of being improved, or upon any portion of any completed sidewalk or approach thereto, or shall remove or destroy any part or all of any sidewalk or approach thereto, or shall remove, destroy, mar, or deface any sidewalk at any time or destroy, mar, remove, or deface any notice or warning device provided by this chapter.

6-7-15 SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS FOR CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR

The City Council may assess the cost of initial construction, improvements, and/or repair of sidewalks in the City according to the special assessment procedures established in Chapter 384, division IV, Code of Iowa.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.38)

6-7-16 NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT FOR REPAIR OR CLEANING COSTS

When the Mayor submits a bill for sidewalk improvements or for removal of accumulations as provided in this chapter, the City Clerk shall send a notice of such facts to the owner of the abutting property. The notice may be given either by personal service or by certified mail to the last known address of the owner. The notice shall contain a statement of the work performed, the cost of the work that is being assessed, a description of the property affected, and the fact that the person may pay the amount assessed within thirty (30) days without interest or penalty.

The notice also shall indicate that the person may object to such assessment and given the place and time at which Council will hear such objections. The time set for hearing shall be at least fifteen (15) days after the service or mailing of the notice.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.50)

6-7-17 HEARING AND ASSESSMENT

At the time and place designed in the Notice, the Council shall consider all objections to the assessment, correct all errors or omissions, and adopt a corrected list as the amounts to be assessed against the property.

(Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.51)

6-7-18 BILLING AND CERTIFYING TO COUNTY

Thirty (30) days after the Council's decision, the City Clerk shall certify any unpaid amounts to the County Treasurer. The unpaid assessments shall constitute a lien against the property and shall be collected by the County Treasurer in the same manner as other taxes. Any assessment that exceeds \$100 may be paid in installments as set by Council, not exceeding ten, in the same manner and at the same interest rates as for special assessments under Chapter 384, division IV, Code of Iowa. No interest shall be charged for assessments, or parts thereof, paid within thirty (30) days of the time the Council determined the final amounts. (Code of Iowa, Sec. 384.60)

6-7-19 ADAAG COMPLIANCE

All construction, repair, and maintenance of sidewalks shall comply with Americans with Disabilities Guidelines (ADAAG).

TITLE VI PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT

CHAPTER 8 NUMBERING OF BUILDINGS

- 6-8-1 Buildings to be Numbered
- 6-8-2 Numbering System

- 6-8-3 Mandatory Numbering
- 6-8-4 Type of Numbers, Size
- 6-8-5 Enforcement

6-8-1 BUILDINGS TO BE NUMBERED

All buildings now or hereafter erected within the City limits shall be assigned numbers and the owners notified of the assigned number. The owners shall cause the numbers to be placed and maintained on their property.

6-8-2 NUMBERING SYSTEM

Numbers shall be assigned in accordance with the system developed by the City Council. The system consists of three-digit numbering. The even numbers shall be on the west and north sides of all streets and the odd numbers shall be on the east and south sides of all streets.

6-8-3 MANDATORY NUMBERING

The placing of numbers is mandatory effective _____.

6-8-4 TYPE OF NUMBERS, SIZE

The numbers shall be conspicuously displayed on the portion of the building or premise which faces the street. All numbers shall be of durable substance, clearly legible and the numerals shall be not less than five inches in height.

6-8-5 ENFORCEMENT

If numbers meeting the requirements of this ordinance have not been placed on each building, the City shall cause individual notice to be given to the owner of buildings not numbered, requiring compliance within a reasonable time set in the notice, and if not completed by such time, the City shall cause proper numbers to be installed and the reasonable cost of the installation billed to such owner.

NUMBERING OF BUILDINGS 6-8

TITLE VI PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT

CHAPTER 9 NON-PERMANENT STRUCTURES & BUILDING PERMITS

- 6-9-1 Purpose
- 6-9-2 Structure Defined
- 6-9-3 Permit Required
- 6-9-4 Application
- 6-9-5 Fees
- 6-9-6 Plans Required
- 6-9-7 Location of Structure
- 6-9-8 Front Yard Requirements
- 6-9-9 Side Yard Requirements
- 6-9-10 Rear Yard Requirements

- 6-9-11 Special Requirements for
- Residences
- 6-9-12 Variances
- 6-9-13 Fences
- 6-9-14 Curb Cuts
- 6-9-15 Authority of City Council
- 6-9-16 Permit Issued
- 6-9-17 Limitations on Permit

6-9-1 PURPOSE.

The purpose of this chapter is to provide the City Council notice of the type of structure, the kind of construction, the location of any structure to be erected or added within the corporation, the location of any structure on any specific lot within the corporation and to provide reasonable rules for the erection, reconstruction, altering and repair of all kinds of structures.

6-9-2 STRUCTURE DEFINED.

Anything constructed or erected with a fixed location on the ground that protrudes above the ground or surface level of a parcel of property. Structures include, but are not limited to, buildings, walls, fences, billboards, aboveground storage tanks and similar uses.

6-9-3 PERMIT REQUIRED.

No structure shall be erected, reconstructed, altered or added to without first securing a permit from the City Council.

6-9-4 APPLICATION.

All requests for a building permit shall be submitted to the City Clerk on forms supplied by the City and accompanied with the appropriate fee for such permit.

6-9-5 FEES.

There shall be no permit fees for structures under \$6,500 in value. There shall be a permit fee of \$100 for all structures over \$6,500 in value. If a permit is rejected the fee shall be returned to the applicant.

6-9-6 PLANS REQUIRED.

Plans and specifications of any proposed structure shall be filed with the application for the permit.

6-9-7 LOCATION OF STRUCTURE.

A complete showing and description of the real estate involved and the location of the structure on the real estate shall be filed with the application. The perimeter of the structure shall be staked prior to submitting an application.

6-9-8 FRONT YARD REQUIREMENTS.

There shall be a front yard of not less than ten (10) feet.

6-9-9 SIDE YARD REQUIREMENTS.

No building shall be erected closer than five (5) feet to either side lot line, except in the business district where no side yard is required.

6-9-10 REAR YARD REQUIREMENTS.

There shall be a rear yard provided for each structure of not less than ten (10) feet or twenty percent (20%) of the depth of the lot, whichever amount is smaller, except in the business district where no rear yard is required.

6-9-11 SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS FOR RESIDENCES.

Any structure which is to be a residence for living shall meet the following special requirements.

1. All residences shall have a permanent perimeter foundation & be connected to the City Water & Sewer Systems.

6-9-12 VARIANCES.

The city council may grant a variance to section 6-9-8, 6-9-9, and 6-9-10 where the setback requirements would cause a hardship on the property owner.

6-9-13 FENCES.

There shall be a setback requirement of five (5) feet from the property line for the construction of a fence.

6-9-14 CURB CUTS.

No curb cut shall be constructed or permitted without first obtaining a building permit.

6-9-15 AUTHORITY OF CITY COUNCIL.

The City Council shall have full authority to accept or reject any plans and specifications submitted.

6-9-16 PERMIT ISSUED.

Permits shall be issued by the City Clerk in duplicate, one copy for the applicant and one copy to be retained in the city records.

6-9-17 LIMITATIONS ON PERMIT.

In the event that construction covered by a permit is not initiated and underway within one year from the date of issuance of a permit, such permit shall be deemed void and of no effect. All permits shall expire and be void twelve (12) months after issuance by the City Clerk. If construction is not completed a new application and fee must be submitted.

TITLE VI PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT

CHAPTER 10 SEWER RATES

Section 1. There shall be and there is hereby established a sewer service charge for the use of and for the service supplied by the municipal sanitary sewer utility based upon the amount and rate of water consumed as follows:

First 2,000 gallons of water	\$16.00 per month
(or any part thereof)	(minimum bill)
All gallons over 2,000	\$2.50 per thousand

\$2.50 per thousand (\$0.25 per 100 gallons (or part thereof)

In no case shall the minimum service charge be less than \$16.00 per month, which is necessary to retire the indebtedness, operating and maintenance, and reserve necessary for maintaining the sanitary sewer facility.

Customers of the sanitary sewer facility, who are not also customers of the municipal water system, shall pay a minimum charge of \$16.00 per month.

Service to industrial establishments may be by contract if the municipality deems this to be in its best interest.

Section 2. Bills for the rates and charges as herein established by the town shall be sent monthly. All bills shall be payable on the first day of the month following the period of service and shall be paid at the office of the city clerk. If any charge for the services of the system shall not be paid by the 15th day of the month in which it shall become due and payable, a charge of ten percent (10%) of the amount of the bill shall be added thereto and collected therewith. If any bills for the service of the sewer system shall remain unpaid after 30 days following the rendition of the bill therefor, the water supply for the lot, parcel of land or premise affected shall be cut off and shall not be turned on again except on payment in full of the delinquent charges therefor.

Section 3. The service charges for sanitary sewer service to customers not being supplied water by a municipal water system will be due and payable on the first day of each month.

Section 4. Applications for sewer service shall be filed with the clerk upon a form to be supplied by the municipality. The application shall state the name of the applicant and the premises to be served. All applications filed after the commencement of the operation of the system shall be accompanied by a fee of \$250.00 payable to the municipality, for the connection charge.

Section 5. The owner of the premises served and the occupant thereof and the user of the sanitary sewer service shall be jointly and severally liable for the sewer service provided said premises.

Section 6. It is hereby made the duty of the council to render bills for sewer service and all other charges in connection therewith and to collect all moneys due therefrom.

Section 7. All sewer charges levied pursuant to the ordinance constitute a lien upon the premises charged therewith and if the same are not paid within sixty days after due date, the charges shall be certified to the County Auditor who shall place the same on the tax duplicate and the charges or penalties allowed by law shall be collectible as other municipal taxes.

Section 8. All revenues and moneys derived from the operation of the sewer system shall be paid to and held by the municipality separate and apart from all other funds of the municipality and all of said sums and all other funds and moneys incident to the operation of said system, as may be delivered to the municipality, shall be deposited in a separate fund designated the "Sanitary Sewer Fund Account" and said council shall administer said fund in every respect in a manner provided by the Code of Iowa and all other laws pertaining thereto.

Section 9. The municipality shall establish a proper system of accounts and shall keep proper records, books and accounts in which complete and correct entries shall be made of all transactions relative to the sewer system and at regular annual intervals the council shall cause to be made an audit by an independent auditing concern of the books to show the receipts and disbursements of the sewer system.

TITLE VI PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT

CHAPTER 11 WATER RATES

Section 1. That there shall be and there are hereby established rates and charges for the use of and for the service supplied by the Municipal Water System of the Town of Stockport, based upon the meter reads of the amount of water consumed as follows:

First 0 – 2,000 gallons	\$18.00 (minimum bill)
2,001 – 50,000 gallons	\$5.00 per thousand (\$0.50 per 100 gallons (or part thereof)

Over 50,000 gallons

\$3.00 per thousand (\$0.30 per 100 gallons (or part thereof)

Section 2. Bills for the rates and charges as herein established by the town shall be sent monthly. All bills shall be payable on the first day of the month following the reading of the meters and shall be paid at the office of the Clerk of the town. If any charge for the services of the system shall not be paid by the 15th day of the month in which it shall become due and payable, a delayed payment charge of ten percent (10%) of the amount of the bill shall be added thereto and collected therewith. If any bills for the service of the water system shall remain unpaid by the 30th day of the month in which it shall become due and payable, the water supply for the lot, parcel of land, or premises affected shall be cut off and shall not be turned on again except on payment in full of the delinquent charges therefor, in addition to the payment charge for reconnection as follows: 1st occurrence: \$25.00, 2nd occurrence: \$50.00, 3rd & subsequent occurrences (within 12 months): \$100.00

Section 3. Applications for new construction of water service shall be filed with the town Clerk upon a form to be supplied by the town. The application shall state the name of the applicant and the premises to be served. All applications filed after the commencement of the operation of the water system shall be accompanied by a fee of \$150.00, payable to the City of Stockport, for the connection charge.

Section 4. The owner of the premises served and the occupant thereof and the user of the water service shall be jointly and severally liable for the water service provided said premises. A deposit of \$55.00 shall be required. Such deposit shall be applied to any bill for water service delinquent more than 10 days. Upon the disconnection of the water service, any balance of such deposit shall be returned to the applicant without interest.

Section 5. It is hereby made the duty of the town clerk to render bills for water service and all other charges in connection therewith and to collect all moneys due therefrom.

Section 6. All revenues and moneys derived from the operation of the water system shall be paid to and held by the town clerk separate and apart from all other funds of the town and all of said sums and all other funds and moneys incident to the operation of said system, as may be

delivered to the town clerk, shall be deposited in a separate fund designated the "Waterworks Fund Account" and said Town clerk shall administer and fund in every respect in a manner provided by the Code of Iowa and all other laws pertaining thereto.

Section 7. The Town of Stockport shall establish a proper system of accounts and shall keep proper records, books and accounts in which complete and correct entries shall be made of all transactions relative to the water system and at regular annual intervals the town council shall cause to be made an audit by an independent audit concern of the books to show the receipts and disbursements of the water system.

TITLE VII SPECIAL ORDINANCES

CHAPTER 2 NATURAL GAS FRANCHISE

(KNOWN AS ORDINANCE NO. 070317-2 TO ALLIANT ENERGY)

An ordinance repealing ordinance No. 92-7, and granting to Interstate Power and Light Company, its successors and assigns, a non-exclusive twenty-five year franchise to acquire, construct, erect, maintain and operate plant and systems for distribution of natural gas in the City of Stockport, Iowa and to sell, distribute, and supply natural gas to said City and its inhabitants, and requiring said company to pay a franchise fee to the City.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE City Council of the City of Stockport, Van Buren County, Iowa, hereinafter referred to as the "City":

Section 1. There is hereby granted to Interstate Power and Light Company, hereinafter referred to as the "Company", its successors and assigns, the right, privilege and non-exclusive franchise for the term of twenty-five (25) years from and after the passage, adoption, approval and acceptance of this Ordinance, to lay down, maintain and operate the necessary pipes, mains and other conductors and appliances in, along and under the streets, avenues, alleys and public places in the City as now or hereafter constituted, for the purpose of distributing, supplying and selling gas to said City and the residents thereof and to persons and corporations beyond the limits thereof; also the right of eminent domain as provided in Section 364.2 of the Code of Iowa. The term "gas" as used in this franchise shall be construed to mean natural gas only.

Section 2. The mains and pipes of the company must be so placed as not to interfere unnecessarily with water pipes, drains, sewers and fire plugs which have been or may hereafter be placed in any street, alley and public places in said City nor unnecessarily interfere with the proper use of the same, including ordinary drainage, or with the sewers, underground pipe and other property of the city. The company, it's successors and assigns shall hold the city free and harmless from all damages arising from the negligent acts or omissions of the Company in the laying down, operation and maintenance of said natural gas distribution system.

Section 3. In making any excavations in any street, alley, or public place, company, it's successors and assigns, shall protect the site while work is in progress by guards, barriers or signals, shall not unnecessarily obstruct the use of the streets, and shall backfill all openings in such manner as to prevent settling or depressions and surface, pavement or sidewalk of such excavations with same materials, restoring the condition as nearly as practical. The company shall not be required to restore or modify public right of way, sidewalks or other areas in or adjacent to the company project to a condition superior to its immediate previously existing condition.

Section 4. The company shall, at its cost, locate and relocate it's existing facilities or equipment in, on, over or under any public street or alley in the city in such a manner as the city may at any time reasonably require for the purposes of facilitating the construction, reconstruction maintenance or repair of the street or alley or any public improvement there of, and or about any such street or alley or reasonably promoting the efficient operation of any such an improvement. If the city requires the company to relocate facilities in the public right of way that have been relocated at company expense at the direction of the city during the previous 10 years, the reasonable cost of such relocation will be paid by the city.

If the city orders or request the company to relocate its existing facilities or equipment for any reason other than as specified above, or as the result of the initial request for a commercial, private or other non-public development, the company shall receive payment for the cost of such related relocation as a precondition to really relocating its existing facilities or equipment.

The city shall consider reasonable alternatives in designing it's public works projects so as not arbitrarily to cause the company unreasonable additional expense in exercising its authority under the section. The city shall also provide a reasonable or alternative location for the company's facilities as part of its relocation request.

Section 5. Prior to the city abandoning or vacating any street, Avenue, alley or public ground where the company has gas facilities, the city shall grant of the company a utility easement for seven facilities. If the city does not grant the company a utility easement for side facilities prior to abandoning or vacating a street, Avenue, alley or public place, the city shall at its cost and expense obtain easements for existing company facilities.

Section 6. Said company, it's successors and assigns, shall throughout the term of the franchise distribute to all consumers Gas of good quality and shall furnish an interrupted service, except as interruptible service may be specifically contracted for with consumers; provided, however, that any prevention of service caused by fire, active God or unavoidable event or accident shall not be a breach of this condition if the company resume service as quickly as is reasonably practical after the happening of the act causing the interruption.

Section 7. There is hereby impose a franchise fee of 0% upon the gross revenue generated from sales of natural gas by the company within the corporate limits of the city. The company shall begin collecting the franchise fee upon receipt of written approval of the required tax rider tariff from the Iowa utilities board.

The amount of the franchise fee shall be shown separately on the utility bill to each customer. The company shall remit franchise fee receipts to the city no more frequently than on or before the last business day of the month following each calendar year quarter.

The company shall not, under any circumstances be required to return or refund any franchise fees that have been collected from customers and remitted to the city. In the event the company is required to provide data or information in defense of the cities imposition of franchise fees or the company is required to assist the city and identifying customers or calculating any franchise fee refunds for groups of or individual customers the city shall reimburse the company for the expenses incurred by the company to provide such data or information.

Section 8. The term of the franchise granted by this ordinance and the rights granted there under shall continue for the period of twenty-five (25) years from and after it's written acceptance by the company. The acceptance shall be filed with the city clerk within 90 days from passage of this ordinance.

Section 9. If any section or provision of this ordinance is held invalid by a quart of competent jurisdiction, such holding shall not affect the validity of any other provisions of this ordinance which can be given effect without the invalid portion or portions into this and each section and provision of this ordinance is severable.

Section 10 the expense of the publication of this ordinance shall be paid by the company.

Section 11 this ordinance sets forth and constitutes the entire agreement between the company and the city with respect to the rights contained herein, and may not be supplemented, superseded, modified or otherwise amended without the approval and acceptance of the company. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in no event shall the city and act or maintain any ordinance or place any limitations either operationally or through the assessment of fees that create additional burdens upon the company, or which delay utility operations.

Passed and Adopted by the Stockport City Council on the 3rd day of July, 2017.

Signed by Mayor, Jerry Leathers. Attest: City Clerk, Haylee Stecker.

Originally Ordinance No. 070317-2 Adopted by City on July 3rd, 2017. Proof of publication – Van Buren County Register on August 3rd, 2017. Accepted by Interstate Power & Light Company on August 8th, 2017. Acceptance filed by the City on August 14th, 2017.

NATURAL GAS FRANCHISE 7-1

TITLE VII SPECIAL ORDINANCES

CHAPTER 2 ELECTRIC FRANCHISE

(KNOWN AS ORDINANCE NO. 070317-1 TO ALLIANT ENERGY)

An ordinance repealing ordinance No. 05-05, and granting to Interstate Power and Light Company, its successors and assigns, a non-exclusive twenty-five year franchise to acquire, construct, erect, maintain and operate an electric system in the City of Stockport, Iowa and to furnish and sell electric energy to the City and its inhabitants, and requiring said company to pay a franchise fee to the City.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE City Council of the City of Stockport, Van Buren County, Iowa, hereinafter referred to as the "City":

Section 1. There is hereby granted to Interstate Power and Light Company, hereinafter referred to as the "Company", its successors and assigns, the right and non-exclusive franchise to acquire, construct, reconstruct, erect, maintain and operate in the City, works and plants for the manufacture and generation of electricity and a distribution system for electric light, heat and power and the right to erect and maintain the necessary poles, lines, wires, conduits and other appliances for the distribution of electric current along, under and upon the streets, alleys and public places in the said City to supply individuals, corporations, communities, and municipalities both inside and outside of said City with electric light, heat and power for the period of twenty-five (25) years; also the right of eminent domain as provided in Section 364.2 of the Code of Iowa.

Section 2. The poles, lines, wires, circuits, and other appliances shall be placed and maintained so as not to unnecessarily interfere with the travel on said streets, alleys, and public places in said City no unnecessarily interfere with the proper use of the same, including ordinary drainage, or with the sewers, underground pipe and other property of the City. The said Company, its successors and assigns shall hold the City free and harmless from all damages to the extent arising from the negligent acts or omissions of the Company in the erection or maintenance of said system.

Section 3. In making any excavations in any street, alley, or public place, Company, its successors and assigns, shall protect the site while work is in progress by guards, barriers or signals, shall not unnecessarily obstruct the use of the streets, and shall back fill all openings in such manner as to prevent settling or depressions in surface, pavement or sidewalk of such excavations with same materials, restoring the condition as nearly as practical. The Company shall not be required to restore or modify public right of way, sidewalks or other areas in or adjacent to the Company project to a condition superior to its immediate previously existing condition.

Section 4. The Company shall, at its cost, locate and relocate its existing facilities or equipment in, on, over or under any public street or alley in the City in such a manner as the City may at any time reasonably require for the purposes of facilitating the construction, reconstruction, maintenance or repair of the street or alley or any public improvement thereof, in or about any such street or alley or reasonably promoting the efficient operation of any such improvement. If the City requires the Company to relocate facilities in the public right of way that have been relocated at Company expense at the direction of the City during the previous ten years, the reasonable costs of such relocation will be paid by the City.

If the City orders or requests the Company to relocate its existing facilities or equipment for any reason other than as specified above, or as the result of the initial request for a commercial, private or other non-public development, the Company shall receive payment for the cost of such relocation as a precondition to relocating its existing facilities or equipment.

The City shall consider reasonable alternatives in designing its public works projects so as not arbitrarily to cause the Company unreasonable additional expense in exercising its authority under this section.

The City shall also provide a reasonable alternative location for the Company's facilities as part of its relocation request.

Section 5. Prior to the City abandoning or vacating any street, avenue, alley or public ground where the Company has electric facilities, the City shall grant the Company a utility easement for said facilities. If the City does not grant the Company a utility easement for said facilities prior to abandoning or vacating a street, avenue, alley or public place, the City shall at its cost and expense obtain easements for existing Company facilities.

Section 6. The Company is authorized and empowered to prune or remove at Company expense any tree extending into any street, alley or public grounds to maintain electric reliability, safety, to restore utility service and to prevent limbs, branches or trunks from interfering with the wires and facilities of the Company. The pruning and removal of trees shall be performed in accordance with Company's then current line clearance vegetation plan as filed and approved by the Iowa Utilities Board, as well as all applicable codes and standards referenced therein.

Section 7. During the term of this franchise, the Company shall furnish electric energy in accordance with the applicable regulations of the Iowa Utilities Board and the Company's tariffs. The Company will maintain compliance with Iowa Utilities Board regulatory standards for reliability.

Section 8. Service to be rendered by the Company under this franchise shall be continuous unless prevented from doing so by fire, acts of God, unavoidable accidents or casualties, or reasonable interruptions necessary to properly service the Company's equipment, and in such event service shall be resumed as quickly as is reasonably possible.

Section 9. There is hereby imposed a franchise fee of zero percent (0%) upon the gross revenue generated from sales of the electricity by the Company within the corporate limits of the City. The Company shall begin collecting the franchise fee upon receipt of written approval of the required tax rider tariff from the Iowa Utilities Board.

The amount of the franchise fee shall be shown separately on the utility bill to each customer. The Company shall remit franchise fee receipts to the City no more frequently than on or before the last business day of the month following each calendar year quarter.

The Company shall not, under any circumstances be required to return or refund any franchise fees that have been collected from customers and remitted to the City. In the event the Company is required to provide data or information in defense of the City's imposition of franchise fees or the Company is required to assist the City in identifying customers or calculating any franchise fee refunds for groups of or individual customers the City shall reimburse the Company for the expenses incurred by the Company to provide such data or information.

Section 10. The term of the franchise granted by this Ordinance and the rights granted thereunder shall continue for the period of twenty-five (25) years from and after written acceptance by the Company. The acceptance shall be filed with the City Clerk within ninety (90) days from passage of this Ordinance.

Section 11. If any section or provision of this ordinance is held invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, such holding shall not affect the validity of any other provisions of this ordinance which can be given effect without the invalid portion or portions and to this end each section and provision of this ordinance is severable.

Section 12. The expense of the publication of this Ordinance shall be paid by the Company.

Section 13. This Ordinance sets forth and constitutes the entire agreement between the Company and the City with respect to the rights contained herein, and may not be supplemented, superseded, modified or otherwise amended without the written approval and acceptance of the Company. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in no event shall the City enact or maintain any Ordinance or place any limitations, either operationally or through the assessment of fees other than those approved and accepted by the Company within this Ordinance, that create additional burdens upon the Company, or which delay utility operations.

Passed and Adopted by the Stockport City Council on the 3rd day of July, 2017.

Signed by Mayor, Jerry Leathers. Attest: City Clerk, Haylee Stecker.

Originally Ordinance No. 070317-1 Adopted by City on July 3rd, 2017. Proof of publication – Van Buren County Register on August 3rd, 2017. Accepted by Interstate Power & Light Company on August 8th, 2017. Acceptance filed by the City on August 14th, 2017.

ELECTRIC FRANCHISE 7-2

TITLE VII SPECIAL ORDINANCES

CHAPTER 3 LAW ENFORCEMENT SERVICES CONTRACT

On this 23rd day of February, 2015, the City of Stockport, Iowa: hereinafter "The City" and Van Buren County, iowa, hereinafter "The County" agrees as follows:

- 1. APPLICABLE LAW: This agreement is made and entered into by the parties pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 28E of the Code of Iowa. In any dispute arising under this agreement, applicable laws of the State of Iowa shall govern.
- 2. DURATION: The law enforcement services provided herein shall commence on the first day of July, 2015, and shall be perpetual, unless sooner terminated pursuant to the provisions hereof, or modified by the mutual consent of the parties hereto.
- 3. DUTIES OF THE COUNTY: acting through its duly elected, qualified and acting Sheriff, together with his or her Sheriff's department, shall provide the City general law enforcement assistance, including but not limited to regular intermittent patrol, crime detection, crime prevention, crime scene identification work, witness interview, and such other functions as are necessary and appropriate to provide law enforcement protection to the citizens and property of said city. The Sheriff's Office shall make determination of which law enforcement situations require and officer's immediate presence. Any call that does not require an officer's immediate presence will have a reasonable response time. In fulfilling any duties under this Agreement, the Sheriff, or his deputy, shall have the right to call upon other persons or law enforcement agencies for assistance including but not limited to, the Iowa Division of Criminal Investigation.
 - a. The Sheriff's Office will not enforce any City Ordinances but will assist any City official with the enforcement of any City Ordinance if the act City Official feels it is necessary to have a member of the Sheriff's Office present with them for safety reasons. The sheriff or his designee shall accompany the City Official in their enforcement of the City Ordinance.
 - b. The Sheriff's office shall be on call to provide service twenty-four (24) hours per day, every day of the year, but shall not be required to spend any specific number of hours per week in the City.
- 4. FINANCING:
 - a. The City shall remit to the County to defray the costs of providing services under this Agreement billable sums on a quarterly basis. Amounts per capita effective for the 2016FY shall be calculated as follows:
 - b. City financing for Law Enforcement services within the incorporated cities of Van Buren County, Iowa, is set by calculating a per capita rate, using the latest federal

census, by dividing the total cost to the County of one deputy Sheriff (including, but not limited to, average salary of one deputy, associated IPERS/SS, insurances, education/training, uniforms, vehicle and associated vehicle costs) by the total population of all incorporated cities within the County. The parties acknowledge that periodic increases in the fee for services to be paid by the City are to be expected, but any such increase shall be limited to the demonstrable increase in costs incurred by the County or Sheriff in fulfilling the terms of this Agreement. In any event, annual increases beginning with the 2017FY shall not exceed 5% in any one fiscal year, except with the approval of the City.

- c. The first quarterly payment shall be due on the 15th day of July. The second quarterly payment shall be due on the 15th day of October. The third quarterly payment shall be due on the 15th day of January. The fourth quarterly payment shall be due on the 15th day of April.
- d. Such payments shall be due as herein stated and shall be timely paid without demand required.
- 5. ANNUAL REVIEW: In December of each year, or at such time as is otherwise mutually agreed by the by the parties, the Sheriff, a designee of the Board of Supervisors, the Mayor and a designee of the city council shall meet and confer to discuss all aspects of this Agreement and any necessary or appropriate amendments or adjustments to this Agreement to become effective the following fiscal year.
- 6. PROPERTY OWNERSHIP: Property held and used by the County in carrying out provisions of this Agreement shall be owned by the County.
- 7. TERMINATION OF AGREEMENT: As stated above, this Agreement is perpetual and shall continue from year to year unless sooner terminated by the parties or modified by their mutual agreement. In order to facilitate the perpetuation of a budget, each party shall make reasonable effort to give written notice to the other party prior to December 1st of the current year of any tentative intent to request modification or termination of the Agreement.
 - a. In any event, each party shall have the right to terminate this Agreement for the upcoming fiscal year if they provide written notice of said termination to the other party before February 15th of the current year, and such termination shall be effective the following June 30th. The County shall notify the City as soon as possible each year and in any event no later than February 5th regarding the anticipated costs for the following fiscal year.
 - b. In the event either the County or the City fails to perform its obligation under this Agreement, the other party shall give to the non-performing or breaching party written notice of the claimed non-performance or breach. If the non-performance or breach is not cured within thirty (30) days of the receipt of the notice, the party

claiming a breach or non-performance may terminate this Agreement by written notice to the other party.

8. SALARY/LIABILITY/WORKERS' COMPENSATION: The County shall be responsible for the payment of salary, wages, and/or any other compensation or benefits to the County employees providing services under this Agreement. The City shall not be responsible for providing liability or workers' compensation insurance and shall not be liable for compensation to any County employee for a workers' compensation claim for injury or sickness occurring as result of, or white, the County employee undertakes duties in fulfillment of this Agreement. The County is responsible for all workers' compensation and liability insurance to cover its employees and the actions of its employees.

9. LIABILITIES:

- a. The City shall not be called upon to assume any liability for the direct payment of any salaries, wages, or other compensation for any county personnel performing services hereunder for said City. The City shall not be liable for compensation or indemnity to any County employee for injury or sickness arising out of his or her employment, and the County hereby agrees to hold the City harmless against any such claim.
- b. The County, its officers and employees, shall not be deemed to assume any liability for intentional or negligent acts of the City, the City's officials or employees. Further the City shall hold the County and the County's officers and employees harmless there from, and shall defend the County and the County's officers and employers against any claim for damages resulting there from.
- c. The City, its officers and employees, shall not be deemed to assume any liability for intentional or negligent acts of the County, the County's officials or employees. Further the County shall hold the City and the City's officers and employees harmless there from, and shall defend the City and the City's officers and employers against any claim for damages resulting there from.
- 10. SEVERABILITY CLAUSE: If any portion of this Agreement shall be held unconstitutional or invalid for any reason, this decision shall not affect the remaining portions of this Ordinance not so declared unconstitutional or invalid.
- 11. REPEALER: All previous Law Enforcement Agreements by and between the County and the City are hereby repealed effective June 30th, 2015.
- 12. FILING OF AGREEMENT: In accordance with Chapter 28E, Code of Iowa, 2013, as amended, a copy of this agreement shall be filed with the Secretary of State and recorded with the Van Buren County Recorder.

Executed by the following parties on the following dates: Van Buren County Board of Supervisors: February 23rd, 2015 Van Buren County Sheriff: February 26th, 2015 City of Stockport: December 1st, 2014

TITLE VII SPECIAL ORDINANCES

CHAPTER 4 CONTRACT FOR REFUSE AND RECYCLING AGREEMENT

Contractor: Wemiga Waste

Customer: CITY OF STOCKPORT

Phone: 319-796-4308 OR 319-796-2135

Address: 212 S Main St., Stockport, IA 52651

<u>Contact</u>: City Hall – Annie or Haylee

Service: Weekly Curbside Residential Garbage & Bi Weekly recycling with City dumpsters included and either a Spring or Fall cleanup included. See addendum A.

Contract Term: Seven Year Agreement starts July 1st, 2020 thru June 30, 2027.

Container Options: (2) – 96gl. Carts provided for each household for trash & recycling.

Monthly Cost per Household: \$16.95 per month

Terms & Conditions

The Contractor agrees to provide and furnish the proper equipment for collection of solid waste and/or recyclables. One cleanup per year in included see addendum (A). The collected materials will be hauled to the approved disposal site and/or planning area. No hazardous waste will be collected and the customer will work with the contractor in this matter. The contractor will carry insurance for its equipment and its employees at all times. Customer acknowledges that the contractor is not responsible for damages occurred to the driving surface and/or pavement from which the contractor's equipment is travelling on. Contractor reserves the right to adjust rates based upon increases not under our control, i.e. disposal, recycling, fuel or local, state or federal guidelines. If new households or dwelling are built they would be added to the cost per month should they occur. Customer agrees to pay the contractor and Holidays will be adjusted by contractor, with notification to the customer. If the City does not want to re-new the contract they must notify the contractor 60 days prior to the end of the contract, via certified mail. It will renew for another 3 year term.

Signed by Lynn Whaley, Owner – Wemiga Waste – 3/31/2020Signed by Annie Buzzard, Mayor – City of Stockport – 4/13/2020

Addendum (A) and Acceptable Recycling Items – Attached (Next Page)

CONTRACT FOR REFUSE AND RECYCLING AGREEMENT 7-4

Addendum (A)

Spring or Fall Clean-Up

- List of Metal Items accepted during Cleanup: NO CHARGE Fridge Stove Microwave Water Heater Washer Dryer Bicycles Furnace Air Conditioner Wood Stove Mower ride or push Other metal items in reason: NO CARS – MOTORCYCLES – BULK BINS – ROLLS FARM WIRE
- List of trash & bulk items accepted during Cleanup: City pays disposal fee.

Box spring & mattress Couch or Love Seat Chair or Recliner Table or Bench Dresser or Nightstand Bed – head, foot and sides Window or door Any other large bulk items within reason. NO ASHES – CONCRETE – BRICKS – DIRT – ROCK – DEMO MATERIAL – SHINGLES. Remodeling projects cannot be set out to the curbside; residents must get a dumpster.

List of CRT items: Hauler will provide stickers @ \$20.00 each; the City will sell stickers & reimburse the hauler 1 – TV 1 – Computer Monitor

Bi-Weekly Recycling

Non-Accepted Items: Accepted Items: Plastic Bottles & Jugs #1-7 Glass Styrofoam **Newspapers Plastic Bags** Magazine **Computer Paper** Wood Cardboard Boxes (Non-Coated) Clothing **Batteries Tin & Aluminum Cans Carbon Paper/Film Needles** Wax-Coated Cardboard (Cereal & Soda Type-Boxes) (Full list of Items can be found at GRRWA.COM) Food 186

TITLE VII SPECIAL ORDINANCES

CHAPTER 5 SOLID WASTE FEES

Section 1.

There is hereby imposed, for the collection and disposal of solid waste, a service charge for each dwelling unit and each commercial establishment to which such service shall be provided under the provisions of this ordinance.

Residential Monthly Minimum Fee: (Disposal & Administrative)	\$ 3.00 (three dollars & no-cents)
Residential Monthly Fee for Collection: (Collection)	\$ 17.00 (seventeen dollars & no-cents)
Commercial Monthly Fee: (Collection & Disposal)	\$ 20.00 (twenty dollars & no-cents)

Residential customers who do not participate in the City's weekly collection services shall pay a minimum service charge, no less than: three-dollars (\$3.00) per month, which is necessary for the City to pay for the Van Buren County / Great River Regional Waste Association / landfill fees charged to the City, quarterly, per household count, as well as operating and supplies necessary for administrative services of the solid waste fees.

Residential & Commercial customers who participate in the City's weekly collection services shall pay the monthly minimum: three-dollars (\$3.00) + the monthly collection fee: seventeen-dollars (\$17.00), for a total of: twenty-dollars (\$20.00) monthly.

Section 2.

Bills for the rates and charges as herein established by the City shall be sent monthly. All bills shall be payable on the first day of the month following the period of service and shall be paid at the office of the City Clerk. If any charge for the services of the system shall not be paid 30 days following the rendition of the bill therefor, the garbage services for the lot, parcel of land or premises affected shall be cut off and shall not be turned on again except on payment in full of the delinquent charges therefor.